

Ransomware protection for your Mainframe Data

Dell EMC

November 2018

Session FJ







Topics

- The threat and external agencies that have taken notice
- Logical vs physical recovery
- Storage based solutions: SnapVX and zDP
- Examples of Cyber Recovery for IBM Z



The Threat and Who's Taking Notice

Evolution of cyber threats





Threat vectors are increasing





* By cartoonist John Klossner – May 2016



MAINFRAME THE MOST DESIRABLE TARGET

- Mainframe is system of record for their organizations
- 80% of all active code runs on mainframe
- 80% of enterprise data is housed on mainframe
- Today technologies have eliminated mainframe isolation



GUIDE

UK REGIOI



The next wave of cyber attacks are here now

DESTRUCTION

Prominent Entertainment Company

"It erased everything stored on 3,262 of the company's 6,797 personal computers and 837 of its 1,555 servers. The studio was reduced to using fax machines, communicating through posted messages, and paying its 7,000 employees with paper checks."

- Fortune, July 2015

RANSOMWARE

Prominent Health Care Provider

"The quickest and most efficient way to restore our systems and administrative functions was to pay the ransom and obtain the decryption key. In the best interest of restoring normal operations, we did this."

- Letter from CEO, February 2016

Regulatory cybersecurity guidance



FFIEC: "Data Or Systems Destruction and Corruption... Another control for consideration is an "air-gap," a security measure in which a computer, system, or network is physically separated from other computers, systems, or networks. **An air-gapped data backup architecture limits exposure to a cyber attack** and allows for restoration of data to a point in time before the attack began."



Federal Reserve System: "financial institutions should consider ... *logical network segmentation, hard* backups, air gapping [and] physical segmentation of critical systems"



European Banking Authority: "Competent authorities should assess whether the institution has comprehensive and tested business resilience and continuity plans in place"



National Security Agency: "best practices to protect information systems and networks from a destructive malware attack include... *Segregate network systems*"



National Association of Insurance Commissioners: "... it is vital for state insurance regulators to provide *effective cybersecurity guidance* regarding the protection of the insurance sector's data security and infrastructure.."

Ransomware is a real threat



- See SHARE Live San Jose 2017 Security project presentation:
- "Ransomware on the Mainframe...Checkmate! https://www.bigendiansmalls.com/files/ransomware_share_2017.mp4



Capyright © 2016 by SHARE Inc. O O O O Coal share shown one in a care of balance Commit Mission for

What questions are the board of directors asking?



- Are we at risk of a destructive Hacktivist Attack?
- Do we have the cyber security protections in place to guarantee our business is safe?
- What would be the impact to our customers, shareholders, employees if our information was lost ?



- If we assume we have been compromised and our data was destroyed could we recover the business and how long would it take?
- Will my Errors and Omissions Insurance cover me if we lose customer assets due to a Cyber Attack?



WHO IS PAYING FOR THIS EXTRA PROTECTION??





Physical vs Logical Recovery











Cyber RECOVERY IS NOT TRADITIONAL BC/DR

WHY YOU NEED BOTH a Cyber AND A Disaster Recovery SOLUTION

- Cyber Recovery Systems are Isolated
 - An isolated data center environment that is disconnected from the network and restricted from users other than those with proper clearance.
- Data Copies Periodically Scheduled
 - Software to export data copies to targets in the cyber recovery area.
- Integrity Checking & Alerting
 - Workflows to stage copied data in the cyber recovery zone and perform periodic integrity checks
- Recovery & Remediation
 - Procedures to perform recovery / remediation after an incident.



Storage Hardware to the Rescue!



Why take a storage hardware based approach?

Data Lake Mobile Data Batch **Flat Files** DB2/IMS/ Other



SnapVX and zDP



Incorporate snaps for data copies **New TimeFinder SnapVX**™





TimeFinder SnapVX – pointer-based snaps





• A z/OS-based solution that automates SnapVX snapshot creation/deletion

- Enables rapid recovery from a spectrum of risks to data
 - Processing error
 - Human error
 - Malicious intent
- Think: 'a time machine for the mainframe'

Why zDP? – logical vs physical protection

- Replication solutions focus on the physical: "availability with data integrity"
 - Planned and Unplanned outage events
 - Multiple copies
 - EVERYTHING gets physically replicated
 - Even the logical corruptions!



