

Small enhancements you might have missed in z/OS

Edition 2018B

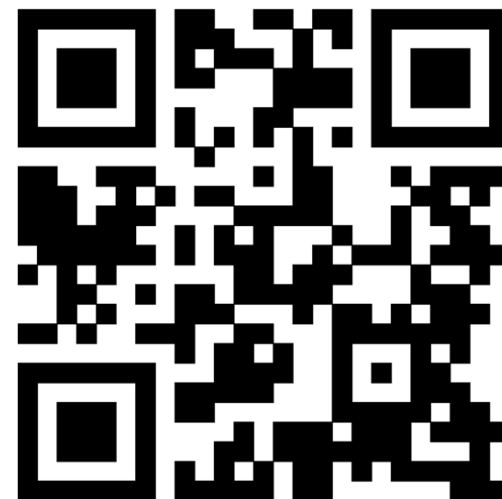
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z/OS Small Enhancements - Edition 2018B

- z/OS V2.3:
 - **RACF:** IRRPRMxx
 - (z/OS UNIX: BPXWMIGF facility – in handout)
- z/OS V2.2:
 - **z/OS UNIX:** True Random Number Generation for /dev/random
 - **z/OS UNIX:** zlsnf updates (with jsonprint)
 - **z/OS SDSF:** snapshot
 - **BCP PROGxx:** LPA Volser
 - **BCP Dynamic APF:** SMF 90-37
- z/OS V2.1:
 - **DFSMSdfp and ICKDSF:** Protection for initializing non-empty volumes
 - **DFSMSdss:** Renaming of VSAM physical data sets
- z/OS V1.13 and others:
 - **MVS:** Digging around in D LOGGER,C
- Older than the hills:
 - **ServerPac:** Full System Replace vs. Software Upgrade
 - **DFSMS:** REFUCB in DEVSUPxx (was in R13)



z/OS IBM Education Modules - V2R1, V2R2, and V2R3

On github! Very easy to find and download!
[www.github.com/IBM/IBM-Z-zos ...](https://www.github.com/IBM/IBM-Z-zos)

File/Folder	Commit Message	Time Ago
zOS-V2.1-Education	initial release	12 days ago
zOS-V2.2-Education	initial release	12 days ago
zOS-V2.3-Education	Add Comm Server V2.3 Overview	14 minutes ago
readme.md	initial release	12 days ago

IBM Education Assistance modules for the z/OS platform

This repository contains IBM® Education Assistance modules that you might find to be useful in learning about z/OS®.

z/OS V2R3

Little Enhancements

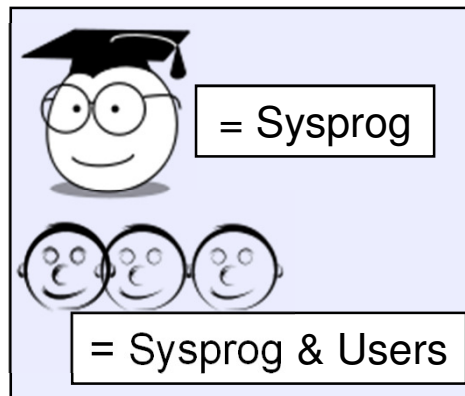


❖ **RACF: IRRPRMxx**

❖ Take an early peek pre-V2.3!



❖ (z/OS UNIX: BPXWMIGF facility – in handout)





What: Parmlib member for RACF data set name table and range table specification!

- `IEASYSxx RACF=yy`, points to your IRRPRMyy member(s)
 - Each section can be in its own member, but not split over two. Maximum of 3 members.
- You might have one less usermod!
- Accompanying V2.3 TSO command, **RACPRMCK** to verify syntax.

Considerations:

- The **DSNT2PRM** tool can help you create a new IRRPRMxx parmlib member.
 - Retrieve tool (and doc) from the RACF Downloads web site, <https://www-03.ibm.com/systems/z/os/zos/features/racf/downloads/dsn2prm.html>
 - Comments on tool should be directed to RACF-L mailing list.
- IRRPRMxx and RACPRMCK are available **on z/OS V2.3 and higher**.
 - DSNT2PRM + RACPRMCK = good practice.

z/OS V2.3:

RACF: IRRPRMxx

My trial run on z/OS V2.1...



Invocation of tool: `ex 'mwalle.clist(dsnt2prm)' 'mwalle.util.jobs2(dsnt2out)'`

DCU004I Generate PARMLIB data based on ICHRDSNT data.

of DS = 3

DCU005I Generate PARMLIB data based on ICHRRNG data.

Ranges = 3

DCU105I INFO: Verify the generated output using the RACPRMCK command.

DCU106W WARNING: DSNT2PRM running on V2R2 release or lower.

DCU104W WARNING: Using current in-storage Data Set Name Table values. These values may NOT match what you IPLed with.

DCU002W Successful execution of DSNT2PRM, with WARNINGS! Return code = 4

- I tried this on V2.1, just to see what my *possible* IRRPRMxx would look like for V2.3.
- In addition to in-memory, it can also take load module(s) as input!
- The “not matching” warning gives you a heads-up to any RVAR Y commands that might have been issued. Look carefully at the produced IRRPRMxx to make sure it is desirable.



Parmlib Member Output:

```
/* ----- */
--
-- This PARMLIB member was generated on 02/05/18
-- by the DSNT2PRM utility on system ST6.
--
-- In-Storage version of ICHRDSNT & ICHRRNG were used
-- to generate this PARMLIB member.
--
----- */
DATABASE_OPTIONS
/* ----- */
SYSPLEX(DATASHARING)
DATASETNAMETABLE
ENTRY
  PRIMARYDSN('SYS1.RACFP01')
  BACKUPDSN('SYS1.RACFB01')
  UPDATEBACKUP(ALL)
  BUFFERS(255)
ENTRY
  PRIMARYDSN('SYS1.RACFP02')
  BACKUPDSN('SYS1.RACFB02')
  UPDATEBACKUP(ALL)
  BUFFERS(255)
ENTRY
  PRIMARYDSN('SYS1.RACFP03')
  BACKUPDSN('SYS1.RACFB03')
  UPDATEBACKUP(ALL)
  BUFFERS(255)
```

```
/* ----- */
RANGETABLE
  START('00' HEX)
  ENTRYNUMBER(1)
  START('U71' CHAR)
  ENTRYNUMBER(2)
  START('U80' CHAR)
  ENTRYNUMBER(3)
```


z/OS V2.3:

RACF: IRRPRMxx



Sanity check vs. my trial run on V2.1:

```
RVARY LIST
RACF DATABASE STATUS:
ACTIVE USE NUM VOLUME DATASET
-----
YES PRIM 1 RACFS1 SYS1.RACFP01
YES BACK 1 RACFS1 SYS1.RACFB01
YES PRIM 2 RACFS1 SYS1.RACFP02
YES BACK 2 RACFS1 SYS1.RACFB02
YES PRIM 3 RACFS1 SYS1.RACFP03
YES BACK 3 RACFS1 SYS1.RACFB03
MEMBER ST6 IS SYSPLEX COMMUNICATIONS ENABLED & IN DATA SHARING MODE.
RVARY COMMAND HAS FINISHED PROCESSING.
```

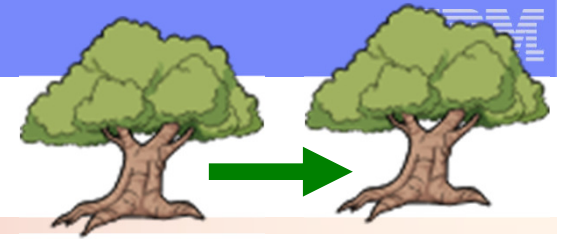
Re-ran DSNT2PRM on V2.3, then final verification before use, on V2.3:

```
Enter TSO or Workstation commands below:
==> racprmck member(testracf)
IRRY301I No errors found in PARMLIB member(s).
***
```

This command runs using the contents of the current parmlib concatenation member you say.

z/OS V2.3:

z/OS UNIX: BPXWMIGF facility



What: New tool for converting HFS to zFS for high availability file systems.

- Available from TSO, z/OS UNIX shell, and via SYSREXX (console)
- HFS does not need to be unmounted. Can be RO or RW.
- Two phases: 1) mirror data and maintain, 2) swap, when ready.

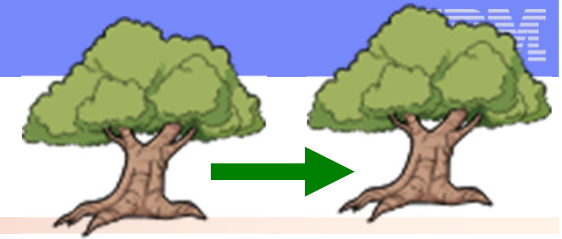
Many Considerations:

- all systems in OMVS group must be V2.3 – no downlevels,
- unmounting or moving ownership cancels migration,
- only HFS -> zFS, and only one migration at a time.
- Superuser or SUPERUSER.FILESYS.PFSCTL auth,
- ~~zFS must not be in the OMVS address space.~~ Restriction removed with OA53128!
- **Extreme caution to ensure new zFS is mounted after a swap and not the old HFS,**
- ...

