

How to Make the Most out of BCPii

Steve Warren

IBM

email: swarren@us.ibm.com

November 2018

Session BB

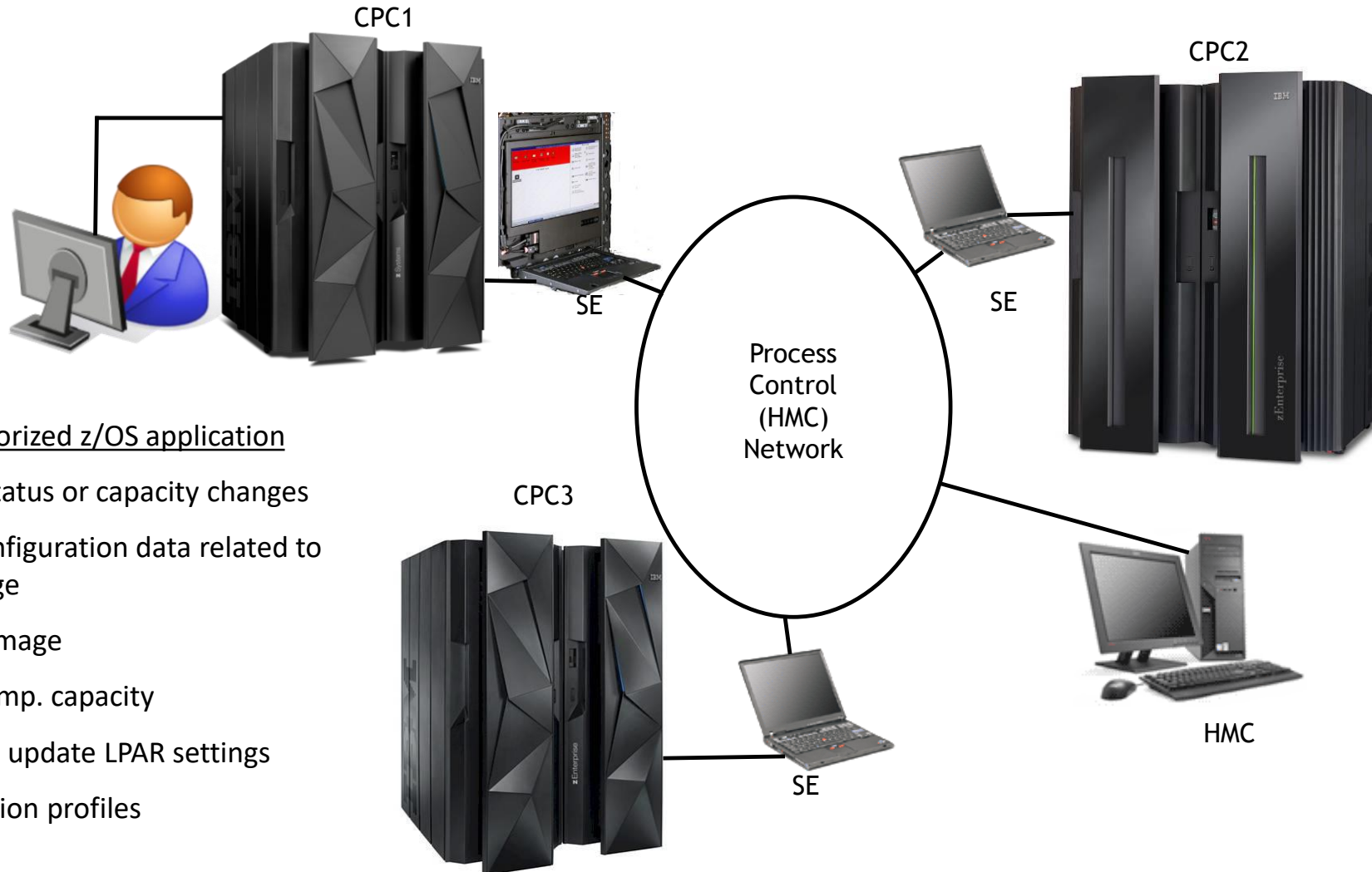


Agenda

- **Quick BCPii Overview**
 - What is it and what can I do with it?
 - Installation basics
- **What can I do with BCPii?**
 - Off the shelf solution examples
 - IBM offerings
 - Non-IBM offerings
 - **Writing my own BCPii app**
 - Typical BCPii usage when writing your own application
 - Programming basics
- **Recent z/OS BCPii Enhancements**
- **Reference material**

Quick BCPii Overview

Overview - What is BCPii?



Authorized z/OS application

- Monitor status or capacity changes
- Obtain configuration data related to CPC or image
- Re-ipl an image
- Change temp. capacity
- Query and update LPAR settings
- Set activation profiles

Overview - What is BCPii?

- Base Control Program internal interface
 - Allows authorized z/OS applications to have HMC-like control over systems in the process control (HMC) network
 - A set of authorized APIs provided
- Does not use any external network
 - Communicates directly with the SE rather than going over an IP network
- A z/OS address space that manages authorized interaction with the interconnected hardware

Installation Basics

- System automatically tries to start BCPii address space at IPL time.
 - You don't need to add anything to COMMNDxx to tell z/OS that it needs to start BCPii or run any automation.
- Successful start requires that certain steps have been carried out:
 - Setup on the HMC/SE
 - Enable BCPii on the CPC
 - Setup SE BCPii security controls
 - Setup in z/OS
 - Make sure BCPii has access to necessary OS programs
 - Add BCPii programs to an APF-authorized library
 - Setup with z/OS Security authorization
 - Which users can use BCPii
 - Which hardware resources they can touch
 - What level of access they have to those resources

Installation Basics – Enable BCPii on the CPC

Logon onto the HMC as ACSADMIN (a special privileged ID)

The screenshot displays the IBM Support Element web interface. The browser address bar shows the URL: `https://sczhmc7.itso.ibm.com:9950/hmc/connects/mainuiFrameset.jsp`. The page title is "Support Element".

In the left-hand navigation pane, the "SE Management" option is highlighted with a blue bar. A yellow callout box with a black border contains the text "Select SE Management" and an arrow pointing to this option.

The main content area is divided into several sections:

- User Management:** Includes options for "Create, customize, or verify the password rules assigned to the system users", "User Profiles" (Manage your system users that log onto the Hardware Management Console), "User Patterns" (Create, edit and remove user pattern definitions), "Object Locking Settings" (Change the automatic locking of managed objects), and "Domain Security" (Change console's domain name or password).
- Configuration:** Includes "Console Default User Settings" (Customize the default appearance of the workplace), "Customize API Settings" (Customize the Application Programming Interface for the console), "Customize Network Settings" (View current network information and change settings), and "Migrate Channel Configuration Files" (Migrate Channel Configuration Files).
- Resource Management:** Includes "Define, customize and remove managed resource roles and task roles", "User Templates" (Create, edit and remove user template definitions), "Manage Enterprise Directory Server Definitions" (Create, edit and remove enterprise directory server definitions), and "Manage SSH Keys" (Manage SSH Keys used for Secure FTP access).

A yellow callout box with a black border contains the text "Then select 'Customize API Settings'" and an arrow pointing to the "Customize API Settings" option in the Configuration section. This option is also highlighted with a red rectangular border.

At the bottom of the page, there is a status bar with the text "Status: Exceptions and Messages" and a small notification area that says "Transferring data from sczhmc7.itso.ibm.com..."

Installation Basics – Enable BCPii on the CPC (continued...)

