



Do More with Virtual Tape

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Session **DC**



Discussion Topics

- The Evolution of Mainframe Tape
- Virtual Tape: Simple & Mature
- From Virtual Tape... to Virtually Anywhere
- Real-World “Do More”
- Why is Virtual Tape a Better Approach?



The Evolution of Mainframe Tape

Physical Tape

Virtual Tape

Next Gen Virtual Tape

Virtual Tape Cache w/ Physical Backend

Tapeless



9 Track Tape
Reel



3590 Tape
Cartridge



IBM VTS



STK VSM



Luminex Channel Gateway
Bus-Tech MDL/EMC DLM
IBM TS7720
Oracle VLE



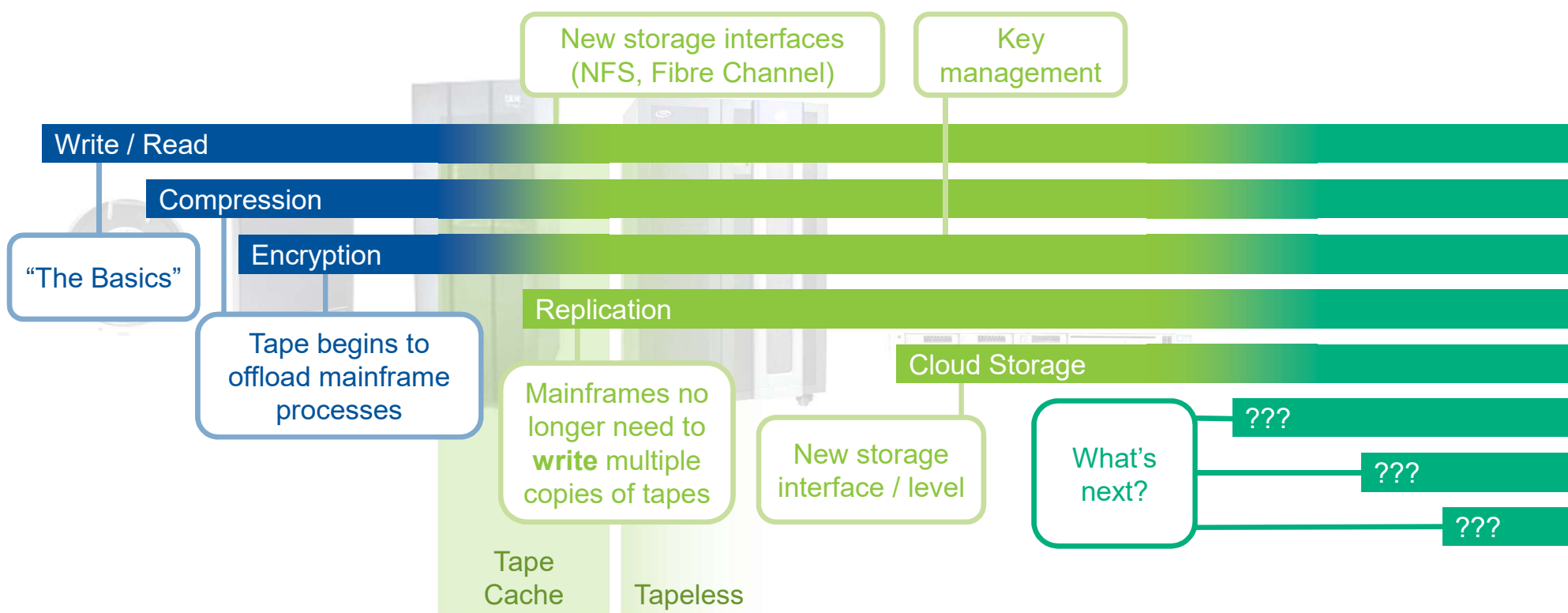
The Evolution of Mainframe Tape

and How It Continues to Take On New Workloads

Physical Tape

Virtual Tape

Next Gen Virtual Tape



Virtual Tape: Simple & Mature

VIRTUAL TAPE

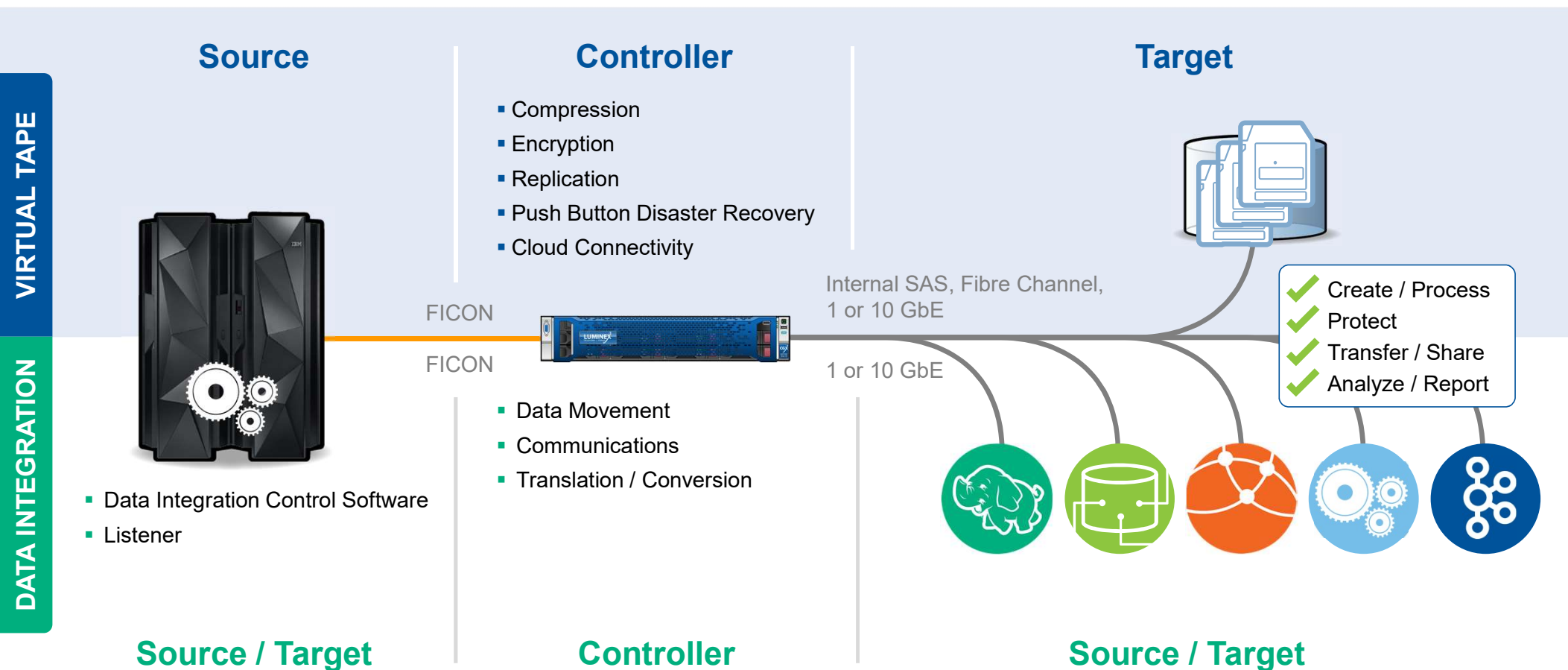


- Reading and writing a tape is simple, efficient and secure
- Virtualizing tape introduced more useful and powerful capabilities
 - ... without adding burden to the mainframe
- Controllers are, basically, **“tape co-processors”**
 - Offloading compression, encryption, creating additional copies, etc.
- *Why stop there?*

From Virtual Tape...