Read about them in *z/OS UNIX: Planning*, and *z/OS UNIX Command Reference*.

z/OS V2.3:

z/OS UNIX: BPXWMIGF facility



How to use, one scenario:

At my /busyfs mountpoint, my HFS needs high availability:

```
___ -/home/mwalle          OS390AT.ZFS.MWALLE          ZFS
___  /home/mwalle/busyfs  MWALLE.BUSY.TESTFS          HFS
```

Where, the file “always.needed”:

```
Pathname . . . : /home/mwalle/busyfs/always.needed

General Data
File Type . . . : File
File Size . . . : 22063104
Links . . . . . : 1
Inode . . . . . : 4
File Format . . . : ----
Last Modified . . . : 2017/07/07 15:07:11
Last Changed . . . : 2017/07/07 15:07:11
Last Accessed . . . : 2017/07/07 15:07:11
Created . . . . . : 2017/07/07 15:07:11
CCSID . . . . . :
Text Convert . . . : NO

Mode Fields
Permissions . . . : 644
Set User ID . . . : NO
Set Group ID . . . : NO
Sticky Bit . . . . : NO

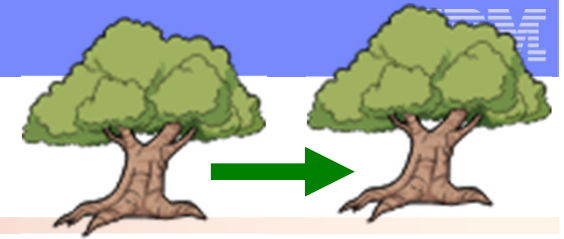
Extended Attributes
Shared AS . . . . : YES
APF Auth . . . . . : NO
Pgm Control . . . . : NO
Shared Lib . . . . . : NO

Audit
Auditor . . . . . : ---
User . . . . . : fff

Device Data
Device Number . . . : 1EC7
Major Device . . . . :
Minor Device . . . . . :
```

z/OS V2.3:

z/OS UNIX: BPXWMIGF facility



My zFS replacement is allocated, V5 formatted, is proper size, and is not mounted.

No migrations are ongoing for that HFS:

```
-F AXR,BPXWMIGF -QUERY  
BPXWMG017I no migrations found  
BPXWMG019I end of output
```

Example: as
SYSREXX
command

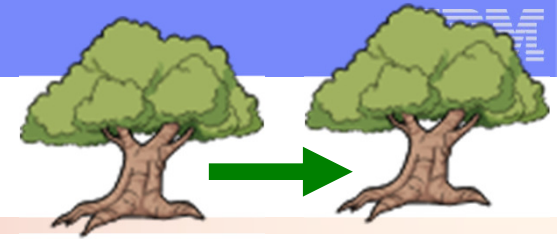
Try to migrate #1, without a swap when done. One system was downlevel.

```
# bpxwmigf -source mwalle.busy.testfs -target mwalle.busy.zfs-srename mwalle.bu  
y.old -trename mwalle.busy.new -noswap  
BPXWMG099I pfscctl error -1 79 11B30682  
BPXVFPCT 06/26/17  
JRMigDownLevel: A system in the sysplex is at a lower release level that does  
not support file system migration.  
  
Action: Retry the migration when the down-level system is not a member of the  
SYSBPX sysplex group.
```

Example: as shell
command

z/OS V2.3:

z/OS UNIX: BPXWMIGF facility



Query shows failure, and info on the attempted migration:

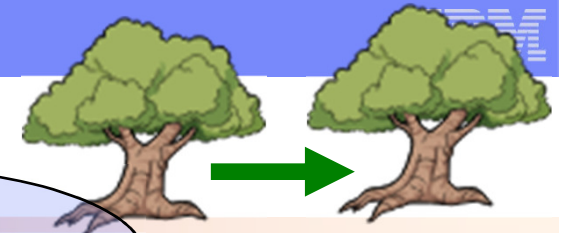
```
# bpxwmigf -query
MWALLE.BUSY.TESTFS
  status.....: failed at 22:15:35 07/06/2017 GMT
  failed reason: 11B30682 JRMigDownLevel: A system in the sysplex is at a lower
release level that does not support file system migration.
  started.....: 22:15:35 07/06/2017 GMT
  user.....:
  target name..:
  source rename: no
  rename target: no
  mount mode...: same
  mount parms..:

BPXWMG019I end of output
#
```

...(z/OS V2.2 system was then upgraded to V2.3.)

z/OS V2.3:

z/OS UNIX: BPXWMIGF facility



Example: as
TSO/E command

Try to migrate #2 :

```
ISPF Command Shell
Enter TSO or Workstation commands below:

===> BPXWMIGF -source mwalle.busy.testfs -target mwalle.busy.zfs -srename mwall
e.busy.old -trename mwalle.busy.new -noswap -priority 1
```

```
BPXWMG099I pfsctl error -1 79 11B30668
BPXVFPCT 06/26/17
JRMigNotLocal: The source file system is not mounted locally

Action: Move the file system so that it is mounted locally or initiate the
migration request from the owning system.
*** _
```

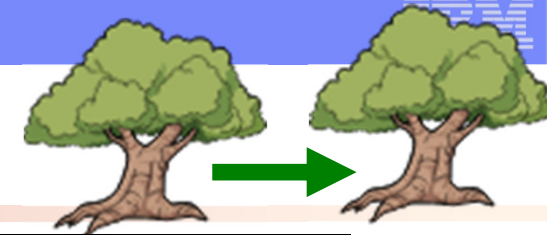
...logged onto the owning system. Try to migrate #3:

```
BPXWMG099I pfsctl error -1 79 11B30689
BPXVFPCT 06/26/17
JRMigNotColony: The target physical file system must be running in a colony
address space.
***
```

Advice: Make sure you have the PTF for OA53128 installed so that you can put zFS in the OMVS address space (V2.2), and use bpxwmigf.

z/OS V2.3:

z/OS UNIX: BPXWMIGF facility



Try to migrate #4 :

```
MWALLE.BUSY.TESTFS
status.....: mirroring 14% complete
started.....: 19:26:29 07/07/2017 GMT
user.....: MWALLE
```

```
*** _
target name..: MWALLE.BUSY.ZFS
source rename: MWALLE.BUSY.OLD
rename target: MWALLE.BUSY.NEW
mount mode...: same
mount parms...:
auto-swap....: no
priority.....: 1
```

Example: as
TSO/E command

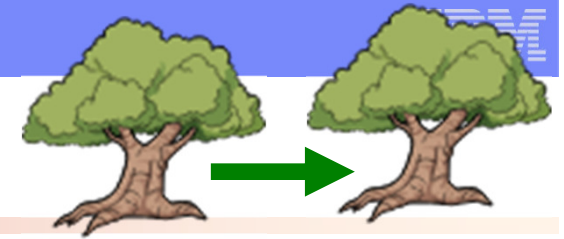
...finally a migration success! (Any error would have cancelled the migration)

```
-F AXR,BPXWMIGF -QUERY
MWALLE.BUSY.TESTFS
status.....: mirror complete at 19:26:29 07/07/2017 GMT
started.....: 19:26:29 07/07/2017 GMT
user.....: MWALLE
target name..: MWALLE.BUSY.ZFS
source rename: MWALLE.BUSY.OLD
rename target: MWALLE.BUSY.NEW
mount mode...: same
mount parms...:
auto-swap....: no
```

```
.
BPXWMG019I end of output
```

z/OS V2.3:

z/OS UNIX: BPXWMIGF facility



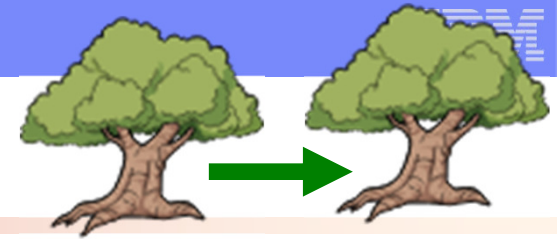
With OA53128, can only do one migration at a time:

```
# bpxwmigf -source mwalle.busy.testfs2 -target mwalle.busy.zfs2 -srenamemwalle.b
usy.old2 -trename mwalle.busy.new2 -noswap
BPXWMG099I pfsctl error -1 72 11AB0671
BPXVRGEX 11/30/17
JrMigAlreadyInProgress: Only one migration is allowed to be in progress at one
time.
Action: Retry after the current migration is complete.
#
```

```
MWALLE.BUSY.TESTFS
status.....: mirror complete at 19:26:29 07/07/2017 GM
started.....: 19:26:29 07/07/2017 GMT
user.....: MWALLE
target name..: MWALLE.BUSY.ZFS
source rename: MWALLE.BUSY.OLD
rename target: MWALLE.BUSY.NEW
```

z/OS V2.3:

z/OS UNIX: BPXWMIGF facility



Read to swap, do it:

```
# bpxwmigf -source mwalle.busy.testfs -swap
MWALLE.BUSY.TESTFS
status.....: swap initiated at 20:25:28 07/07/2017 GMT
started.....: 19:26:29 07/07/2017 GMT
user.....: MWALLE
target name..: MWALLE.BUSY.ZFS
source rename: MWALLE.BUSY.OLD
rename target: MWALLE.BUSY.NEW
mount mode...: same
mount parms..:
```

```
BPXWMG019I end of output
```

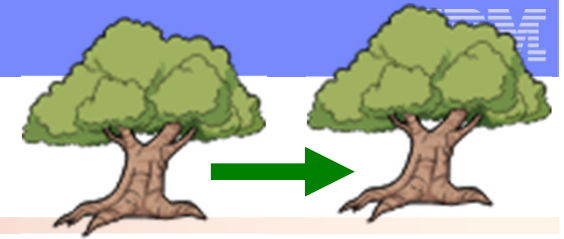
Access to the file system is very briefly quiesced during the swap, which is transparent to applications.

Now, I carefully verify that “rename target” data set is to mount correctly from now on in my BPXPRMxx or policies.