Select "Enable SNMP APIs"

Then click on Add in Community Names section

ibm.com https://sczhmc7.itso.ibm.com:9950/hmc/content?taskId=29&refresh=55

Customize API Settings

SNMP

Enable Allow capacity change API requests
SNMP agent parameters:

Community Names

Select	Name	Address	Network Mask / Prefix	Access Type
--------	------	---------	-----------------------	-------------

Add... Change... Delete

SNMPv3 Users

Select	User Name	Access Type
--------	-----------	-------------

Add... Change... Delete

Event Notification Information

Specify any additional locations where SNMP trap messages will be sent.

Select	TCP/IP Address
--------	----------------

Add... Change... Delete

OK Cancel Help

Installation Basics – Enable BCPii on the CPC (continued...)

Fill in exactly as shown here. Remember to select Read/Write

Then press OK

Community Name Information

Name: BCPii

Address: 127.0.0.1

Network mask / Prefix: 255.255.255.255

Access Type

Read only

Read/write

OK Cancel Help

Name must be 1-16 chars, alphanumeric, no lower case.

Value you specify here must match name used in SAF CPC profile for this CPC

The Name value can be the same on every CPC, or different on every CPC. It is NOT necessary for each CPC to have a different Name value if you don't wish to.

Installation Basics – Enable BCPii on the CPC (continued...)

Finally, click OK to apply and save the changes



Customize API Settings

SNMP

Enable Allow capacity change API requests

SNMP agent parameters:

Community Names

Select	Name	Address	Network Mask / Prefix	Access Type
<input checked="" type="radio"/>	BCPii	127.0.0.1	255.255.255.255	write

Add... Change... Delete

SNMPv3 Users

Select	User Name	Access Type
<input type="checkbox"/>		

Add... Change... Delete

Event Notification Information

Specify any additional locations where SNMP trap messages will be sent.

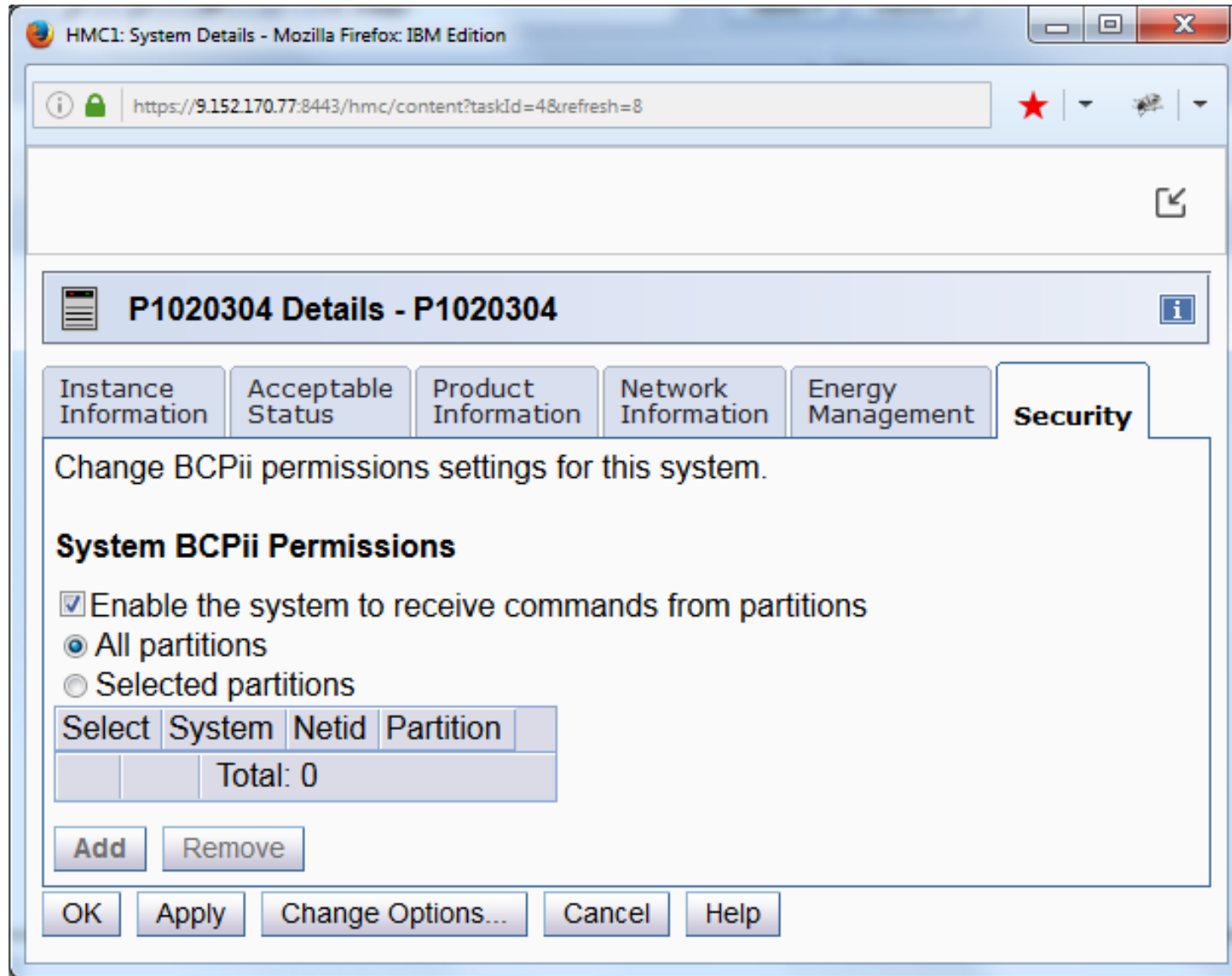
Select	TCP/IP Address
<input type="checkbox"/>	

Add... Change... Delete

OK Cancel Help

BCPii is now enabled for this CPC!

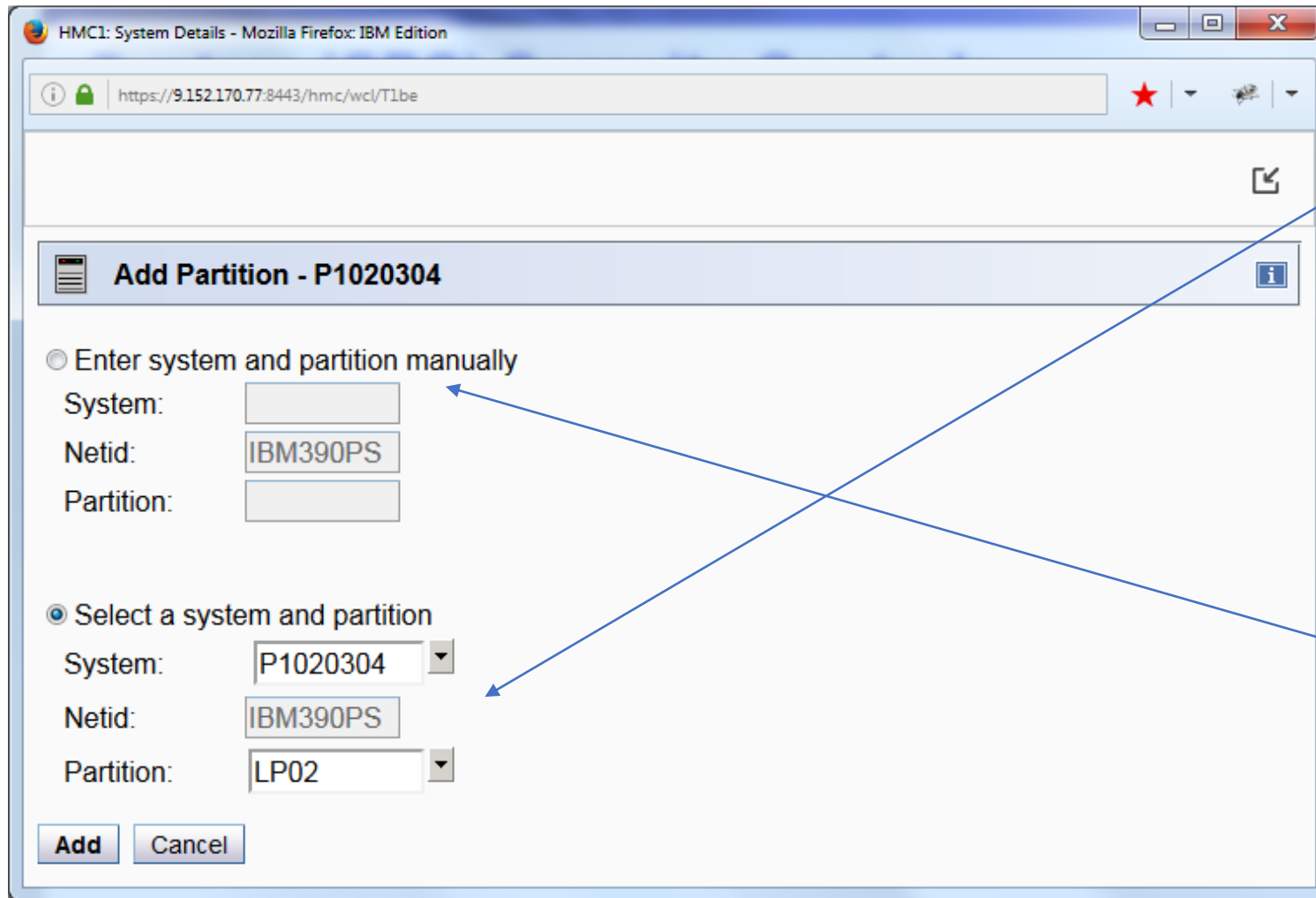
Setup SE BCPii security controls - z14 BCPii CPC Security Controls