DC1

Why zDP? – logical vs physical protection

- Replication solutions focus the physical: "availability with data integrity"
 - Planned and Unplanned outage events
 - Multiple copies
 - EVERYTHING gets physically replicated
 - Even the logical corruptions!
- Today- 1 additional full PIT copy
 - Copy 1: near real time
 - Copy 2: new PIT created every 24 hrs.
 - 24 hours to find corruption
 - Up to 24 hours of data loss



Why zDP? – logical protection

- zDP focuses on the logical:
 "recovery from loss of data integrity"
 - Continual <u>consistent</u> point in time copy creation
 - Automated
 - Selectable recovery points
- Brings Point in Time recovery capability to database and non-database systems
- Provides applications with recovery capability when not 'designed-in'
- Provides cross-application recovery point
- Supports both FBA and CKD data



zDP summary





- Host automation solution
 - Frequent creation/deletion of snapshots
 - Benefit: Fast recovery from logical corruption
- Features at-a-glance
 - Up to 144X more recovery capability compared to a daily snapshot (10 min intervals)
 - Keep up to 256 versions of each volume
 - Select snapshots to LINK by timestamp
 - Automatic 'roll-off' of aged snapshots
 - Space estimation and monitoring
 - Consistent scale (32,000 volumes)

zDP – deployment options







zDP supports snapset creation:

Locally attached to VMAX3

zDP – deployment options







zDP supports snapset creation in:

Locally attached VMAX3

Remote to VMAX3 via SRDF/S or SRDF/A (up to 4 hops)

R1 array can be VMAX2 for sending SnapVX commands to a VMAX3 for remote execution

zDP – deployment options





zDP supports snapset creation in:

Locally attached VMAX3

Remote to VMAX3 via SRDF/S or SRDF/A (up to 4 hops)

R1 array can be VMAX2 or VMAX3

Direct attached to SRDF target array

zDP Structures and Operations



- Version Data Group (Source Volumes)
 - DEFINE, DELETE, QUERY, MODIFY, ADD/REMOVE
- Target Set (Target Volumes for Linking)
 - DEFINE, DELETE, QUERY, MODIFY, ADD/REMOVE
- SNAPSET (Snapshots of VDG)
 - QUERY, LINK, UNLINK, TERMINATE
- Operations
 - START, STOP, PAUSE, RESUME
 - Modify
 - Set Persistent
 - Set Secure
 - -Set SMF

zDP XFACILIT RESOURCES



Function	Class	Resource	Attribute
Start	XFACILIT	EMC.ADMIN.CMD.ZDP.START	Update
Stop	XFACILIT	EMC.ADMIN.CMD.ZDP.STOP	Update
Pause	XFACILIT	EMC.ADMIN.CMD.ZDP.PAUSE	Update
Resume	XFACILIT	EMC.ADMIN.CMD.ZDP.RESUME	Update
Query VDG	XFACILIT	EMC.ADMIN.CMD.ZDP.QUERY.VDG	Read
Query target	XFACILIT	EMC.ADMIN.CMD.ZDP.QUERY.TGT	Read
Query status	XFACILIT	EMC.ADMIN.CMD.ZDP.QUERY.STATUS	Read
Query devices	XFACILIT	EMC.ADMIN.CMD.ZDP.QUERY.DEVICES	Read
Query snapset	XFACILIT	EMC.ADMIN.CMD.ZDP.QUERY.SNAPSET	Read
Define VDG	XFACILIT	EMC.ADMIN.CMD.ZDP.DEFINE	Update
Define target	XFACILIT	EMC.ADMIN.CMD.ZDP.DEFINE	Update
Delete VDG	XFACILIT	EMC.ADMIN.CMD.ZDP.DELETE	Update
Delete target	XFACILIT	EMC.ADMIN.CMD.ZDP.DELETE	Update
Add device	XFACILIT	EMC.DEVC.12digitserialnumber.ssid.dev# ^a	Update
Remove device	XFACILIT	EMC.DEVC.12digitserialnumber.ssid.dev# a	Update