- Use of `-srename` helped me avoid mounting the old one.

z/OS V2.3:

z/OS UNIX: BPXWMIGF facility



Final verification:

```
-F AXR,BPXWMIGF -QUERY
MWALLE.BUSY.TESTFS2
status.....: mirror complete at 19:41:34 07/07/2017 GMT
started.....: 19:41:33 07/07/2017 GMT
user.....: BPXROOT
target name..: MWALLE.BUSY.ZFS2
source rename: MWALLE.BUSY.OLD2
rename target: MWALLE.BUSY.NEW2
mount mode...: same
mount parms..:
auto-swap....: no

.
MWALLE.BUSY.TESTFS
status.....: completed at 20:25:30 07/07/2017 GMT
started.....: 19:26:29 07/07/2017 GMT
user.....: MWALLE
target name..: MWALLE.BUSY.ZFS
source rename: MWALLE.BUSY.OLD
rename target: MWALLE.BUSY.NEW
mount mode...: same
mount parms..:

.
BPXWMG019I end of output
```

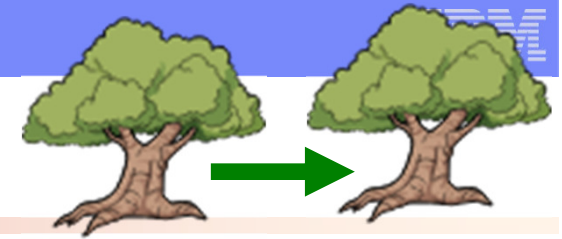
Example of another swap to do later

```
-MWALLE.BUSY.**
MWALLE.BUSY.NEW          /home/mwalle/busyfs
MWALLE.BUSY.TESTFS2     /home/mwalle/busyfs2
```

ZFS
HFS

z/OS V2.3:

z/OS UNIX: BPXWMIGF facility



And yet more verification:

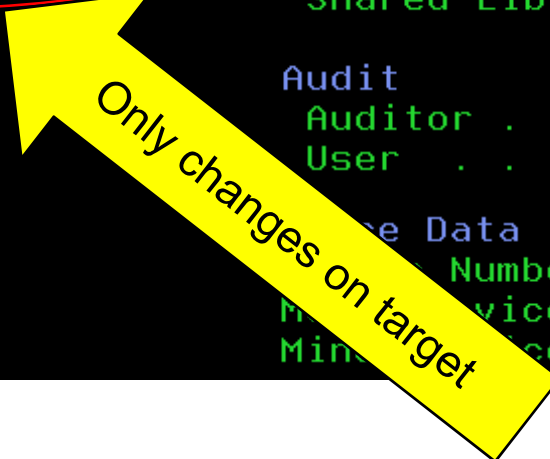
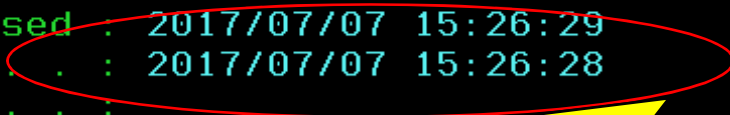
```
Pathname . . . : /home/mwalle/busyfs/always.needed

General Data                                     Mode Fields
File Type . . . : File                          Permissions . . : 644
File Size . . . : 22063104                       Set User ID . . : NO
Links . . . . . : 1                               Set Group ID . . : NO
Inode . . . . . : 4                               Sticky Bit . . . : NO
File Format . . : ----
Last Modified . : 2017/07/07 15:07:11             Extended Attributes
Last Changed . . : 2017/07/07 15:07:11           Shared AS . . . : YES
Last Accessed . . : 2017/07/07 15:26:29          APF Auth . . . . : NO
Created . . . . . : 2017/07/07 15:26:28         Pgm Control . . : NO
CCSID . . . . . :                               Shared Lib . . . : NO
Text Convert . . : NO

Owner
File . . . . . : MWALLE(9268)
Group . . . . . : OPERATOR(0)

Audit
Auditor . . . . : ---
User . . . . . : fff

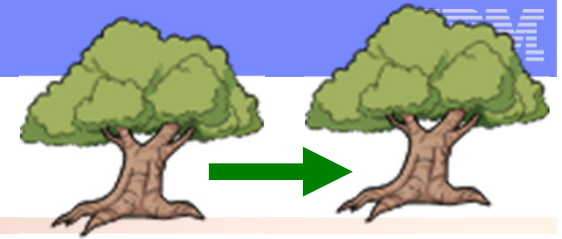
File Data
Number . . . . . : 1EC7
Device . . . . . :
Min . . . . . :
```



Only changes on target

z/OS V2.3:

z/OS UNIX: BPXWMIGF facility



Cancelling a migration, before swap is done:

```
Enter TSO or Workstation commands below:
```

```
==> BPXWMIGF -cancel mwalle.busy.testfs2
```

```
MWALLE.BUSY.TESTFS2
```

```
status.....: cancelled by MWALLE at 21:16:03 07/07/2017 GMT
```

```
started.....: 19:41:33 07/07/2017 GMT
```

```
user.....: BPXROOT
```

```
***
```

BPXWMIGF – query

indicates one cancelled, and one completed, as expected.

z/OS V2R2

Little Enhancements



❖ **z/OS UNIX: True Random Number Generation for /dev/random**



❖ **z/OS UNIX: zlsnf updates (with jsonprint)**



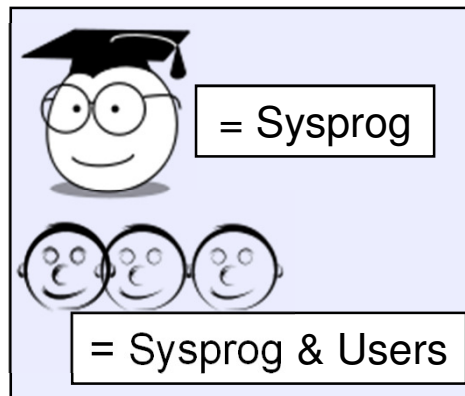
❖ **SDSF: snapshot**



❖ **BCP PROGxx: LPA Volser**



❖ **BCP Dynamic APF: SMF 90-37**



z/OS UNIX: True Random Number Generation for /dev/random

- **What:** Prior to z/OS V2R2 OA55437 and running pre-z14, usage of `/dev/random` and `/dev/urandom` required:
 - ICSF active, and
 - Users have authority to the CSFRNG service (or this verification turned off with definition in `XFACILIT` class of `CSF.CSFSERV.AUTH.CSFRNG.DISABLE`).
- With OA55437 and z14, z/OS UNIX will use the TRNG in the z14 hardware, not ICSF.
- **How to use:**
 - Install PTFs, and forgo the ICSF set up requirement for `/dev/random` and `/dev/urandom`.
- **Considerations:** PTFs closed 2 July 2018.





z/OS UNIX: zlsof updates

■ What:

- zlsof is a handy utility to look at open files, sockets, and pipes.
- Originally on the z/OS UNIX Tools and Toys website
- z/OS V2.1: moved into z/OS /bin and enhanced (for instance with lock holders and waiters when the byte range lock manager is used)
- z/OS V2.2 with OA55246: additional enhancements for extended processing information, and generate output in JSON format.

■ How to use:

- Install PTFs, and use new zlsof options `-x` and `-json`.



z/OS UNIX: zlsdf updates

Without using new functions:

```
$ zlsdf
zlsdf version=180606
Searching for all file usage
Command      PID User   File System          Mountpoint  Inode/file
-sh          50594018 MWALLE OMYS.ZFS.COMBAT.SYSPLEX.ROOT /           r 1
             OS390AT.ZFS.MWALLE  /home/mwalle c 1
             OMYS.TFS.DEV.CB88  /CB88/dev  8234 /dev/tty0001
             OMYS.TFS.DEV.CB88  /CB88/dev  8234 /dev/tty0001
             OMYS.TFS.DEV.CB88  /CB88/dev  8234 /dev/tty0001
             OMYS.TFS.DEV.CB88  /CB88/dev  8234 /dev/tty0001
             OS390AT.ZFS.MWALLE  /home/mwalle 32 /home/mwalle/.sh_history
OMYS         33816804 MWALLE OMYS.ZFS.COMBAT.SYSPLEX.ROOT /           r 1
             OS390AT.ZFS.MWALLE  /home/mwalle c 1
             OMYS41.ZFS.MYSBUILD.VERSION.CMRS41 /CMRS41     23642 /usr/lib/nls/msg/C/fsumucat.cat
             OMYS.TFS.DEV.CB88  /CB88/dev  8233 /dev/ptyp0001

zlsdf End of output
$
```

zlsdf default output for an unauthorized invoker consists of open file information for processes that are associated with the user. If the invoker is authorized, the default output consists of open file information for all processes in the system.



z/OS UNIX: zlsob updates

Using new `-x` option:

```
zlsob version=180606
Searching for all file usage
Command      PID User      File System      Mountpoint      Inode/file/process info
-sh          50594018 MWALLE(9268)
State: MULPROCESS

OMYS.ZFS.COMBAT.SYSPLEX.ROOT /
OS390AT.ZFS.MWALLE /home/mwalle
OMYS.TFS.DEV.CB8B /CB8B/dev
OMYS.TFS.DEV.CB8B /CB8B/dev
OMYS.TFS.DEV.CB8B /CB8B/dev
OMYS.TFS.DEV.CB8B /CB8B/dev
OMYS.ZFS.COMBAT.SYSPLEX.ROOT /
OS390AT.ZFS.MWALLE /home/mwalle
OMYS 33816804 MWALLE(9268)
OMYS.ZFS.COMBAT.SYSPLEX.ROOT /
OS390AT.ZFS.MWALLE /home/mwalle
OMYS41.ZFS.MYSBUILD.VERSION.CMRS41 /CMRS41
OMYS.TFS.DEV.CB8B /CB8B/dev

zlsob End of output
```

Extended process information for PID 50594018 (User MWALLE(9268)):

Inode	File/Process Info
r 1	/
c 1	/home/mwalle
rw 8234	/dev/tty0001
rw 8234	/dev/tty0001
rw 8234	/dev/tty0001
rw 8234	/dev/tty0001
32	/home/mwalle/.sh_history

Extended process information for PID 33816804 (User MWALLE(9268)):

Inode	File/Process Info
r 1	/
c 1	/home/mwalle
rd 23642	/usr/lib/nls/msg/C/fsumucat.cat
rw 8233	/dev/pty0001

Shows extended process information. The information includes UID with the user name, start time, elapsed time, CPU time, ppid, thread number, controlling TTY information, state of the process, and read/write open mode.