- Select Systems Management -> Select the CPC that is required -> System Details task -> Security tab
- To grant authority to all partitions on all CPCs to issue BCPii calls against this CPC, ensure that the following options are selected: a. Enable the system to receive commands from partitions b. All partitions

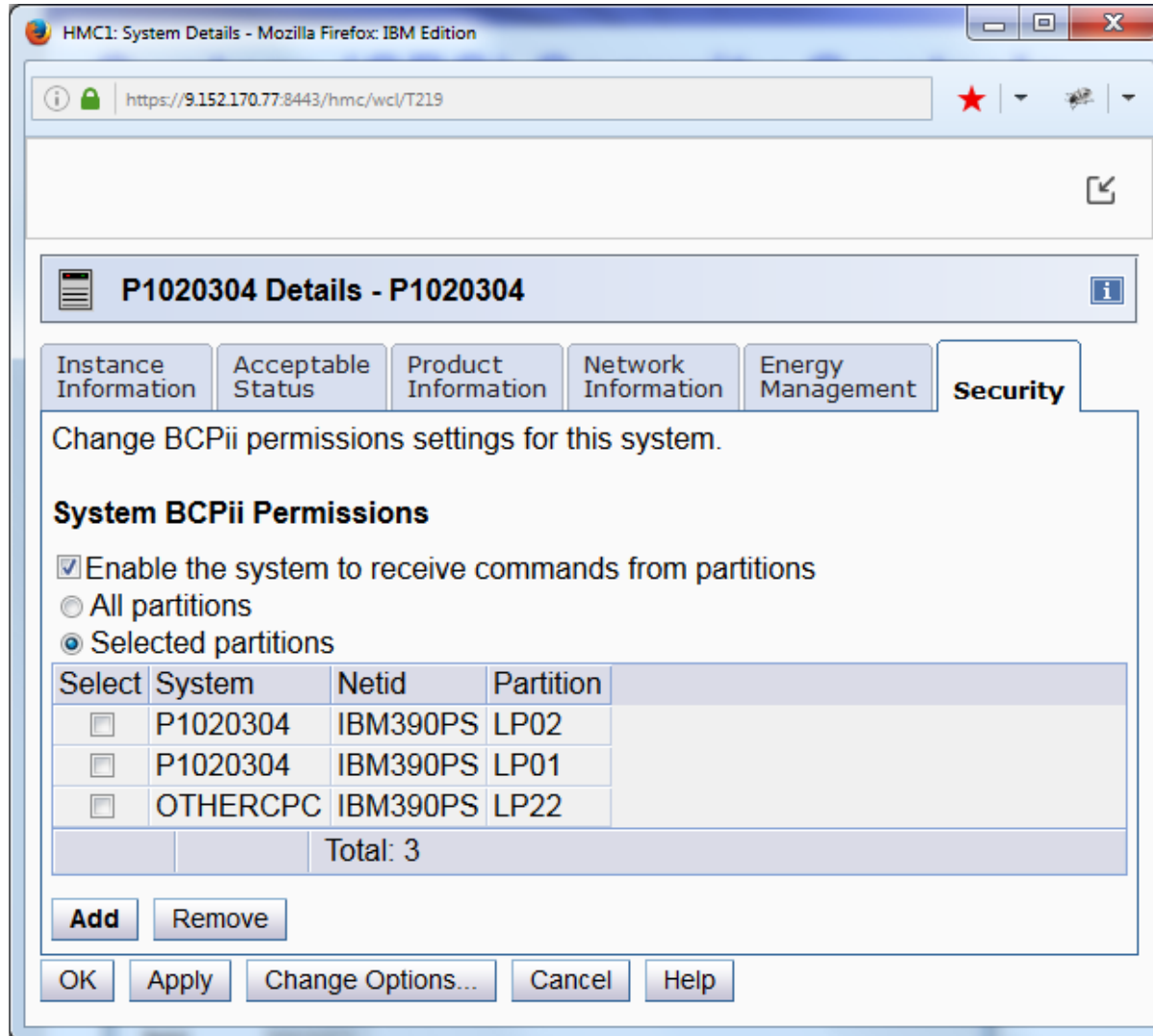
Setup SE BCPii security controls - z14 BCPii CPC

Security Controls – adding partitions



- 1. Can select from the set of known partitions
- Known partitions are from the point of view of the system/partition being configured
- “Local” partitions based on the currently defined image profiles.
- “Remote” partitions learned from managing HMCs.
- 2. Can enter a partition manually for cases like pre-planning.

Setup SE BCPii security controls - z14 BCPii CPC Security Controls – adding partitions



- Can also allow only selected partitions.
- Check the check box only to remove a CPC/Image from the list.