From Virtual Tape... to Virtually Anywhere



MDI is a Data Transfer & Co-Processing Platform

Mainframe FICON



- Secure
- High speed
- Efficient, redundant I/O channels

MDI Platform

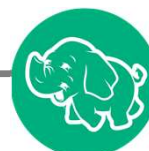


- Profile-based architecture for extending processing & interface capabilities
- High speed, scalable transfer rates
- SAF integration & protocol-based encryption
- Bi-directional movement and communication for multi-platform workflows and co-processing
 - Including data translation from EBCDIC to ASCII and between character sets

Data Sharing Targets/Sources

MDI BigData Transfer

webHDFS



MDI XPDS

NFS



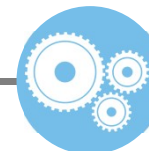
MDI SecureTransfer

SFTP

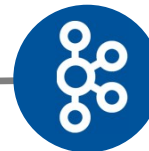


MDI SLP

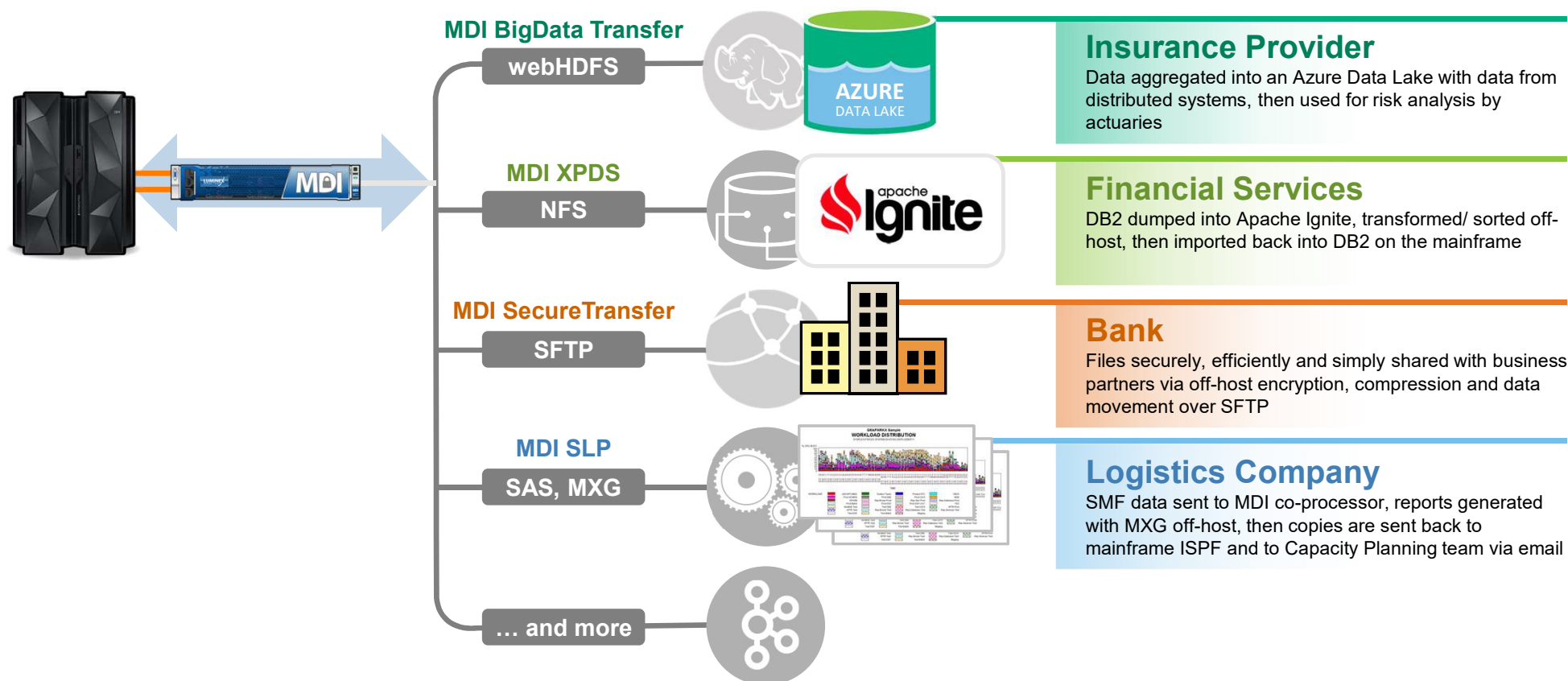
SAS, MXG



... and more



How MDI is Used





Real-World “Do More”

It's already happening...