z/OS UNIX: zlsdf updates

Using new `-json` option:

```
zlsdf -json > myzlsdf.json; cat myzlsdf.json
{"utility": "zlsdf", "version": "180606", "request": "Searching for all file usage", "result": [{"command": "-sh", "commandLine": "-sh", "userId": "MWALLE", "uid": "9268", "job": "MWALLE", "asid": "10F", "pid": "50594018", "ppid": "33816804", "startTime": "1532382323", "cpuTime": "13", "contty": "\/dev\/tty0001", "threads": "1", "state": "MULPROCESS", "files": [{"type": "root", "openFlags": "0", "devno": "1", "fileSystem": "OMYS.ZFS.COMBAT.SYSPLEX.ROOT", "mountPath": "\/", "inum": "1", "diagName": null, "pathName": null}, {"type": "cwd", "openFlags": "0", "devno": "350", "fileSystem": "OS390AT.ZFS.MWALLE", "mountPath": "\/home\/mwalle", "inum": "1", "diagName": null, "pathName": null}, {"type": "charSpec", "openFlags": "35", "devno": "203", "fileSystem": "OMYS.TFS.DEV.CB8B", "mountPath": "\/CB8B\/dev", "inum": "8234", "diagName": "\/dev\/tty0001", "pathName": null}, {"type": "regularFile", "openFlags": "145", "devno": "350", "fileSystem": "OS390AT.ZFS.MWALLE", "mountPath": "\/home\/mwalle", "inum": "63", "diagName": "myzlsdf.json", "pathName": null}, {"type": "charSpec", "openFlags": "35", "devno": "203", "fileSystem": "OMYS.TFS.DEV.CB8B", "mountPath": "\/CB8B\/dev", "inum": "8234", "diagName": "\/dev\/tty0001", "pathName": null}, {"type": "charSpec", "openFlags": "35", "devno": "203", "fileSystem": "OMYS.TFS.DEV.CB8B", "mountPath": "\/CB8B\/dev", "inum": "8234", "diagName": "\/dev\/tty0001", "pathName": null}, {"type": "regularFile", "openFlags": "139", "devno": "350", "fileSystem": "OS390AT.ZFS.MWALLE", "mountPath": "\/home\/mwalle", "inum": "32", "diagName": "\/home\/mwalle\/.sh_history", "pathName": null}, {"type": "charSpec", "openFlags": "35", "devno": "203", "fileSystem": "OMYS.TFS.DEV.CB8B", "mountPath": "\/CB8B\/dev", "inum": "8234", "diagName": "\/dev\/tty0001", "pathName": null}], [{"command": "OMYS", "commandLine": "OMYS", "userId": "MWALLE", "uid": "9268", "job": "MWALLE", "asid": "10F", "pid": "33816804", "ppid": "1", "startTime": "1532382323", "cpuTime": "13", "contty": null, "threads": "2", "state": "MULPROCESS", "files": [{"type": "root", "openFlags": "0", "devno": "1", "fileSystem": "OMYS.ZFS.COMBAT.SYSPLEX.ROOT", "mountPath": "\/", "inum": "1", "diagName": null, "pathName": null}, {"type": "cwd", "openFlags": "0", "devno": "350", "fileSystem": "OS390AT.ZFS.MWALLE", "mountPath": "\/home\/mwalle", "inum": "1", "diagName": null, "pathName": null}, {"type": "regularFile", "openFlags": "2", "devno": "9", "fileSystem": "OMYS41.ZFS.MYSBUILD.VERSION.CHRS41", "mountPath": "\/CMRS41", "inum": "23642", "diagName": "\/usr\/lib\/nls\/msg\/VC\/fsu_mucat.cat", "pathName": null}, {"type": "charSpec", "openFlags": "7", "devno": "203", "fileSystem": "OMYS.TFS.DEV.CB8B", "mountPath": "\/CB8B\/dev", "inum": "8233", "diagName": "\/dev\/pty0001", "pathName": null}]}]}
$
```

Shows data in JSON forma.

Very good for programs, but I'm human...



z/OS UNIX: zlsf updates (with jsonprint)

Let's pair this with new "Client Web Enablement Toolkit" json pretty print capability in OA55438!

```
$ zlsf -json | /samples/jsonprint
{
  "utility"      : "zlsf"
  "version"     : "180606"
  "request"     : "Searching for all file usage",
  "result": [
    {
      "command"      : "ISRBRO"
      "commandLine"  : "ISRBRO "
      "userId"       : "MWALLE"
      "uid"          : "9268"
      "job"          : "MWALLE "
      "asid"         : "119"
      "pid"          : "50596768"
      "ppid"         : "1"
      "startTime"   : "1532453379"
      "cpuTime"     : "537"
      "contty"      : null,
      "threads"     : "3"
      "state"       : "MULPROCESS"
      "files": [
```



z/OS UNIX: zlsf updates

■ Considerations:

- Newer zlsf options opens up more opportunities to pull even more data into programs to help know who is using what, and what is in use by whom.
- zlsf can be invoked from shell, TSO/E, or as system REXX (`F AXR, ZLSOF`) command.
- Client Web Enablement Toolkit's json pretty print REXX is found:
 - `SYS1.SAMPLIB(HWTJSPRT)` for TSO/E.
 - `/samples/jsonprint` (which is `/samples/IBM/HWTJSPRT`) for shell.



SDSF: snapshot

- **What:**
 - SNAPSHOT allows you to display the data from an SDSF tabular panel in a browse or edit session.
 - You can then use SDSF's Print function to print it, or ISPF functions to copy it to a data set.
- **How to use, on any tabular panel:**
 - Format: `SNAPSHOT | SNAP (S | SB | SE | SV)`
- **Considerations:**
 - Nice if you wanted to do “fancier” ISPF commands, rather than simple sorting from the CK panel.

Thanks to Mike Shorkend for this suggestion!



SDSF: snapshot

Scenario: Find all the inactive z/OS migration health checks.

■ 1) SNAPSHOT SE

```

Display  Filter  View  Print  Options  Search  Help
-----
SDSF HEALTH CHECKER DISPLAY S1 LINE 1-17 (219)
COMMAND INPUT ==> snapshot se SCROLL ==> HAL
PREFIX=* DEST=(ALL) OWNER=MWALLE SORT=NAME/A SYSNAME=
NP  NAME                                CheckOwner  State  Sta
  ALLOC_ALLC_OFFFLN_POLICY             IBMALLOC    ACTIVE (ENABLED)  SUC
  ALLOC_SPEC_WAIT_POLICY               IBMALLOC    ACTIVE (ENABLED)  SUC
  ALLOC_TAPELIB_PREF                   IBMALLOC    ACTIVE (DISABLED) ENV
  ALLOC_TIOT_SIZE                       IBMALLOC    ACTIVE (ENABLED)  SUC
  ASM_LOCAL_SLOT_USAGE                 IBMASM      ACTIVE (ENABLED)  SUC
  ASM_NUMBER_LOCAL_DATASETS            IBMASM      ACTIVE (ENABLED)  SUC
  ASM_PAGE_ADD                         IBMASM      ACTIVE (ENABLED)  SUC
  ASM_PLPA_COMMON_SIZE                 IBMASM      ACTIVE (ENABLED)  SUC
  ASM_PLPA_COMMON_USAGE                IBMASM      ACTIVE (ENABLED)  SUC
  CATALOG_ATTRIBUTE_CHECK              IBMCATALOG  ACTIVE (ENABLED)  SUC
  CATALOG_IMBED_REPLICATE              IBMCATALOG  ACTIVE (ENABLED)  SUC
  CATALOG_RNLS                         IBMCATALOG  ACTIVE (ENABLED)  SUC
  CICS_CEDA_ACCESS                     IBMCICS     ACTIVE (ENABLED)  EXC

```



SDSF: snapshot

Scenario: Find all the inactive z/OS migration health checks.

■ 2) Search for migration checks; find those INACTIVE

```
SDSF EDIT *SNAP Columns 00001 00072
Command ==> x all;f zosmig all;x 'ACTIVE(ENABLED)' all Scroll ==> HALF
***** Top of Data *****
000001 NAME CheckOwner State
000002 ALLOC_ALLC_OFFLN_POLICY IBMALLOC ACTIVE(ENABLED)
000003 ALLOC_SPEC_WAIT_POLICY IBMALLOC ACTIVE(ENABLED)
000004 ALLOC_TAPELIB_PREF IBMALLOC ACTIVE(DISABLED)
000005 ALLOC_TIOT_SIZE IBMALLOC ACTIVE(ENABLED)
000006 ASM_LOCAL_SLOT_USAGE IBMASM ACTIVE(ENABLED)
000007 ASM_NUMBER_LOCAL_DATASETS IBMASM ACTIVE(ENABLED)
000008 ASM_PAGE_ADD IBMASM ACTIVE(ENABLED)
000009 ASM_PLPA_COMMON_SIZE IBMASM ACTIVE(ENABLED)
000010 ASM_PLPA_COMMON_USAGE IBMASM ACTIVE(ENABLED)
000011 CATALOG_ATTRIBUTE_CHECK IBMCATALOG ACTIVE(ENABLED)
000012 CATALOG_IMBED_REPLICATE IBMCATALOG ACTIVE(ENABLED)
000013 CATALOG_RNLS IBMCATALOG ACTIVE(ENABLED)
000014 CICS_CEDA_ACCESS IBMCICS ACTIVE(ENABLED)
000015 CICS_JOB SUB_SPOOL IBMCICS ACTIVE(ENABLED)
000016 CICS_JOB SUB_TDQINTRDR IBMCICS ACTIVE(ENABLED)
000017 CNZ_AMRF_EVENTUAL_ACTION_MSGS IBMCNZ ACTIVE(ENABLED)
```



SDSF: snapshot

Scenario: Find all the inactive z/OS migration health checks.

- **3) Save results**

```
SDSF EDIT *SNAP Columns 00001 00072
Command ==> create 'mwalle.sdsfsnap.inact.mighc' Scroll ==> HALF
***** Top of Data *****
- - - - - 216 Line(s) not Displayed
cc0217 ZOSMIGREC_ROOT_FS_SIZE IBMUSS INACTIVE(ENABLED)
00cc18 ZOSMIGREC_SUP_TIMER_INUSE IBMTIMER INACTIVE(ENABLED)
- - - - - 2 Line(s) not Displayed
***** Bottom of Data *****
```




- **What:** LPA statement in PROGxx (and SETPROG LPA and via CSVDYLPA) lets you identify the containing data set with volser
- **How to use:**
 - LPA ADD MOD (xxx) DSNAME (ddd) **VOLUME (vvv)**
 - SETPROG LPA, ADD, MOD=xxx, DSNAME=ddd, **VOLUME=vvv**
- **Considerations:** This appears STILL not to be documented. Sigh. Will try again to get that fixed.