Setup SE BCPii security controls - z14 BCPii LPAR Security Controls

HMCI: Change LPAR Security - Mozilla Firefox: IBM Edition

https://9.152.170.77.8443/hmc/content?taskId=6&refresh=24

Change Logical Partition Security - P1020304

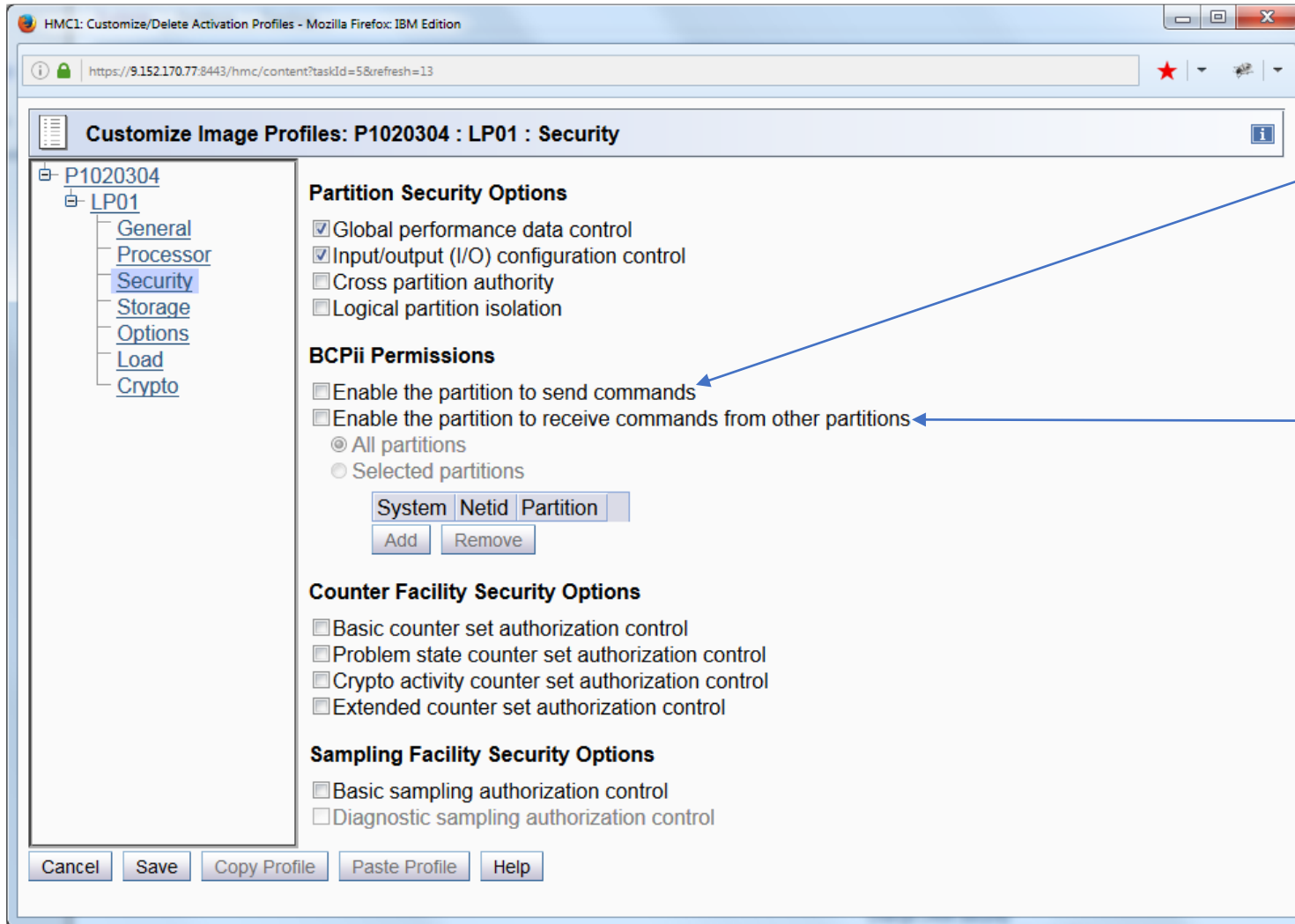
Input/Output Configuration Data Set (IOCDs): a1 Midas30

Select	Logical Partition	Active	Performance Data Control	I/O Config Control	Cross Partition Authority	BCPii Permissions	Partition Isolation	Basic Counter	Problem State Counter	Crypto Activity Counter	Extended Counter	Basic Sampling	Diagnostic Sampling
<input type="checkbox"/>	BLUEC1	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	BLUEC2	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	CF01	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	CF02	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	LP01	Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Send & Receive	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	LP02	Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Receive	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	LP04	Yes	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Send	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	LP05	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	LP06	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	LP07	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	LP08	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	LP10	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	LP11	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	LP14	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	LP15	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	LP16	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	LP17	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	LP18	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	LP19	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	LP20	No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Disabled	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

Save and Change Change Running System Save to Profiles Reset Cancel Help

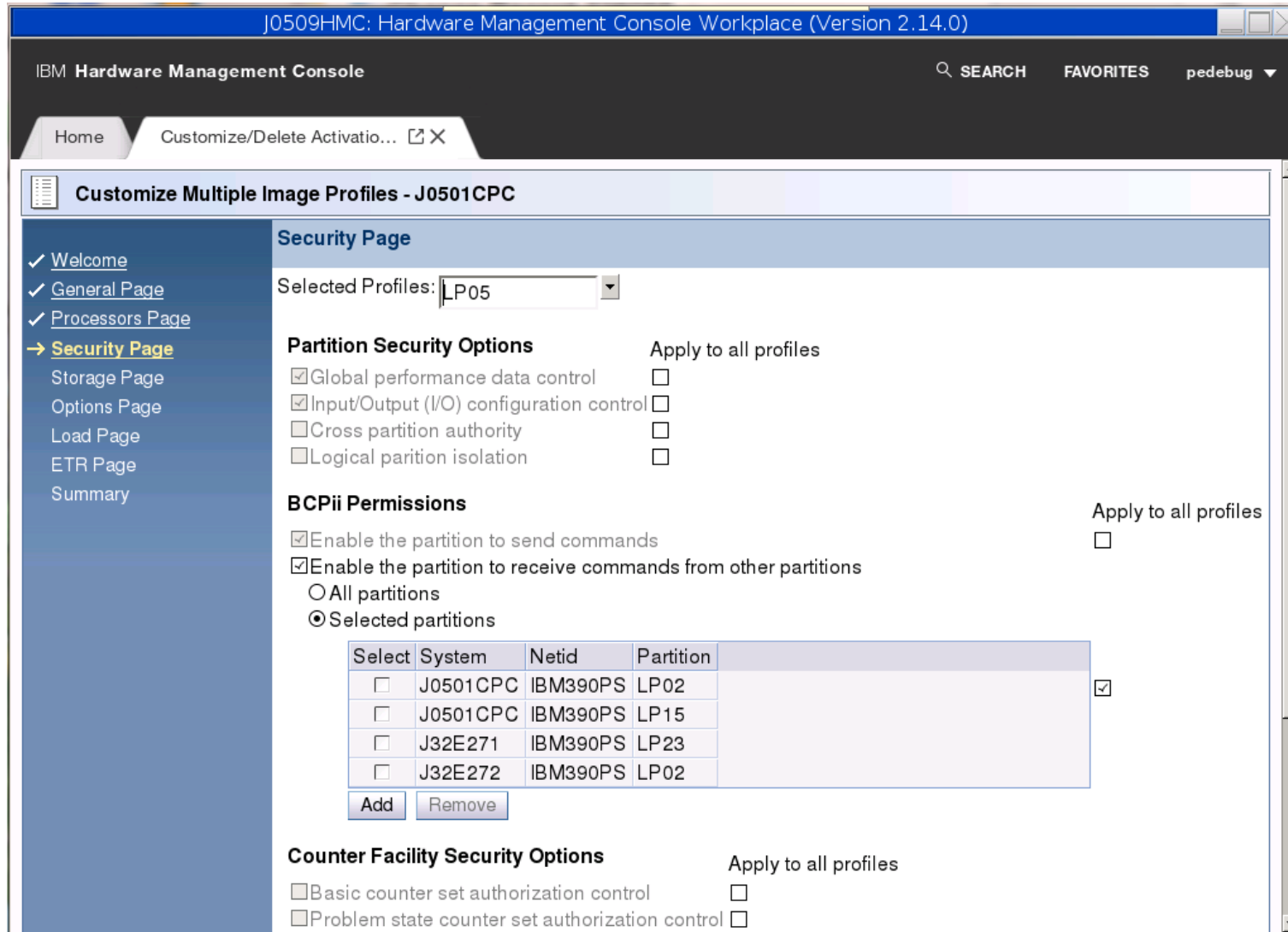
- CPC Operational Customization -> Change LPAR Security.
- Used to view/alter LPAR BCPii security controls.
- Available on HMC and SE. HMC only supports z14 and higher
- Click “BCPii Permissions” link to view/alter BCPii security control setting.

