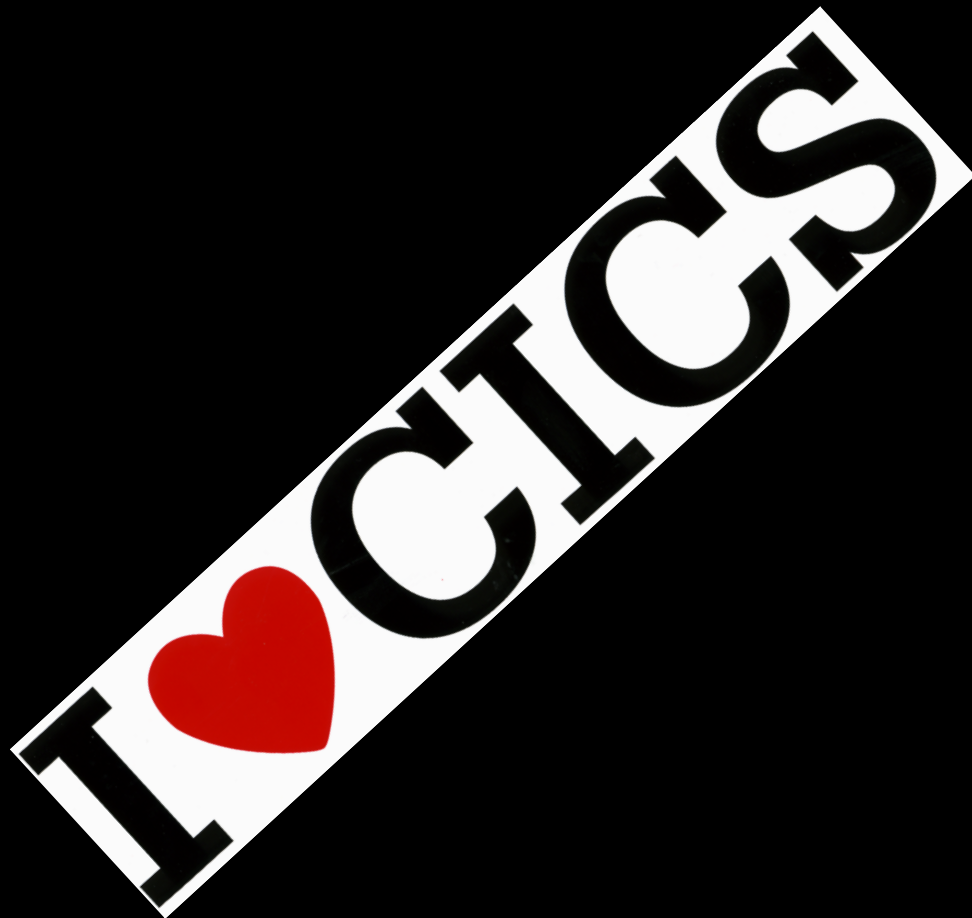


Do your application
developers love CICS

Will Yates

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@hobbit1983



**Developing a CICS
application is the
same as developing
any other application**

Our aim for developers

Developing a CICS application is the same as developing any other application

Works the same

Without good reason, why should development be different in CICS compared to another environment?

No one-size-fits-all

Experiences suited for each type of developer that creates applications for CICS.