Dynamic APF: SMF Record



- **What:** SMF record type 90 subtype 37 upon post-IPL APF update (ADD or DELETE)
- **How to use:**
 - PROGxx: APF ADD ... or APF DELETE ...
 - SETPROG APF,ADD,... or SETPROG APF,DELETE,...
 - SMFPRMxx: indicate to collect type 90 subtype 37 record
- **Information in the SMF record:**
 - Function: Add, Delete, DynFormat, StatFormat
 - Was the update via SETPROG, SET PROG, CSVAPF
 - Parmlib member suffix for the SET PROG case
 - Data set name
 - Volser
 - Time of update (STCK)
 - Jobname
 - Command Scheduling Control Block (CSCB)'s CHKEY field
 - Console ID of issuer (-1 for CSVAPF)
 - Utoken of issuer

Dynamic APF: SMF Record (cont)



■ z/OS V2R3 improvements:

- The RACF UTOKEN is stored in its “unencrypted format”
- The UserID within the UTOKEN is at offset x'98' in the data
- The console name is provided at offset x'A8'
- PROGxx supports **APFSMFALL**
 - When specified, the SMF record includes information about updates that are “already in the correct state”. Defaults to initial behavior of not placing “no change” cases in the SMF records
 - The record identifies this situation by a bit:
SMF90T37_AlreadyAsNeeded – the x'01' bit in byte SMF90T37Flags (offset 1)

z/OS V2R1

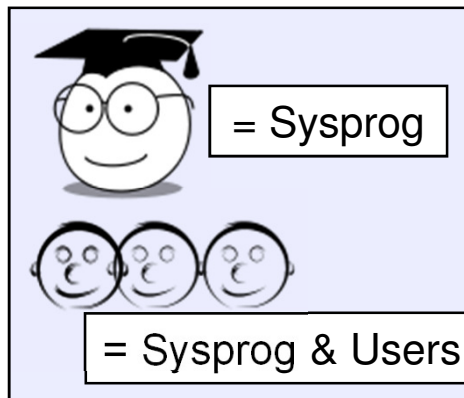
Little Enhancements



❖ **DFSMSdfp and ICKDSF: Protection for initializing non-empty volumes**



❖ **DFSMSdss: Renaming of VSAM physical data sets**





z/OS V2.1 with OA51084 and PI67283 (Sept 2016) and higher:

DFSMSdfp and ICKDSF: Protection for initializing non-empty volumes

■ What:

- ICKDSF had keyword `NODSEXIST` on the INIT command. This as a default was desired.
 - Means: if there are data sets on the volume (besides the index data set and VVDS), then you will not be allowed to initialize the volume.
- Now, DEVMAN support provides a system-wide value to be used for the ICKDSF default, via `DEVSUPxx`'s `ICKDSF_NODSEXIT=YES` or `NO`.
 - `YES` enables `NODSEXIST` to be defaulted for ICKDSF INIT.
 - Means: if device contains data sets, INIT is terminated. To override you have to now specify an ICKDSF `DSEXIST` keyword on the INIT.
 - `NO` disables `NODSEXIST` for ICKDSF INIT.
 - Means: if device contains data sets, INIT is not terminated.

■ Considerations:

- The `NODSEXIST` parameter will not be defaulted if an online INIT is attempted on a volume that has been initialized as a Data Facility Storage Management Subsystem (DFSMS) managed volume. If data sets other than the VTOC index data set or VVDS exist on a DFSMS managed volume, the command will be terminated.
- If `ICKDSF_NODSEXIST=NO` or `YES` is specified, an IEA253I message is logged at IPL or after a `SET DEVSUP=xx` command is issued. There is no `F DEVMAN` command for this setting.

z/OS V2.1 with OA51084 and PI67283 (Sept 2016) and higher:

DFSMSdfp and ICKDSF: Protection for initializing non-empty volumes



Use case #1:

I want to initialize a volume and want system-wide default protection in case someone has put data sets on there that really shouldn't be lost. I don't want to have to go to a point-in-time backup which might be out of date.

1. Edit my DEVSUPxx to add ICKDSF_NODSEXIST=YES

```
EDIT          SYS1.PARMLIB.POK(DEVSUPMW) -
Command ==> _
*****
***** To
000001 ICKDSF_NODSEXIST=YES
***** Bot
```

1. SET DEVSUP=xx

```
SY1      IEE536I DEVSUP      MULTIPLE INCREMENTAL FLASHCOPY: CHANGE RECORDING V2
SY1      set devsup=mw
SY1      IEA253I DEVSUP      ENABLED ICKDSF NODSEXIST PARAMETER DEFAULT
SY1      IEA253I DEVSUP      ISO/ANSI TAPE LABEL VERSION DEFAULT IS V3
SY1      IEA253I DEVSUP      TAPE OUTPUT DEFAULT BLOCK SIZE LIMIT IS 32760
SY1      IEA253I DEVSUP      COPYSDS DEFAULT IS INPUT
SY1      IEA253I DEVSUP      STORAGE LIMIT FOR TAPE DDR SWAP DEFAULTED TO 1000M
SY1      IEA253I DEVSUP      PERFORM NORMAL EXPIRATION DATE PROCESSING
SY1      IEA253I DEVSUP      MULTIPLE INCREMENTAL FLASHCOPY: CHANGE RECORDING V2
SY1      IEE536I DEVSUP      VALUE MW NOW IN EFFECT
```




z/OS V2.1 with OA51084 and PI67283 (Sept 2016) and higher:
DFSMSdfp and ICKDSF: Protection for initializing non-empty volumes

3. Run ICKDSF to initialize a non-empty volume: **failure = success!**

```
//ICKDSFC EXEC PGM=ICKDSF,REGION=0K
//VOLDD DD UNIT=3390,VOL=SER=C96F14,DISP=SHR
//SYSABEND DD DUMMY
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN DD *
INIT DDNAME(VOLDD) VERIFY(C96F14) VTOC(0,1,29)
```

```
ICKDSF - MVS/ESA DEVICE SUPPORT FACILITIES 17.0 TIME: 18:42
INIT DDNAME(VOLDD) VERIFY(C96F14) VTOC(0,1,29) 00060
ICK00700I DEVICE INFORMATION FOR 0983 IS CURRENTLY AS FOLLOWS:
    PHYSICAL DEVICE = 3390
    STORAGE CONTROLLER = 2107
    STORAGE CONTROL DESCRIPTOR = E8
    DEVICE DESCRIPTOR = 0A
    ADDITIONAL DEVICE INFORMATION = 4A00003C
    TRKS/CYL = 15, # PRIMARY CYLS = 3339
ICK04000I DEVICE IS IN SIMPLEX STATE
ICK03091I EXISTING VOLUME SERIAL READ = C96F14
ICK03096I EXISTING VTOC IS LOCATED AT CCHH=X'0001 0000' AND IS 30 TRACKS.
ICK32179I DATA SETS EXIST ON VOLUME
ICK30003I FUNCTION TERMINATED. CONDITION CODE IS 12
    18:42:47 03/05/18
ICK00002I ICKDSF PROCESSING COMPLETE. MAXIMUM CONDITION CODE WAS 12
```

z/OS V2.1 with OA51084 and PI67283 (Sept 2016) and higher:
DFSMSdfp and ICKDSF: Protection for initializing non-empty volumes



Use case #2:

I want to (system-wide setting) initialize a volume and I don't care what might be on the volume. Anything there is fine to delete.

1. Edit my DEVSUPxx to add ICKDSF_NODSEXIST=NO

```
EDIT          SYS1.PARMLIB.POK(DEVSUPMW)
Command ==>  _
*****
000001 ICKDSF_NODSEXIST=NO
***** B
```

1. SET DEVSUP=xx

```
SY1  set devsup=mw
SY1  IEA253I DEVSUP  DISABLED ICKDSF NODSEXIST PARAMETER DEFAULT
SY1  IEA253I DEVSUP  ISO/ANSI TAPE LABEL VERSION DEFAULT IS V3
SY1  IEA253I DEVSUP  TAPE OUTPUT DEFAULT BLOCK SIZE LIMIT IS 32760
SY1  IEA253I DEVSUP  COPYSDB DEFAULT IS INPUT
SY1  IEA253I DEVSUP  STORAGE LIMIT FOR TAPE DDR SWAP DEFAULTED TO 1000M
SY1  IEA253I DEVSUP  PERFORM NORMAL EXPIRATION DATE PROCESSING
SY1  IEA253I DEVSUP  MULTIPLE INCREMENTAL FLASHCOPY: CHANGE RECORDING V2
SY1  IEE536I DEVSUP  VALUE MW NOW IN EFFECT
```



z/OS V2.1 with OA51084 and PI67283 (Sept 2016) and higher: DFSMSdfp and ICKDSF: Protection for initializing non-empty volumes

Use case:

3.Run ICKDSF to initialize a non-empty volume: **success = success!**

```
//ICKDSFC EXEC PGM=ICKDSF,REGION=0K
//VOLDD DD UNIT=3390,VOL=SER=C96F14,DISP=SHR
//SYSABEND DD DUMMY
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN DD *
INIT DDNAME(VOLDD) VERIFY(C96F14) VTOC(0,1,29)
```

```
SY1 $HASP373 IBMUSERN STARTED - INIT 1 - CLASS A - SYS SY1
SY1 ICK061I 0983 VTOC INDEX CREATION SUCCESSFUL: VOLUME IS IN INDEX
FORMAT
SY1 $HASP395 IBMUSERN ENDED
```

```
ICK10705I VOLUME SERIAL NUMBER FOR DEVICE 0983 IS C96F14
VTOC LOCATION MOVED FROM CCHH=X'0001 0000' TO X'0000 0001'
ICK00001I FUNCTION COMPLETED, HIGHEST CONDITION CODE WAS 0
18:54:26 03/05/18
ICKDSF - MVS/ESA DEVICE SUPPORT FACILITIES 17.0 TIME:
ICK00002I ICKDSF PROCESSING COMPLETE. MAXIMUM CONDITION CODE WAS 0
```



z/OS V2.1:

DFSMSdss: Renaming of VSAM physical data sets

- **What:** Ability to rename a VSAM physical data set on a **COPY** or **RESTORE**.
 - Use **RENAMEUNCONDITIONAL** keyword for these operations in this case (not **RENAME**)
 - Prior to z/OS V2.1, a rename could be done only on non-VSAM physical data sets.
 - Also, as of z/OS V2.1, **RESTORE** supports **REPLACEU**, just as **COPY** did before.