Setup SE BCPii security controls - Image Profile Security Controls



- Allows BCPii to be enabled on this image and to be able to potentially access other entities.
- Allows BCPii requests to target this partition from all or a select set of local and remote partitions.

Setup SE BCPii security control – Multiple Image Profile Security Controls



The screenshot shows the IBM Hardware Management Console interface for configuring security controls. The main window is titled "Customize Multiple Image Profiles - J0501CPC". The "Security Page" is selected in the left-hand navigation menu. The "Selected Profiles" dropdown is set to "LP05".

Partition Security Options (Apply to all profiles):

- Global performance data control
- Input/Output (I/O) configuration control
- Cross partition authority
- Logical partition isolation

BCPii Permissions (Apply to all profiles):

- Enable the partition to send commands
- Enable the partition to receive commands from other partitions
- All partitions
- Selected partitions

Select	System	Netid	Partition	
<input type="checkbox"/>	J0501CPC	IBM390PS	LP02	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	J0501CPC	IBM390PS	LP15	
<input type="checkbox"/>	J32E271	IBM390PS	LP23	
<input type="checkbox"/>	J32E272	IBM390PS	LP02	

Counter Facility Security Options (Apply to all profiles):

- Basic counter set authorization control
- Problem state counter set authorization control

- Can change multiple image activation profiles at the same time to easily configure the same BCPii permission settings.

Setup on z/OS

- BCPii address space requirements
 - hlq.SCEERUN and hlq.SCEERUN2 data sets must be in LNKLST (in a special list of programs that are accessible to z/OS applications)
- Program authority for BCPii applications
 - Programs that will be calling BCPii services must reside in an APF-authorized library.

Setting up BCPii Security Definitions – General Authority

- General BCPii authority for applications
 - The profile HWI.APPLNAME.HWISERV in the FACILITY resource class controls which applications can use BCPii services.
 - Anyone wishing to use BCPii must at least have READ access to this profile.
 - The FACILITY class must be RACLISTed

Setting up BCPii Security Definitions – Specific Authority to Hardware Resources

A BCPii application needs to have authority to the particular resource (CPC, Image, Capacity Record, Activation Profile) that it is trying to access (This is IN ADDITION to having access to the HWISERV FACILITY profile).

Profile names are:

- CPC: HWI.TARGET.netid.nau
- Image: HWI.TARGET.netid.nau.imagename
- Capacity Record: HWI.CAPREC.netid.nau.caprec
- Activation Profile:HWI.TARGET.netid.nau

Note: netid.nau is the 3-17 character SNA name for CPC (defined when you first define the SE to the HMC)

Setting up BCPii Security Definitions – Security Levels

- Choose SAF authority to a specific resource listed above to allow BCPii service access:
 - HWILIST, HWICONN, HWIDISC, HWIEVENT, HWIQUERY
 - At least **READ** access
 - HWISET
 - At least **UPDATE** access
 - HWICMD
 - At least **CONTROL** access



Setting up BCPii Security Definitions – Associate SE Community Name with CPC security definition

- When defining the CPC profiles, APPLDATA must match the community name you specified on the SE:
 - `RDEFINE FACILITY HWI.TARGET.USIBMSC.SCZP301
UACC(NONE) APPLDATA('BCPII')`
- This will need to be repeated for every CPC that BCPii will be communicating with

The BCPii address space

- **System automatically tries to start BCPii address space at every IPL:**
 - Address space name is HWIBCPii.
 - Address space shows up in SDSF DA, but not in D A,L output.
- **Address space can be stopped using P HWIBCPii command:**
 - Once the address space is stopped, no BCPii calls will be processed.
 - ENF signal is broadcast to let any interested parties know that the interface is stopping.
 - If P command doesn't work, you can use a CANCEL HWIBCPii
- **Address space can be started again using S HWISTART (HWISTART is delivered in SYS1.PROCLIB)**

How to check the status of BCPii

- There is currently no console command to check the status of BCPii.
- If Pre-reqs are not in place at IPL time, address space will start and then stop.
- So, if address space is active, that is at least a positive sign.
 - Check for message HWI001I BCPII IS ACTIVE among IPL messages
 - Doesn't guarantee that every CPC has been set up to support BCPII
 - Currently the only way to check is from a program that uses the BCPII API
 - If program doesn't get 'F00'X return code (HWI_NOT_AVAILABLE), BCPii is active on the system.

Start BCPii

Having completed the setup work on the local CPC and in RACF, we now start BCPii address space:

```

Display Filter View Print Options Search Help
-----
SDSF OPERLOG  DATE 08/04/2012  0 WTORS  1 FILTER  COLUMNS 52- 131
-----
-----PAGING COUNTS-----
000210 -JOBNAME  STEPNAME  PROCSTEP  RC  EXCP  CPU  SRB  VECT  VAFF
CLOCK  SERV  PG  PAGE  SWAP  VIO SWAPS
000210 -HWISTART  STARTING  HWISTART  00  0  1  .00  .00  .00  .00
.0  39  0  0  0  0  0
000210 -HWISTART ENDED.  NAME-  TOTAL CPU TIME=  .00
TOTAL ELAPSED TIME=  .0
000010 $HASP395 HWISTART ENDED
000200 IEA989I SLIP TRAP ID=X33E MATCHED.  JOBNAME=*UNAVAIL, ASID=012D.
000201 IEF196I 1 //IEESYSAS JOB MSGLEVEL=1
000201 IEF196I 2 //HWIBCPii EXEC IEESYSAS,PROG=HWIAMIN2
000201 IEF196I STMT NO.  MESSAGE
000201 IEF196I 2 IEF001I PROCEDURE IEESYSAS WAS EXPANDED USING
SYSTEM
000201 IEF196I LIBRARY SYS1.PROCLIB
000201 IEF196I 3 XXIEESYSAS PROC PROG=IEFBR14
000201 IEF196I 4 XXIEFPROC EXEC PGM=&PROG
000201 IEF196I XX* THE IEESYSAS PROCEDURE IS SPECIFIED IN THE
000201 IEF196I XX* PARAMETER LIST TO IEEMB881 BY MVS COMPONENTS
000201 IEF196I XX* STARTING FULL FUNCTION SYSTEM ADDRESS SPACES.
000201 IEF196I IEF0653I SUBSTITUTION JCL - PGM=HWIAMIN2
000200 IEE252I MEMBER CTIHWI00 FOUND IN SYS1.IBM.PARMLIB
000201 IEF196I IEF285I SYS1.PARMLIB KEPT
000201 IEF196I IEF285I VOL SER NOS= #@$#M1.
000201 IEF196I IEF285I SYS1.IBM.PARMLIB KEPT
000201 IEF196I IEF285I IEF285I IEF285I IEF285I IEF285I IEF285I IEF285I IEF285I
000010 HWI016I THE BCPii COMMUNICATION RECOVERY ENVIRONMENT IS 962
000010 NOW ESTABLISHED.
000210 HWI007I BCPii IS ATTEMPTING COMMUNICATION WITH THE LOCAL CENTRAL 963
000210 PROCESSOR COMPLEX (CPC).
000010 HWI001I BCPii IS ACTIVE
000000 IXC104I SYSTEM STATUS DETECTION PARTITIONING PROTOCOL ELIGIBILITY: 965
000000 SYSTEM CANNOT TARGET OTHER SYSTEMS.
000000 REASON: SYSPLEX COUPLE DATA SET NOT FORMATTED FOR THE PROTOCOL
000000 SYSTEM IS NOT ELIGIBLE TO BE TARGETED BY OTHER SYSTEMS.
000000 REASON: SYSPLEX COUPLE DATA SET NOT FORMATTED FOR THE PROTOCOL
*****
COMMAND INPUT ==>
F1=HELP F2=SPLIT F3=END F4=RETURN F5=IFIND F6=BOOK
F7=UP F8=DOWN F9=SWAP nex F10=LEFT F11=RIGHT F12=RETRIEVE

```


What Can I do with BCPii?