Effortless collaboration

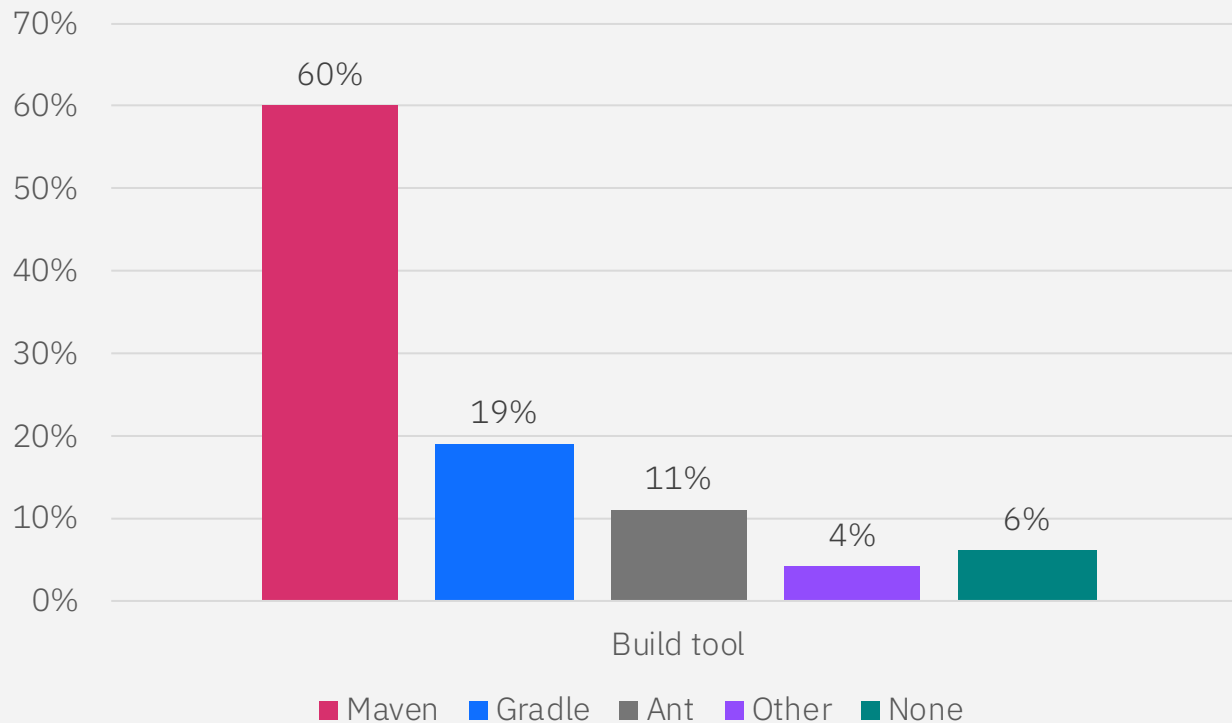
With the right security model, different roles can enable, rather than constrain, one another — and still maintain a strong security posture.

CICS Bundle Development Using Maven And Gradle

- Since CICS TS V4 you have been able to write Java applications in CICS
- Java development in CICS feels different to other platforms
- We want to make CICS Java development more immediately recognizable to all Java developers
- Going to look at the problems with Java development, and what we're doing to fix them!



Build tool popularity



Source: [Snyk Java ecosystem report 2018](#)

What are Maven and Gradle?

Rarely does a java application not depend on any external components

Examples

- Java libraries for common functions
- Java libraries to use a middleware product - like JCICS

Using external OSS components allow greater flexibility, speed and value to market



What are Maven and Gradle?

Pluggable build systems and dependency management for Java applications

Pluggable build systems

- Create plugins which encapsulate build logic
- Plugins are shareable across projects within an enterprise, or with the world
- Applications can declare dependencies on plugins too

MavenTM



 **Gradle**

What are Maven and Gradle?

Pluggable build systems and dependency management for Java applications

Dependency management:

- Online catalog of libraries: Maven Central
- Used by both Maven and Gradle builds
- More than 3 million reusable components
- Application can declare dependencies on these libraries
- Maven and Gradle take care of retrieving the library and using it at build-time / runtime



The Central Repository

[Quick Stats](#)

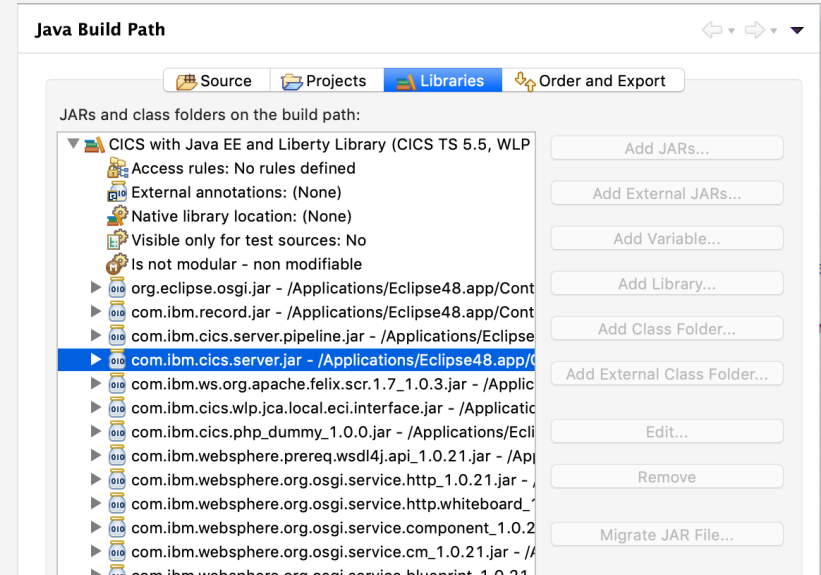
g:org.apache.commons AND a:commons-lang3

Group ID	Artifact ID	Latest Version
org.apache.commons	commons-lang3	3.9
org.apache.commons	commons-lang3	3.8.1
org.apache.commons	commons-lang3	3.8
org.apache.commons	commons-lang3	3.7
org.apache.commons	commons-lang3	3.6
org.apache.commons	commons-lang3	3.5

How's this fit into CICS Java development?