U.S. Financial Company

Goal: Reduce Costs for Mainframe



Challenge/Obstacles:

- Client is outsourced and wanted to reduce mainframe costs
- **Company challenged to find ways to save \$1B in 1 year**
- To contribute to that goal, client looked at where mainframe \$ were being spent
 - Mainframe batch processing
 - Data sharing needs
 - Data archive

U.S. Financial Company

Goal: Reduce Costs for Mainframe



Solution: Mainframe Data Integration (MDI)

- Data that needs to be archived for 7 – 50+ years
 - MDI Archive to Open Systems commodity storage
- Off-hosting sort to Open Systems Platform
 - MDI Cross Platform Data Sharing (XPDS)
- Share mainframe data with distributed compute platforms
 - MDI Cross Platform Data Sharing (XPDS)
- Replace 3rd party secure file transfer software
 - MDI SecureTransfer (ST)

U.S. Insurance Company

Goal: Competitive Edge & Better Claim Experiences



Challenge/Obstacles:

- Data was generated, collected and processed separately on multiple platforms
- **Created data silos between mainframe and open systems**
- Made risk analysis even more challenging:
 - Actuary team had to perform analytics on mainframe and open systems data separately
 - Their mainframe data processing tool, limited their ability to ask new questions of the data
 - As analytic tools for distributed systems advanced, the ability to extract new information from the mainframe couldn't keep up with the demands

U.S. Insurance Company

Goal: Competitive Edge & Better Claim Experiences

Solution: Mainframe Data Integration (MDI) with an Azure Data Lake

- Integration of data into Azure from multiple platforms to better understand customer behavior & meet expectations
- Eliminates security and speed concerns and makes mainframe data readily available to the Azure Data Lake for joint processing
- Provides more accurate and complete analytics to make better business decisions.
- Data Lake enables discovery of hidden correlations and the ability to ask questions that were previously not possible
 - Leading to the critical answers that insurance premiums are dependent upon



U.S. Logistics Company's Evaluation

Goal: Off-host Non-Revenue Generating Applications



Challenge/Obstacles:

- Client wanted to off-host all non-revenue generating workloads
- **Save MSUs, storage costs and allow for modernization**
- Client looked at SAS Language MXG processing for off-hosting
 - Client generated more than 1TB of SMF data daily
 - Dumped SMF every 4 hours
 - Data Analyst processed output from MXG processing for business analysis
 - MXG code in existence for decades; modified by many

U.S. Logistics Company's Evaluation

Goal: Off-host Non-Revenue Generating Applications

Solution: Mainframe Data Integration SAS Language Processor

- Provided dedicated platform for MXG processing
 - Resulting in reduce execution time from 4 hours to under 90 minutes
- Mainframe remains in control of JCL, Scheduling, SMF Logging, etc.
- Allowed for simplifying/streamlining the code using MXG macros
- Modernization could be achieved with Python and R
- Saved from 400 - 800 MSUs daily
- Reduced storage requirements for SMF and MXG PDBs on mainframe storage





Why Is Virtual Tape A Better Approach?

Let me count the ways...

Why is Virtual Tape a Better Approach?