Off the shelf solutions

What can I do with BCPii?

- Sampling of IBM products/features using z/OS BCPii:
 - Parallel Sysplex (System Status Detect Partitioning Protocol)
 - Capacity Provisioning Manager (CPM)
 - Hardware Configuration Definition (HCD)
 - Multi-Site Workload Lifeline

Why BCPii and SSDPP?

- If a member of a sysplex dies, it is probably holding resources that will be required by other members of the sysplex.
- The longer this situation lasts, the more units of work will be impacted.
- The goal is to partition a dead system as quickly out of the sysplex as possible

Why BCPii and SSDPP?

Prior to z/OS 1.11, the only mechanism that z/OS had to determine the status of another member of the sysplex was to check that system's heartbeat in the sysplex CDS.

- If a system is going through recovery, it might not be able to update its heartbeat in the CDS. This means that you need to give a system some "reasonable" amount of time to recover before the system partitions the sick system out of the sysplex.
- An IPL might take 30 minutes. Would you rather give a little more time for recovery to work, or kill it now and face an IPL? Your answer is probably "it depends on whether the system is dead or is in the middle of recovery".
- Prior to z/OS 1.11, z/OS had no way to know whether another system was dead or trying to recover.
- SSDPP (and BCPii) changed that.

Before and after SSD (and BCPii)

- Before:
 - Wait until the Failure Detection Interval (FDI) occurs before partitioning the system out of the plex.
 - A system that wait states takes roughly just under 3 minutes before Sysplex Failure Manager (SFM) detects the problem
 - “Sympathy sickness” abounds on all systems in the sysplex for all of this time

Before and after SSD (and BCPii)

- New way:
 - Use BCPii whenever a heartbeat is missed to detect the status of the other system
 - If system is dead, SysReset that image and partition it out of the sysplex immediately
 - Systems not dead experience on average more than 2.5 minutes of relief from sympathy sickness
 - “Reply Down” message becomes mostly obsolete, reducing human error to this WTOR prompt
 - AutoIPL can be used in conjunction with this function to bring back the dead system

System Status Detection Partitioning Protocol

- **Summary:**
 - Prereqs:
 - Correctly formatted Sysplex CDS
 - Implement BCPii
 - System Status Detection Partitioning Protocol is a significant step forward. This is the most fundamental change to handling of system failures since the introduction of SFM.
 - Easy to implement.
 - You can start to enable it immediately - no need to wait for the whole sysplex to be upgraded.

Capacity Provisioning Manager

- Today's challenges to manage capacity
 - Unexpected events and workload spikes can afford higher processing capacity
 - Manual capacity management can be time-consuming and error prone
 - Capacity provisioning decisions must be made without sound data



Manual capacity upgrades – How it could look like

1.	Workload increases	0 min
2.	Operator realizes bottleneck	5-10 min
3.	Operator informs system programmers and manager	2 min
4.	Discussion	10 min
5.	Logon to HMC, change capacity	5 min

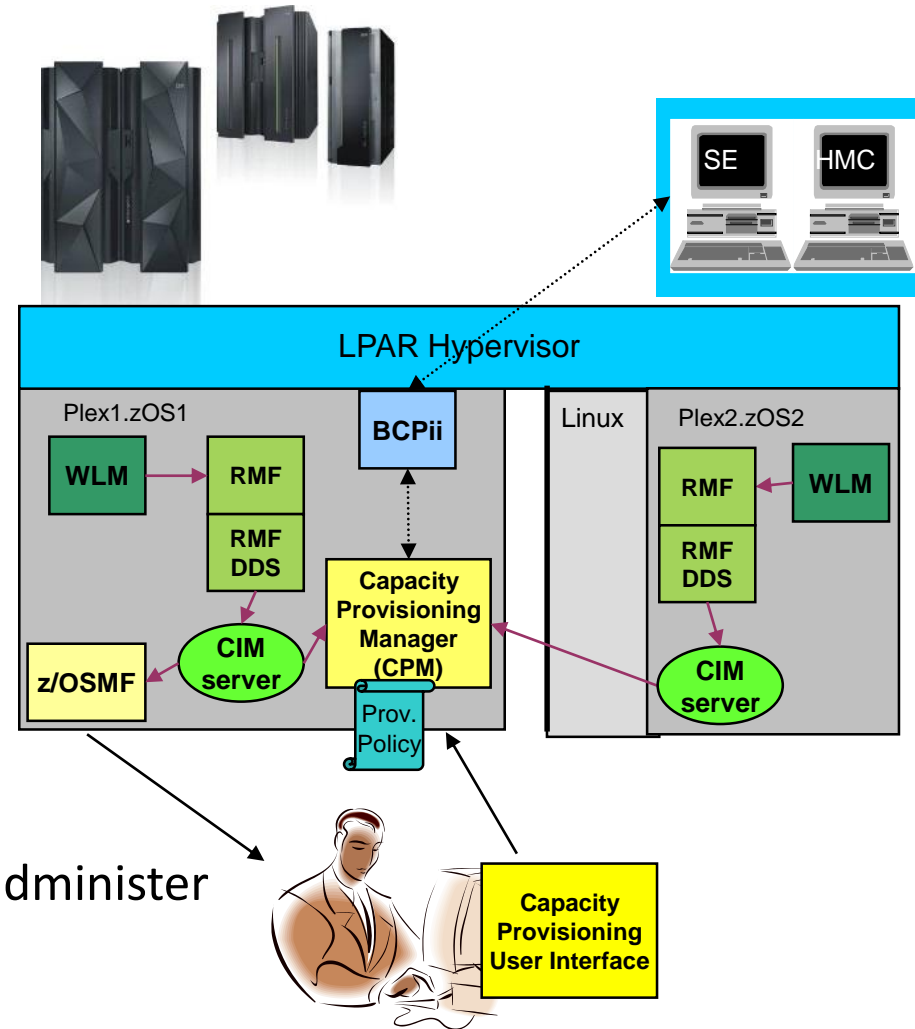
... meanwhile, so much workload may have queued up that a small amount of additional capacity would be insufficient to decrease the queued workload

→ Much more capacity has to be added

CPM can react faster and reduce cost

Capacity Provisioning – Infrastructure in a Nutshell

- z/OS WLM manages workloads to goals and business importance
- WLM indicators available through monitoring component
 - E.g. z/OS Resource Measurement Facility (RMF)
 - One RMF gatherer per z/OS system
 - RMF Distributed Data Server (DDS) per Sysplex
- Capacity Provisioning Manager (CPM) retrieves critical metrics through CIM
- CPM communicates to support elements or HMC, via BCPii.
- Capacity Provisioning User Interface is front end to administer Capacity Provisioning policies
 - z/OSMF Capacity Provisioning task



CPM Policies and Processing Parameters

- CPM server uses three types of input:
 - **Domain configuration** defines the topology and connections, such as the CPCs and z/OS systems that are to be managed by the server
 - **Policy** contains the information as to
 - which work is provisioning eligible,
under which conditions and during which timeframes
 - how much capacity may be activated when the work suffers due to insufficient processing capacity
 - **PARM** data set contains setup instructions such as UNIX environment variables, and various processing options that may be set by an installation.