Function	Class	Resource	Attribute
Release device lock	XFACILIT	EMC.ADMIN.CMD.ZDP.RELDLOCK	Update
Modify options	XFACILIT	EMC.ADMIN.CMD.ZDP.MODIFY.OPTIONS	Update
Set up SMF recording	XFACILIT	EMC.ADMIN.CMD.ZDP.MODIFY	Update
Set persistent attribute	XFACILIT	EMC.ADMIN.CMD.ZDP.PERSISTENT	Update
Make snapset secure	XFACILIT	EMC.ADMIN.CMD.ZDP.SECURE	Update
Terminate snapset	XFACILIT	EMC.ADMIN.CMD.ZDP.TERMINATE	Update
Terminate snapset by date/time range	XFACILIT	EMC.ADMIN.CMD.ZDP.TERMINATE.RANGE	Update
Link snapset	XFACILIT	EMC.ADMIN.CMD.ZDP.LINK	Update
Unlink snapset	XFACILIT	EMC.ADMIN.CMD.ZDP.UNLINK	Update
Debug	XFACILIT	EMC.ADMIN.CMD.ZDP.DEBUG	Update
Link/Restore	XFACILIT	EMC.ADMIN.CMD.ZDP.BYPASS-ONLINE-CHECK	Read



Automating Recovery using zDP Snapsets:



• Vital File Identifier (VFI)

• Timeliner

VFI / TimeLiner Application Awareness: Enabling faster recovery using zDP









NIST Cyber Security Framework Whitepaper

Framework for Improving Critical Infrastructure Cybersecurity

Version 1.1

National Institute of Standards and Technology

April 16, 2018

NIST Cybersecurity Framework





Dell Technologies Aligned Solutions and Services

zDP: What's New?



- Functional Enhancements to zDP in MFE 8.3:
 - Secure Snapsets
 - cannot be deleted via zDP or EMCSNAP
 - are instead deleted by the ucode only at the expiration date, and no longer at the MAX_SNAPSETS value
 - Copy Once Attribute
 - attribute saves SRP space by including the device only in the first snapset of a VDG
 - Define VDG by RDF Group
 - Allows RDF Group to be used in definition of VDG and Target sets
 - 5 minute minimum Cycle Time



Example of Z Systems Cyber Recovery

Mainframe Cyber Recovery solution overview



FICON Air Gap

SRDF or Replicator Only

Isolated data center environment

Isolated Site

- Disconnected from the network
- Business data continuously received minimizing RPO
- Restricted from users other than those with proper clearance

- Planning:
- Business Critical Systems
- RPO/RTO
- Throughput Requirements

Isolation:

- Isolated DC Environment
- Dedicated Link SRDF or Replicator Only

GUIDE

UK REGION

- FICON & Network Air Gap
- Hidden Local Copies that cannot be deleted

Validation:

- Maintain gold copy
- Compare to incoming copy
- Tools application dependent
- Rate of Change
- Sentinel Record Injection

Recovery:



3

- Standard failback mechanisms
- Additional remediation / validation

DR / BU Site

MF isolated "air-gapped" Cyber Recovery system example



- Preserves PiT copies on physically isolated VMAX
- Isolation from:
 - Personnel
 - Networks
- Ensures recoverability from catastrophic large scale data corruption or deletion
- Enhanced security for PiT copy
 - Secure snapsets



MF isolated "air-gapped" Cyber Recovery system example

- Preserves PiT copies on physically isolated VMAX
- Isolation from:
 - Personnel
 - Networks
- Ensures recoverability from catastrophic large scale data corruption or deletion
- Enhanced security for PiT copy
 - Secure Snapsets



GUIDE

DLm Cyber Recovery solution components



- All TCPIP Sockets Closed on DLm storage except Replicator
- Separate dedicated storage replication ports
- Separate Dedicated Replication Network
- Backup / Archive Volumes / Restore Points
- Instant Access***
- Retention Periods / WORM



* Adjustable based on desired security window
** Depends on # of Volumes, Data etc.
***Lower Performance

- Can co-exist with and enhance an existing BC/DR Solution
- Tape Data is continuously periodically copied in to IRS environment
- File System Snapshot multiple space efficient Fail-Safe Llibrary images
- Management CEC is "hardwired" to IRS Solution
- Un-addressable Snapshot Copies allow multiple restore points
- Management CEC can be used used to periodically validate data



Summary

- Recovery from Logical corruption is the next wave of Business Continuity planning
- Both operational errors and malicious attacks are current and emerging threats to data integrity and availability .
- Organizations need to be organized to properly plan and implement their response to these threats
- Tools and procedures must be developed based on perpetual and persistent data copy technologies
- Consider the applicability of Cyber Recovery Solutions for your enterprise



We want your feedback!

- Please submit your feedback online at
 http://conferences.gse.org.uk/2018/feedback/nn
- Paper feedback forms are also available from the Chair person
- This session is FJ