- **FICON is the Network**

- FICON channels are specifically designed and optimized for the purpose of moving data off the mainframe
- Faster, More Secure, Cheaper (less CPU) and Easy (native) are compelling advantages vs. TCP/IP

- **Mainframe-Centric Design**

- Design and operations from mainframe centered discipline
- Bi-directional communication and data transfer
- Tape is the native API for both Control Path and Data Path

- **Common Platform with Enterprise Virtual Tape (MVT/CGX)**

- Leverages enterprise-proven quality and reliability
- Better together

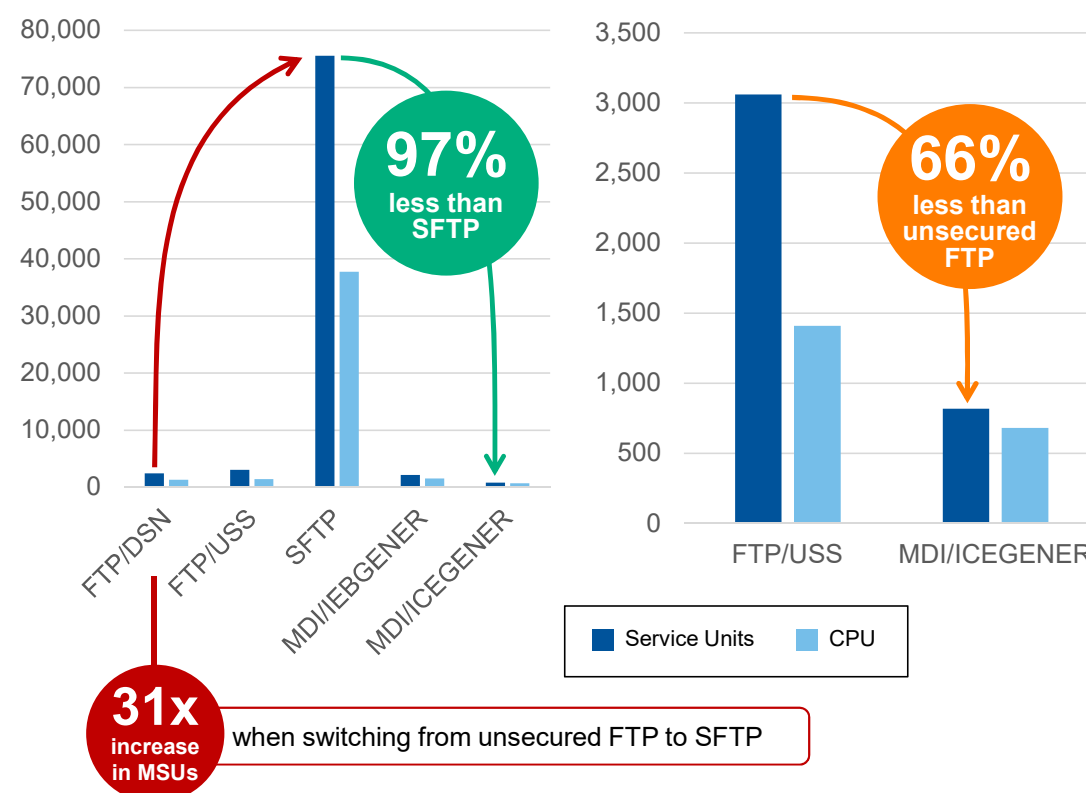


Benchmark Testing: 30 MB File

Method	Job	Program	Elapsed	Service Units	CPU
FTP from DSN	BNCHMRK1	FTP	0:00:15.32	2403	1280
(Clear Text)			0:00:15.32	2403	1280
FTP from USS	BNCHMRK2	FTP	0:00:13.96	3060	1409
(Clear Text)			0:00:13.96	3060	1409
SFTP	BNCHMRK3	login	0:00:00.10	150	135
(Encrypted)	BNCHMRK3	tty	0:00:00.02	140	119
	BNCHMRK3	sftp	0:00:00.14	340	317
	BNCHMRK3	ssh	0:00:06.27	68463	34493
	BNCHMRK3	sftp	0:00:08.41	6106	2363
	BNCHMRK3	SH	0:00:08.47	213	163
	BNCHMRK3	BPXBATCH	0:00:08.77	129	107
			0:00:32.18	75541	37697
MDI/IEBGENER	BNCHMRK4	IEBGENER	0:00:03.24	2010	1407
	BNCHMRK4	LUMXPROC	0:00:09.34	156	134
			0:00:12.58	2166	1541
MDI/ICEGENER	BNCHMRK5	ICEGENER	0:00:00.79	667	550
	BNCHMRK5	LUMXPROC	0:00:09.19	151	131
			0:00:09.98	818	681

Benchmarks performed on z13 Model 2965-N10 using SMF Type 30 records

MDI/ICEGENER System Resources Savings



FICON Advantages: A Secure Data Path

“If you replace mainframe FTP with a channel/**FICON** based solution, you can mitigate FTP security issues a great deal, if not remove them completely. This is the real benefit of a solution such as MDI SecureTransfer.”