CPM Behavior

- When that work does not achieve its goal due to insufficient capacity and additional capacity would help, and
- The performance index of service class periods exceeds the activation threshold for a specified duration
 - Work is considered to require help and additional capacity is temporarily added using purchased capacity records
- Sophisticated controls can scope on processor limits, defined capacity limits, and group capacity limits
- Audit trails

HCD and BCPii

- HCD contains a **Microprocessor Cluster List**, to display all logical partitions belong to the current CPC.
 - Useful information can be displayed such as:
 - Sysplex name the partition belongs
 - Name of the system running in the displayed partition
 - Operating system type
 - Operating system release level

IBM Multi-site Workload Lifeline

- Enables intelligent load balancing of TCP/IP workloads across two sites at unlimited distances to provide nearly continuous availability.
- Enables movement of workloads from one site to another by providing graceful rerouting.
- Lifeline uses BCPii to detect site failures. Lifeline communicates with all CPCs on the HMC network across both sites, to determine whether the LPARs that make up the z/OS sysplexes within each site are available. If all LPARs within a site are no longer active, then Lifeline can trigger site failure processing.
- A key component of the GDPS/Active-Active solution.

What can I do with BCPii?

- Non-IBM offerings example:
 - **CA Technologies**
 - CA OPS/MVS[®] Hardware Services utilizes BCPii to automate hardware functions such as:
 - listening for hardware events based on coding simple rules.
 - Event data is made available as simple rule variables.
 - issuing directives to the hardware easily
 - GETATTR, SETATTR and SENDCMD to specific CPC, LPAR or Activation profile entities
 - Example: can set CPU weights, CBU, COD, etc..

What can I do with BCPii?

- Non-IBM offerings example:
 - **BMC Software**
 - Mainview AutoOPERATOR[®] REXX execs utilize BCPii to List, Query, Set and issue commands to targeted hardware entities
 - “The IMFEXEC HMC capability may be interwoven with the existing automation to improve system throughput/reliability or reduce financial costs (eg. MSU based IBM charges).”
 - Examples of use: Querying and altering the GroupProfileCapacity, Changing the number of processors in an LPAR, etc..

What can I do with BCPii?

- Non-IBM offerings examples:
 - **zPrice Manager[®]**
 - Every 5 minutes zPrice Manager will compare the actual MSU usage, the 4hr MSU usage, and other parameters against rules, act accordingly and offload the information for reporting purposes. zPrice Manager accesses HMC through the BCPii interface.
 - Changes weighting, defined capacity and capacity groups based on user specified rules
 - zDynaCap[®] is another product from same company that also uses BCPii.

What can I do with BCPii?

- Non-IBM offerings example:
 - **zCost Management AutoSoftCapping[®]**
 - Optimizes the performance of your system while controlling your Workload License Charges.
 - Dynamically load balances between the LPARS
 - Controlled total defined capacity
 - Web reporting
 - Forces better compliance with SLAs at the lowest cost

What Can I do with BCPii?

Writing my own BCPii app

Typical BCPii usage when writing your own application

- Application to change LPAR weights at strategic times to push thru critical work
- Application to change LPAR weights to meet SLAs or to reduce costs
- Application to synchronize primary sysplex with disaster recovery site
- Remote data center operations
- React to hardware messages on the CPC
- Remote student partition administration

Programming Basics

- BCPii services available
 - **HWILIST** (BCPii List)
 - **HWICONN** (BCPii Connect)
 - **HWIDISC** (BCPii Disconnect)
 - **HWIQUERY** (BCPii Query)
 - **HWISET** (BCPii Set)
 - **HWICMD** (BCPii Command)
 - **HWIEVENT** (BCPii Event (for non-z/OS Unix callers))
 - **HwiBeginEventDelivery, HwiEndEventDelivery, HwiManageEvents, HwiGetEvent** (for z/OS Unix callers)

Programming Basics

- **HWILIST** - Retrieve HMC and BCPii configuration-related information
 - **List CPCS**
 - List the CPCs interconnected with the local CPC
 - **List Images**
 - List the images (LPARs) contained on an individual CPC or in user-defined imagegrp
 - **List Capacity Records**
 - List the capacity records contained on an individual CPC
 - **List Events**
 - List the events already registered on a particular BCPii connection
 - **List Local CPC, List Local Image**
 - Obtain the name of the CPC name or image (LPAR) name that the BCPii application is currently running on.
 - **List Reset Activation Profiles, List Image A.P. and List Load A.P.**
 - List the currently defined activation profiles contained on a individual CPC
 - **List User-defined Image Group Names**
 - List the currently defined image group names contained on an individual CPC.

Programming Basics

- **HWICONN** - Establish a logical connection between the application and a:
 - Central processor complex (CPC),
 - CPC image (LPAR) on a particular CPC,
 - Capacity record on particular CPC
 - Activation Profiles
 - User-defined image groups
- Input:
 - Connection type (above 3 types)
 - Connection name (CPC example: net1.cpc01)
 - Previous ConnectToken (if type is image, caprec, activation profile, or user-defined image group)
- Output:
 - ConnectToken used on subsequent BCPii calls.

Programming Basics

- **HWIDISC** – Release a logical connection no longer needed
- Input:
 - **ConnectToken**
- How are connections implicitly disconnected?
 - **C, Assembler, System REXX**
 - When a job completes associated with the BCPii application (JES or z/OS UNIX initiator), when the address space has terminated, or when the address space that invoked the System REXX exec has terminated.
 - **TSO/E REXX, ISV-provided REXX environment**
 - When the REXX exec ends

Programming Basics

- **HWIQUERY** - Retrieve information about objects managed by the hardware management console (HMC)/support element related to:
 - Central processor complexes (CPCs),
 - CPC images (LPARs) on a particular CPC,
 - Capacity records on particular CPC
 - Activation Profiles (Reset, Image, or Load)
 - User-defined Image group properties
- Input:
 - ConnectToken (associated with one of the above)
 - List of attributes requested, data areas to store the return values)
- Output:
 - Data returned

Programming Basics

- Examples of information you can query
 - **CPC information**
 - **General information**
 - **Name, serial, machine type, id, networking info, level of SE, engineer code & microcode levels installed**
 - **Status information**
 - **Operating status and other status values**
 - **Capacity information**
 - **Various CBU info, Capacity on Demand info, Processor configuration, including IFA, IFL, ICF, IIP**
 - **Power savings information**
 - **Is power savings available?, current power savings mode, supported power saving modes available**
 - **Image information**
 - **General information**
 - **Name, OS info**
 - **Capacity information**
 - **Defined capacity, Processor weights**

Programming Basics

- Examples of information you can query (continued):
 - Capacity record information
 - General information
 - **Name, Activation and expiration dates, activation days**
 - Status information
 - **Record status**
 - Capacity information
 - **The entire Capacity record**
 - Activation profile information
 - Most activation profiles values

Programming Basics

- **HWISET**– Change or set data for objects managed by the hardware management console (HMC)/support element related to:
 - Central processor complexes (CPCs),
 - CPC images (LPARs) on a particular CPC,
 - Activation Profiles
- Input:
 - ConnectToken (associated with one of the above)
 - Attribute (object) to modify, the modified value, the value length
- Output
 - Return code

Programming Basics

- Examples of information you can set
 - **CPC information**
 - Acceptable status values
 - Next Reset activation profile name
 - Processor Running Time
 - **Image information**
 - Various processor weights
 - Defined Capacity
 - **Activation Profile Information**
 - Most activation profile values

Programming Basics

- **HWICMD** – Direct hardware/software commands to CPCs, images and user-defined image groups
- Input:
 - ConnectToken (associated with a CPC, image, or image group)
 - Command parameter structure (based on the type of command issued)
- Output
 - Synchronous return code
 - Asynchronous command completion event delivered to previously-registered event user when command finishes.
 - **For image commands targeted to an image group, one image event is returned for each image in the user-defined image group.**

Programming Basics

- Examples of commands that can be issued:
 - **CPC commands**
 - Activate, Deactivate an entire CPC
 - CBU request
 - **Activate or Undo**
 - On/Off Capacity on Demand request
 - **Activate or Undo**
 - Switch Power Savings Mode
 - Sysplex Timer (STP) commands
 - **Image commands**
 - SysReset, SysReset with IPL Token
 - Load
 - Start, Stop all CPs
 - Add or remove temporary capacity
 - Issue operating system command

Programming Basics

- **HWIEVENT (non-z/OS Unix callers)** – Register/Un-register an application and its connection to be notified for hardware and software events occurring on the connected CPC or image.
- Input:
 - ConnectToken (associated with a CPC or image)
 - Event action (Add or Delete)
 - Events for which an application wants to be notified
 - ENF exit to receive control when event arrives
- BCPii registers the user with ENF for this event(s) such that the ENF exit is driven only when the CPC and/or image name of the connector matches.