- **How to use:**
 - When **PHYSINDYNAM** or **PHYSINDD** is used, you can now use **RENAMEU** for renaming a VSAM data set.
 - **REPLACEUNCONDITIONAL** keyword on the **COPY** or **RESTORE** command now works for physical VSAM data sets that are *not* cataloged during physical processing within SMS or non-SMS environments.
 - The **CATALOG** keyword is ignored for VSAM data sets during physical restore. Use **IDCAMS DEFINE RECATALOG** to catalog the data sets after the physical restore.



z/OS V2.1:

DFSMSdss: Renaming of VSAM physical data sets

Use case on z/OS R13:

I want to copy (overlay) a VSAM data set physically and rename it, on the same system.

```
//CPYCSI EXEC PGM=ADRDSSU,REGION=0M
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN DD *
  COPY DATASET( INC( PROD.ZOS113.** ) ) -
    PHYSINDYNAM ((PAGE08)) OUTDYNAM ((C96F1B)) -
    RENAMEU( (PROD.ZOS113.** , CLONE.ZOS113.** ) ) -
    ALLDATA(*)
/*
```

**ADR332E (001)-PCVSM(01), CLUSTER PROD.ZOS113.CSI IN CATALOG
PAGE08.CATALOG NOT PROCESSED. PHYSICAL DATA SET OPERATION
DOES NOT SUPPORT RENAME OF VSAM DATA SETS**



z/OS V2.1:

DFSMSSdss: Renaming of VSAM physical data sets

Same use case on z/OS V2.1:

```
//CPYCSI_EXEC PGM=ADDRSSU,REGION=0M
//SYSPRINT DD SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN DD *
  COPY DATASET (INC (PROD.ZOS113.**)) -
    PHYSINDYNAM ((PAGE08)) OUTDYNAM ((C96F1B)) -
    RENAMEU ( (PROD.ZOS113.** , CLONE.ZOS113.** ) -
    ALLDATA (*)
/*
```

ADR395I (001)-PCVSM(01), DATA SET PROD.ZOS113.CSI.DATA ALLOCATED WITH
NEWNAME CLONE.ZOS113.CSI.DATA, ON VOLUME(S): C96F1B

ADR395I (001)-PCVSM(02), DATA SET PROD.ZOS113.CSI.INDEX ALLOCATED WITH
NEWNAME CLONE.ZOS113.CSI.INDEX, ON VOLUME(S): C96F1B

ADR418I (001)-PCVSX(01), **THE FOLLOWING COMPONENTS FOR CLUSTER CLONE.ZOS113.CSI
ON C96F1B MAY HAVE TO BE CATALOGED IN CATALOG PAGE08.CATALOG**

COMPONENT CLONE.ZOS113.CSI.DATA
COMPONENT CLONE.ZOS113.CSI.INDEX

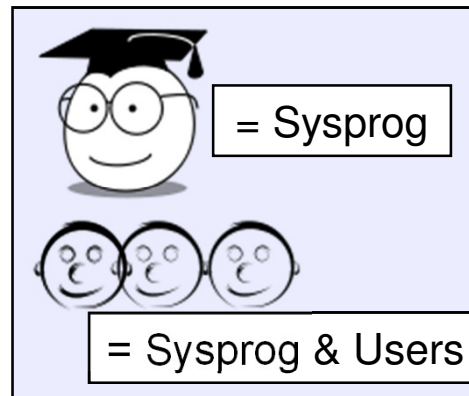
ADR454I (001)-DDDS (01), THE FOLLOWING DATA SETS WERE **SUCCESSFULLY PROCESSED**
CLUSTER NAME PROD.ZOS113.CSI
COMPONENT NAME PROD.ZOS113.CSI.DATA
COMPONENT NAME PROD.ZOS113.CSI.INDEX

z/OS R13 (and others)

Little Enhancements



❖ MVS: Digging around in D LOGGER,C





z/OS R13 and others:

MVS: Digging around in D LOGGER,C

What: You've probably used logstreams for a long time, and yet you might not have noticed or understood:

- some of extensive information you can get on the `D LOGGER,C` response.
- some of the options you can put on the command (and exploit in Logger)

How to use:

- `D LOGGER,C` with `LSN=logstream_name` and with `,D`
 - Then notice some “newer” information on `IXG601I`.

Considerations:

- Additional information was added (specifically for functions like zAware), but this information is also useful for other functions as well.



z/OS R13 and others:

MVS: Digging around in D LOGGER,C

Use case: What are all my logstreams?

```
-D LOGGER,C
IXG601I 18.21.45  LOGGER DISPLAY 332
CONNECTION INFORMATION BY LOGSTREAM FOR SYSTEM CB8B
LOGSTREAM          STRUCTURE          #CONN  STATUS
-----
SYSPLEX.OPERLOG    LOGGER_STR1          000002  IN USE
ATR.APPC.RM.DATA   RRS_APPC_RMDATA     000001  IN USE
HSA.MESSAGE.LOG    HSA_LOG             000002  IN USE
HSA.WORKITEM.HISTORY
HSA.WORKITEM.HISTORY
HSA.WORKITEM.HISTORY
HSA.WORKITEM.HISTORY
ATR.APPC.MAIN.UR   RRS_APPC_MAIN       000001  IN USE
ATR.APPC.DELAYED.UR
ATR.APPC.DELAYED.UR
ATR.APPC.RESTART   RRS_APPC_RESTART    000001  IN USE
IGWTV086.IGWLOG.SYSLOG
IGWTV086.IGWLOG.SYSLOG
IGWTV086.IGWLOG.SYSLOG
IGWTV086.IGWLOG.SYSLOG
IGWTV086.IGWSHUNT.SHUNTLOG
IGWTV086.IGWSHUNT.SHUNTLOG
IGWTV086.IGWSHUNT.SHUNTLOG
IGWTV086.IGWSHUNT.SHUNTLOG
CICS.CICSVR.DFHLGLOG
CICS.CICSVR.DFHLGLOG
CICS.CICSVR.DFHLGLOG
CICS.CICSVR.DFHLGLOG
ADSW.CICSVR.F01BACCT
ADSW.CICSVR.F01BACCT
ADSW.CICSVR.F01BACCT
ADSW.CICSVR.F01BACT
ADSW.CICSVR.F01BACT
ADSW.CICSVR.F01BALDB
ADSW.CICSVR.F01BALDB
ADSW.CICSVR.F01BALDB
ADSW.CICSVR.F01BCONT
ADSW.CICSVR.F01BCONT
ADSW.CICSVR.F01BCONT
ADSW.CICSVR.F01BCONT
```

NUMBER OF LOGSTREAMS: 000211

Number of logstreams on this command response.



z/OS R13 and others:

MVS: Digging around in D LOGGER,C

Use case: For my one of my logstreams, more details:

```
-D LOGGER,C,LSN=SYSPLEX.OPERLOG,D
IXG601I 19.58.14  LOGGER DISPLAY 725
CONNECTION INFORMATION BY LOGSTREAM FOR SYSTEM CB8B
LOGSTREAM          STRUCTURE          #CONN  STATUS
-----
SYSPLEX.OPERLOG    LOGGER_STR1          000002  IN USE
DUPLXING: STRUCTURE, LOCAL BUFFERS
GROUP: PRODUCTION  ZAI CLIENT: YES - CONNECTED
ZAI DATA: OPERLOG
LOG BLOCKS SENT TO SERVER OK: 0000809085, FAILED: 0000000000
OFFLOAD DSN FORMAT: OPERLOG.SYSPLEX.OPERLOG.<SEQ#>
CURRENT DSN OPEN: YES                               SEQ#: A0526055
ADV-CURRENT DSN OPEN: NO                             SEQ#: -NONE-
JOBNAME: PETERM1  ASID: 0139
R/W CONN: 000001 / 000000
RES MGR./CONNECTED: *NONE* / NO
IMPORT CONNECT: NO
JOBNAME: CONSOLE  ASID: 000B
R/W CONN: 000000 / 000001
```

Since R8: ability to group the logstream into PRODUCTION or TEST.



z/OS R13 and others:

MVS: Digging around in D LOGGER,C

Use case: For my one of my logstreams, more details:

```
-D LOGGER,C,LSN=SYSPLEX.OPERLOG,D
IXG601I 19.58.14  LOGGER DISPLAY 725
CONNECTION INFORMATION BY LOGSTREAM FOR SYSTEM CB8B
LOGSTREAM          STRUCTURE          #CONN  STATUS
-----          -
SYSPLEX.OPERLOG    LOGGER_STR1          000002  IN USE
  DUPLEXING: STRUCTURE, LOCAL BUFFERS
  GROUP: PRODUCTION  ZAI CLIENT: YES - CONNECTED
  ZAIDATA: OPERLOG
  LOG BLOCKS SENT TO SERVER OK: 0000809085, FAILED: 0000000000
  OFFLOAD DSN FORMAT: OPERLOG.SYSPLEX.OPERLOG.<SEQ#>
  CURRENT DSN OPEN: YES                      SEQ#: A0526055
  ADV-CURRENT DSN OPEN: NO                    SEQ#: -NONE-
JOBNAME: PETERM1  ASID: 0139
R/W CONN: 000001 / 000000
RES MGR./CONNECTED: *NONE* / NO
IMPORT CONNECT: NO
JOBNAME: CONSOLE  ASID: 000B
R/W CONN: 000000 / 000001
```

- “OFFLOAD DSN FORMAT” use this to know where the logstream will be offloaded.
- CURRENT is YES (this system above) has the SEQ# DSN open for offload.
- Since V2.2: ADV-CURRENT is NO (this system above) does not have the first advanced-current offload data set open for offload processing.

```
OFFLOAD DSN FORMAT: IXGLOGR.IFASMF.SMDFLT.CB89.<SEQ#>
CURRENT DSN OPEN: YES                      SEQ#: A0000187
ADV-CURRENT DSN OPEN: YES                  SEQ#: A0000188
```



z/OS R13 and others:

MVS: Digging around in D LOGGER,C

Use case: For my one of my logstreams, more details:

```
DSLIST - Data Sets Matching OPERLOG.SYSPLEX.OPERLOG          Row 11 of 22
Command ==> _____ Scroll ==> 0010

Command - Enter "/" to select action          Message          Volume
-----
OPERLOG.SYSPLEX.OPERLOG.A0526051             *VSAM*
OPERLOG.SYSPLEX.OPERLOG.A0526051.DATA        OPLOGI
OPERLOG.SYSPLEX.OPERLOG.A0526052             *VSAM*
OPERLOG.SYSPLEX.OPERLOG.A0526052.DATA        OPLOGG
OPERLOG.SYSPLEX.OPERLOG.A0526053             *VSAM*
OPERLOG.SYSPLEX.OPERLOG.A0526053.DATA        OPLOGI
OPERLOG.SYSPLEX.OPERLOG.A0526054             *VSAM*
OPERLOG.SYSPLEX.OPERLOG.A0526054.DATA        OPLOGE
OPERLOG.SYSPLEX.OPERLOG.A0526055             *VSAM*
OPERLOG.SYSPLEX.OPERLOG.A0526055.DATA        OPLOG2
OPERLOG.SYSPLEX.OPERLOG.A0526056             *VSAM*
OPERLOG.SYSPLEX.OPERLOG.A0526056.DATA        OPLOGI
***** End of Data Set list *****
```

- SEQ A0526055 is the current offload dsn.
- SEQ A0526056 is the first advanced-current offload dsn, but it's not open (yet).



z/OS R13 and others:

MVS: Digging around in D LOGGER,C

Use case: For my Operlog, more details:

```
-D LOGGER,C,LSN=SYSPLEX.OPERLOG,D
IXG601I 19.58.14  LOGGER DISPLAY 725
CONNECTION INFORMATION BY LOGSTREAM FOR SYSTEM CB8B
LOGSTREAM          STRUCTURE          #CONN  STATUS
-----          -
SYSPLEX.OPERLOG    LOGGER_STR1          000002  IN USE
  DUPLEXING: STRUCTURE, LOCAL BUFFERS
  GROUP: PRODUCTION  ZAI CLIENT: YES - CONNECTED
  ZAIDATA: OPERLOG
  LOG BLOCKS SENT TO SERVER OK: 0000809085, FAILED: 0000000000
  OFFLOAD DSN FORMAT: OPERLOG.SYSPLEX.OPERLOG.<SEQ#>
  CURRENT DSN OPEN: YES                      SEQ#: A0526055
  ADV-CURRENT DSN OPEN: NO                    SEQ#: -NONE-
JOBNAME: PETERM1  ASID: 0139
R/W CONN: 000001 / 000000
RES MGR./CONNECTED: *NONE* / NO
IMPORT CONNECT: NO
JOBNAME: CONSOLE  ASID: 000B
R/W CONN: 000000 / 000001
```

- Since R13 and zEC12 for zAware (ZAI). The “LOG BLOCKS SENT” is important to know you are actually sending information zAware.
- “FAILED” with 0’s is nice to know.

Older than the hills

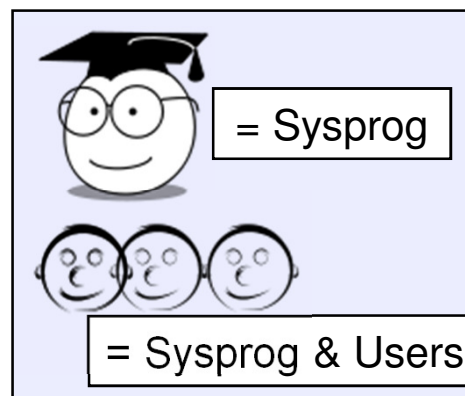
Little Enhancements



❖ **ServerPac: Full System Replace vs. Software Upgrade**



❖ **DFSMS: REFUCB in DEVSUPxx**





Older than the hills:

ServerPac: Full System Replace vs. Software Upgrade

What: Our system-replace entitled offering, ServerPac, has two methods for what you want restored. You must pick one:

1. Full System Replace: everything you need to IPL a complete new image: *system software* (target, dlibs, CSIs), *and operational data sets* (master cat, page data, spool, ...)

1. Software Upgrade: only the *system software* . You provide your own operational data sets.

Consideration: You can restart your ServerPac if you pick the undesired one, and start from “I”nstallation again, not “R”eceive.



Older than the hills:

ServerPac: Full System Replace vs. Software Upgrade

```
CustomPac ----- CREATE Configuration ( OS230070 ) -----  
OPTION ==>  
  
Select the Install type :  
  
F - Full System Replacement installs a complete new IPL-able  
standalone system including all SMP/E-maintained libraries, SMP/E  
environment, operational data sets, and CustomPac sample data sets.  
The supplied operational data sets must be merged with or replaced  
by production operational data sets before the new system is used  
in production.  
  
S - Software Upgrade installs only the SMP/E-maintained libraries,  
SMP/E zones, and CustomPac sample data sets. Operational data sets,  
including system control files (like LOGREC and VTAMLST), a security  
system database, and a master catalog must already exist. These  
existing operational data sets must be updated as required for new  
products and product changes before the first IPL.  
  
For more information about Software Upgrade, enter ? in the option field
```

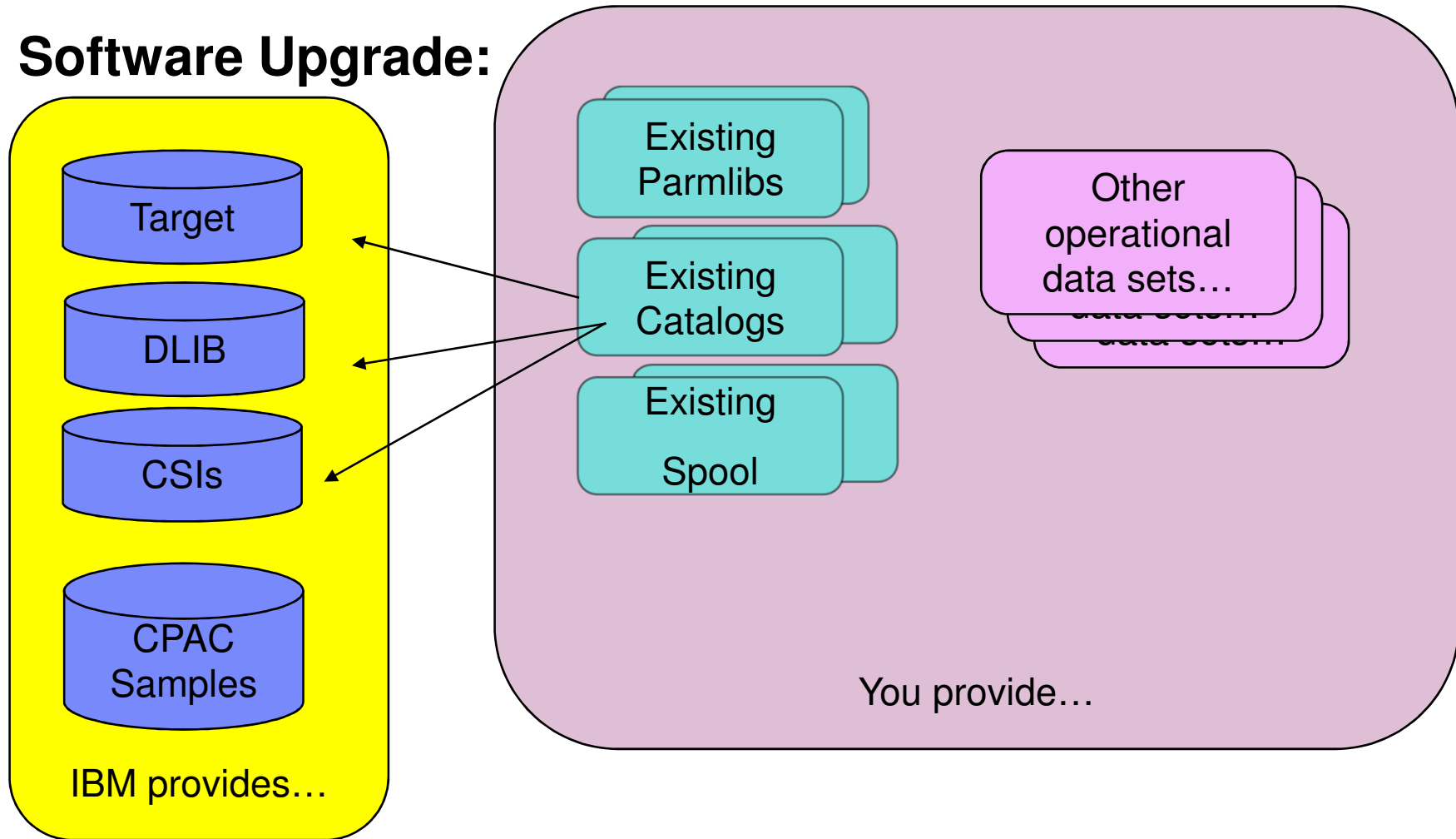
*CPPP601



Older than the hills:

ServerPac: Full System Replace vs. Software Upgrade

Software Upgrade:

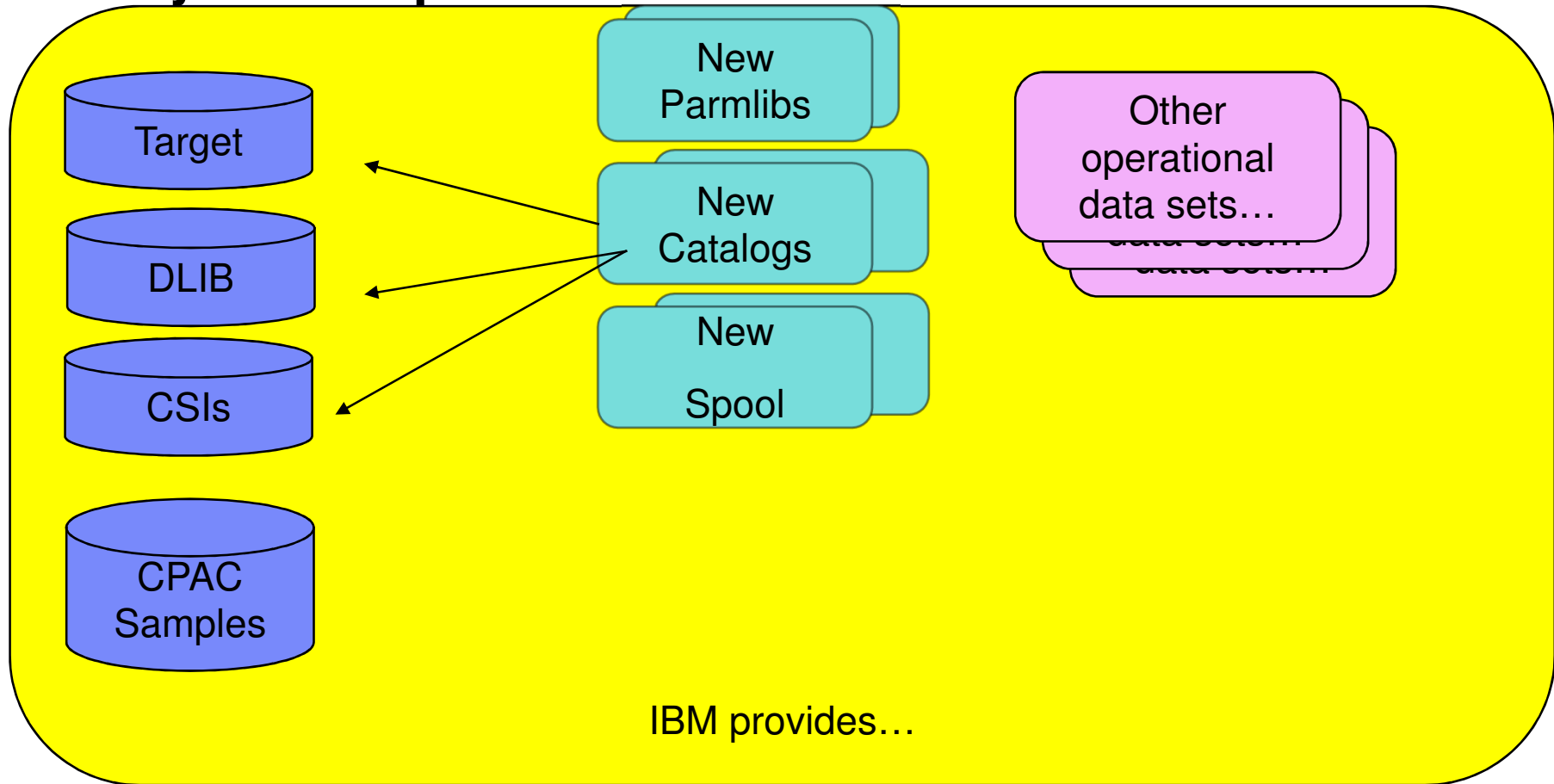




Older than the hills:

ServerPac: Full System Replace vs. Software Upgrade

Full System Replace:





Older than the hills:

ServerPac: Full System Replace vs. Software Upgrade

Software Upgrade

- Only gives you the minimum of what you need (SMP/E installed products, a small number of customized samples). Uses less space.
- You are responsible for making sure your operation data sets are compatible with the new software.
- Uses your existing catalog(s), which means incoming data sets need to be integrated into your catalog structure. VERIFY job can take some time coordinate.

Full System Replace

- Often gives you operational data sets you discard. If you need an entirely new environment, this is a good choice. Takes more space.
- Provided operational data sets will work with the new software.
- New, empty, and clean catalogs. Easy to catalog all incoming data sets.

Both options can base on a saved configuration when installing the new software, which is a huge time saver after you have a good saved configuration!



Older than the hills:

DFSMSdfp: REFUCB in DEVSUPxx

What: You can change the VTOC location or the volser, such as after an `INIT`, `REFORMAT`, `COPY` or `RESTORE`.

- However, before the volume can be accessed on another system, the UCBs on the remote system have to be refreshed.
- You can do this UCB refresh *automatically* via `DEVSUPxx`'s `REFUCB`.
 - This function helps to maintain VTOC integrity with shared DASD.

How:

- Try it out with `F DEVMAN, ENABLE (REFUCB)`
- Code it in `DEVSUPxx` with `ENABLE (REFUCB)`
- See what you have with `F DEVMAN, REPORT`

Consideration:

- All systems in the sysplex should have `REFUCB` enabled.
- If `DEVMAN` doesn't do the `REFUCB`, you will need to manually do the vary offline and online again, *on every system in the sysplex*.
- Default for `DEVSUPxx` `REFUCB` until V2.2 was `DISABLE(REFUCB)`. As of z/OS V2.2, it is `ENABLE(REFUCB)`.
- IBM Health Check for z/OS `DMO_REFUCB` reminds you kindly to enable.



Older than the hills:
DFSMSdfp: REFUCB in DEVSUPxx

Dynamically, on my z/OS V2.1 system:

```

F DEVMAN,REPORT
DM00030I DEVICE MANAGER REPORT 267
**** DEVMAN ****
* FMID: HDZ2210 *
* APARS: UA83366 UA80875 UA81755 UA77615 UA83894 *
* OPTIONS: NONE *
* HPF FEATURES DISABLED: NONE *
* MULTIPLE INCREMENTAL FLASHCOPY: CHANGE RECORDING V2 *
* NO SUBTASKS ARE ACTIVE *
**** DEVMAN ****
F DEVMAN,ENABLE(REFUCB)
DM00012I DEVICE MANAGER REFUCB ENABLED
F DEVMAN,REPORT
DM00030I DEVICE MANAGER REPORT 273
**** DEVMAN ****
* FMID: HDZ2210 *
* APARS: UA83366 UA80875 UA81755 UA77615 UA83894 *
* OPTIONS: REFUCB *
* HPF FEATURES DISABLED: NONE *

```



Older than the hills:
DFSMSdfp: REFUCB in DEVSUPxx

Hardened, on my z/OS V2.1 system:

```
EDIT          SYS1.PARMLIB.POK(DEVSUPAI) - 01.02
Command ==>
*****      ***** Top of Data ***
000001  ENABLE(REFUCB)
*****      ***** Bottom of Data *
```

Remember: As of z/OS V2.2, you can remove this, as ENABLE is the default.

Summary of What We Might Want to Share:

- **System Programmer & User Items:**

- **z/OS UNIX (V2.2):** TRNG for /dev/random
- **z/OS UNIX (V2.2):** zlsnf and jsonprint
- **SDSF (V2.2):** snapshot



- **System Programmers' Items:**

- **RACF (V2.3):** IRRPRMxx
- **z/OS UNIX (V2.3):** BPXWMIGF facility
- **PROGxx (V2.2):** LPA Volser
- **Dynamic APF (V2.2):** SMF 90-37
- **DFSMSdfp and ICKDSF (V2.1):** Protection for initializing non-empty volumes
- **DFSMSdss (V2.1):** Renaming of VSAM physical data sets
- **MVS (R13+):** Digging around in D LOGGER,C
- **ServerPac:** Full System Replace vs. Software Upgrade
- **DFSMS:** REFUCB in DEVSUPxx



z/OS Summary Enhancements – Edition 2018B

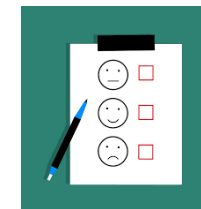


- **z/OS V2.3:**
 - ✓ **RACF: IRRPRMxx** Parmlib that specifies dsn and range tables.
 - ✓ **z/OS UNIX: BPXWMIGF** facility Your solution if appl avail is critical.
- **z/OS V2.2:**
 - ✓ **z/OS UNIX: TRNG** for /dev/(u)randow helps with simplification
 - ✓ **z/OS UNIX:** updates to zlsnf, and adding jsonprint see more and use with programs
 - ✓ **SDSF:** snapshot on tabular panels, find information fast
 - ✓ **PROGxx: LPA Volser** lets you identify the containing data set with volser!
 - ✓ **Dynamic APF: SMF 90-37** upon post-IPL APF update
- **z/OS V2.1:**
 - ✓ **DFSMSdfp and ICKDSF:** Protection for initializing non-empty volumes Helpful.
 - ✓ **DFSMSdss:** Renaming of VSAM physical data sets Great rename ability now.
- **z/OS R13+**
 - **MVS: D LOGGER,C** Handy information, and shows newer Logger functions well
- **Older than the hills:**
 - ✓ **ServerPac: Full System Replace vs. Software Upgrade** Pick the better one for you.
 - ✓ **DFSMS: REFUCB** in DEVSUPxx (was in R13) Let z/OS do this for you automatically!

We want your feedback!

- Please submit your feedback online at
 - <http://conferences.gse.org.uk/2018/feedback/BM>
- Paper feedback forms are also available from the Chair person

- This session is **BM**



z/OS Little Enhancements - A history

The screenshot shows the LinkedIn SlideShare profile for a user named 'small'. The profile header includes the LinkedIn logo, the name 'SlideShare', the user name 'small', and an 'Upload' button. Below the header are navigation tabs for 'Home', 'Explore', 'Presentation Courses', 'PowerPoint Courses', and 'by LinkedIn Learning'. The main content area shows a grid of presentation uploads. The first upload is titled 'All z/OS technical enhancements you might have missed: Edition 2018A' by Marna WALLE, dated May 2017. The second upload is 'Small enhancements - Edition 2016B' from '2016 IBM Systems Technical Events', dated 1 year ago. The third upload is 'z/OS Small Enhancements - Episode...' from the same event, dated 2 years ago. A yellow text box is overlaid on the bottom right of the grid, stating: 'Eight older "Enhancements" presentations are on LinkedIn's SlideShare, going back to 2013 and covering other little gems!'. Other uploads visible include 'z/OS System Installation' and 'z/OS45: Small Stuff You May Want To Use in z/OS'.