Mark Wilson
Technical Director
RSM Partners
www.rsmpartners.com



Simple JCL Deployment

JOB CARD...

```
//GENER      EXEC PGM=ICEGENER
//SYSPRINT DD  SYSOUT=*
//SYSIN      DD  DUMMY
//SYSUT1     DD  DSN=PROD.FTP.TXDATA,
//              DISP=SHR
//SYSUT2     DD  DSN=PROD.FTP.TXDATA.MDI,
//              DISP=(NEW,CATLG),
//              UNIT=MDITAPE,RETPD=0,
//              DCB=* .SYSUT1
```

Step 1: Write the file you want to transfer to an MDI SecureTransfer owned tape. This is a simple ICEGENER to tape.

MDI JCL – Step 2

```
//STEP2    EXEC LUMXPROC,PROFILE=MDIST
//XPROCLOG DD  SYSOUT=*
//COPYFILE DD  DISP=OLD,
//          DSN=PROD.FTP.TXDATA.MDI,
//          UNIT=MDITAPE
//SYSIN     DD *
-PARM destination=206.154.7.19
    cipher=aes192-ctr
    login=<loginid>
    password=<password>
    conversion=ascii_CRLF
-DD_COPYFILE=prod.ftp.txdata
```

Step 2: Execute LUMXPROC.
Communicates to MDI what you want to do with the data.

Destination IP, DNS/server name

Multiple ciphers supported

Credentials externalized in JCL

Convert EBCDIC to ASCII

Do More with Mainframe Data, More Often & for Less

Do More	Strategic Mainframe Initiatives	Share Data w/ Distributed Systems for Analytics, Cloud, Archiving etc.	Aggregate Data for Enterprise-wide Decision Making (Eliminate Data Silos)
Improve Security	Ensure all Data Movement to/from Mainframe is Secure	Comply with Mainframe Security, User Access & Control (RACF)	Reduce Security Risks Associated with Open IP Ports
Reduce Costs	Reduce MIPS Usage/Workload, Licensing Cost & Manage R4HA	Avoid an Expensive Mainframe Upgrade	Off-Host SAS Language Workloads like MXG

History of (Tapeless) Virtual Tape



- First Tapeless Virtual Tape
 - **Luminex Software**, February **2005**
 - <https://www.luminex.com/about/press/pr050208.php>
- Bus-Tech Mainframe Data Library **2006** (acquired by EMC in 2010)
 - Hundreds of TB of raw storage
 - SAN connectivity (500 MB per hour throughput)
 - <https://searchdatabackup.techtarget.com/tutorial/Virtual-tape-library-specifications>
- IBM announces TS7720 (Tapeless) in **2008**
 - <https://www-01.ibm.com/common/ssi/cgi-bin/ssialias?infotype=an&subtype=ca&appname=gpatteam&supplier=897&letternum=ENUS108-801>
- Oracle (formerly StorageTek) announces Virtual Library Extension (VLE) in **2010**
 - <http://www.oracle.com/us/corporate/press/182826>

Q&A



We want your feedback!

- Please submit your feedback online at
 - <http://conferences.gse.org.uk/2018/feedback/DC>
- Paper feedback forms are also available from the Chair person
- This session is **DC**



Thank You



IBM 726 Tape Controller 1952 - 1955



IBM 3420 Tape Drive Early 70's



3850 Mass Storage Device 1974



IBM 3480 Tape Drive 1984



IBM 3494 Tape Library 1997



Luminex's Heritage of Innovation