Programming Basics

- Examples of events that can be listened to:
 - Command completions
 - Status changes
 - Capacity changes
 - Disabled waits
 - Power mode changes
 - BCPii status changes and communication errors

Programming Basics

- Services available in any address space
 - Program-authorized, and
 - SAF-authorized
- Multiple languages supported
 - C
 - Assembler
 - REXX
- z/OS UNIX callers can receive event notifications thru z/OS UNIX-only services utilizing the Common Event Adapter (CEA)

Programming Basics

- Interface Definition Files (IDF, or include files) provided by BCPii:
 - *C (provided in SYS1.SIEAHDRV.H)*
 - HWICIC – Main BCPii include file
 - HWIZHAPI – Additional constant definitions include file
 - *Assembler (provided in SYS1.MACLIB)*
 - HWICIASM – Main BCPii include file
 - HWIC2ASM – Additional constant definitions include file
 - *REXX (provided in SYS1.MACLIB)*
 - HWICIREX – Main BCPii include file
 - HWIC2REX – Additional constant definitions include file

Programming Basics – Samples (non-REXX)

- BCPii sample programs (*provided in samplib*):
 - C sample written in Metal C:
 - HWIXMCS1 provides an example of how to use all of the traditional BCPii APIs and how to construct a simple BCPii application.
 - HWIXMCX1 provides a simple example of how a BCPii Event Notification Facility (ENF) exit could be coded to field various BCPii-registered events.

Programming Basics – REXX Support

- **BCPii also provides a REXX host command environment for System REXX, TSO REXX and ISV REXX environments. (address bcpii)**
 - Same authorization requirements as current BCPii applications
 - Simpler programming model than in C or Assembler
 - Programming style is intuitive for REXX programmer
 - Use of stem variables for variable number of items output
 - Parameter lists for BCPii services using REXX are simpler than C or Assembler parameter lists
 - Differences documented in the publications
 - BCPii REXX programs compatible with the different REXX environments*
 - Built-in RC return will indicate if BCPii processed the host command successfully. If zero, the BCPii return code should be consulted.

* For the common services supported by BCPii in the different environments

Programming Basics – z/OS BCPii REXX

- z/OS BCPii APIs supported in REXX:

Services	System REXX	TSO REXX	ISV REXX
HWICONN	X	X	X
HWIDISC	X	X	X
HWILIST	X	X	X
HWIQUERY	X	X	X
HWISET	X	X	X
HWIEVENT	X		
HWICMD	X		

Programming Basics

- **z/OS BCPii System REXX support**
 - Full support of BCPii API suite
 - Command and event require non-REXX event exit and a program to wait on an ECB based on event activity
 - Ability for REXX BCPii applications to work with other C or Assembler BCPii applications
 - The Connect Token can be passed to and from the REXX exec and the other compiled BCPii applications.
 - Connections have address space affinity
 - When AXREXX macro invoker's address space terminates, BCPii will implicitly disconnect all connections
 - TSO=YES and TSO=NO environments supported
 - TSO=YES allows REXX to interpret the IBM-supplied REXX include file
 - TSO=NO requires the IBM-supplied include file to be copied into the exec
 - TIMELIMIT keyword can be used to throttle BCPii exec execution time
 - The default 30 seconds value may need to be adjusted

Programming Basics

- **z/OS BCPii System REXX support (*continued*):**
 - Two methods of execution of BCPii REXX execs
 - Code an assembler program to invoke the AXREXX macro
 - Specify the name of BCPii REXX exec and any of the myriad of AXREXX options
 - New BCPii helper program HWIREXX
 - IBM-supplied helper program shipped in SYS1.LINKLIB that authorized users can invoke to launch their System REXX execs
 - Simple REXX execs can be invoked directly without the need to code the AXREXX assembler macro
 - A set of input parameters allows minor customization
 - Samplib JCL member HWIXMRJL provides list of parameters HWIREXX takes as input (supports a subset of AXREXX options)

Programming Basics

- **z/OS BCPii TSO REXX Support**
- Support of all BCPii APIs except HWIEVENT and HWICMD
- Connections have task affinity
 - All connections created by the REXX exec are automatically cleaned-up by BCPii when exec completes
 - Connections cannot be shared with other BCPii applications or REXX execs
- Same SAF authorization requirements as other BCPii applications
- Setup required for TSO REXX support
 - IKJTSOxx parmlib member must have the following update:
 - AUTHTSF NAMES (HWIC1TRX)

Programming Basics

- **z/OS BCPii ISV REXX Support**
- Support of all BCPii APIs except HWIEVENT and HWICMD
- Connections have task affinity
 - All connections created by the REXX exec are automatically cleaned-up by BCPii when exec completes
 - Connections cannot be shared with other BCPii applications or REXX execs
- Same program and SAF authorization requirements as other BCPii applications
 - Must be invoked from an authorized address space
- To get the “bcpii” host command environment, the REXX exec must issue the following statement:
 - `rc = hwihost("ON")`

Programming Basics

Example of z/OS BCPii REXX exec in action:

```

ListType = HWI_LIST_CPCS
address bcpii "hwilist
              ReturnCode
              ConnectToken
              ListType
              CPCList.
              DiagArea."
If rc <> 0 | ReturnCode <> 0 Then
  /* Error handling code here */
Else
  Do
    Say 'Number of CPCs returned = ' CPCList.0
    /* Write the list of CPCs returned. */
    Do i = 1 to CPCList.0
      say 'CPC '|| i ' = ' CPCList.i
    End
  End
End

```

Programming Basics

- BCPii sample programs (*provided in samplib*):
 - REXX samples:
 - HWIXMRS1 provides a sample of how to use the connect, disconnect, list, query and set APIs in a similar format as HWIXMCS1.
 - HWIXMRS2 provide examples of using HWIEVENT and HWICMD in the System REXX environment. Assembler helper program HWIXMRA1 is required in order to run the REXX sample.
 - Sets up common storage accessible to both ENF Exit and waiting program.
 - Provides example of using the AXREXX macro to invoke the BCPii REXX exec
 - HWIXMRJL provides sample JCL to run a simple BCPii REXX under System REXX without having to code an Assembler program

Recent z/OS BCPii Enhancements

Recent z/OS BCPii Enhancements

- New BCPii Security Controls (z14)
- BCPii performance improvements
- Absolute capping base support
- Absolute capping group support
- New more flexible HWICMD2 service
- Support for larger data returned from SE
- Support for dynamic CPC name change
- New HWISET2 service (multiple attribute set)
- SMF logging & SE logging – V2R2

Reference Material

Questions?



We want your feedback!

- Please submit your feedback online at
 - <http://conferences.gse.org.uk/2018/feedback/BB>
- Paper feedback forms are also available from the Chair person
- This session is BB