Not very smoothly!

- Java libraries for *EXEC CICS* API etc aren't available on Maven Central
- We built bespoke support in CICS Explorer for automatically setting up a compilation environment for you
 - Doesn't really help you if you want to use Maven or Gradle, though.
- Once you have the API to code against set up locally, actually writing the code in CICS Explorer is pretty good
- However, to get your Java into CICS, need to use a *CICS bundle*



Why do we need CICS bundles?

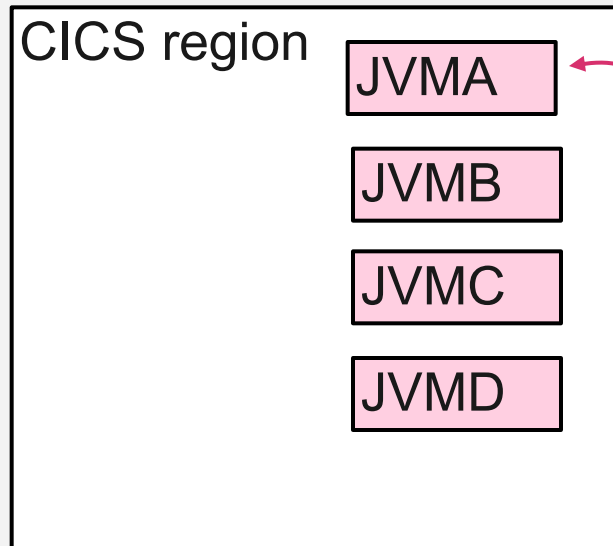
A CICS bundle is a package for deploying resources into CICS

Once our Java application is deployed, we need some way of referring to it so we can e.g. un-deploy it later

CICS bundle provides us

- Identity for a collection of resources
- Means of life-cycling them
- Means of supplying additional meta-data

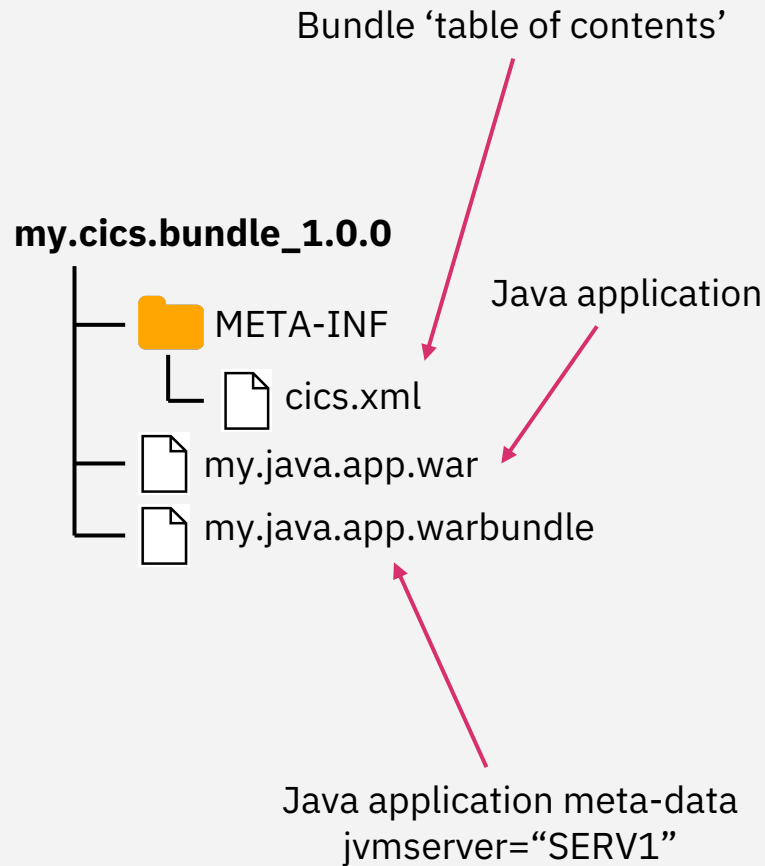
For Java applications we must specify **which JVM**



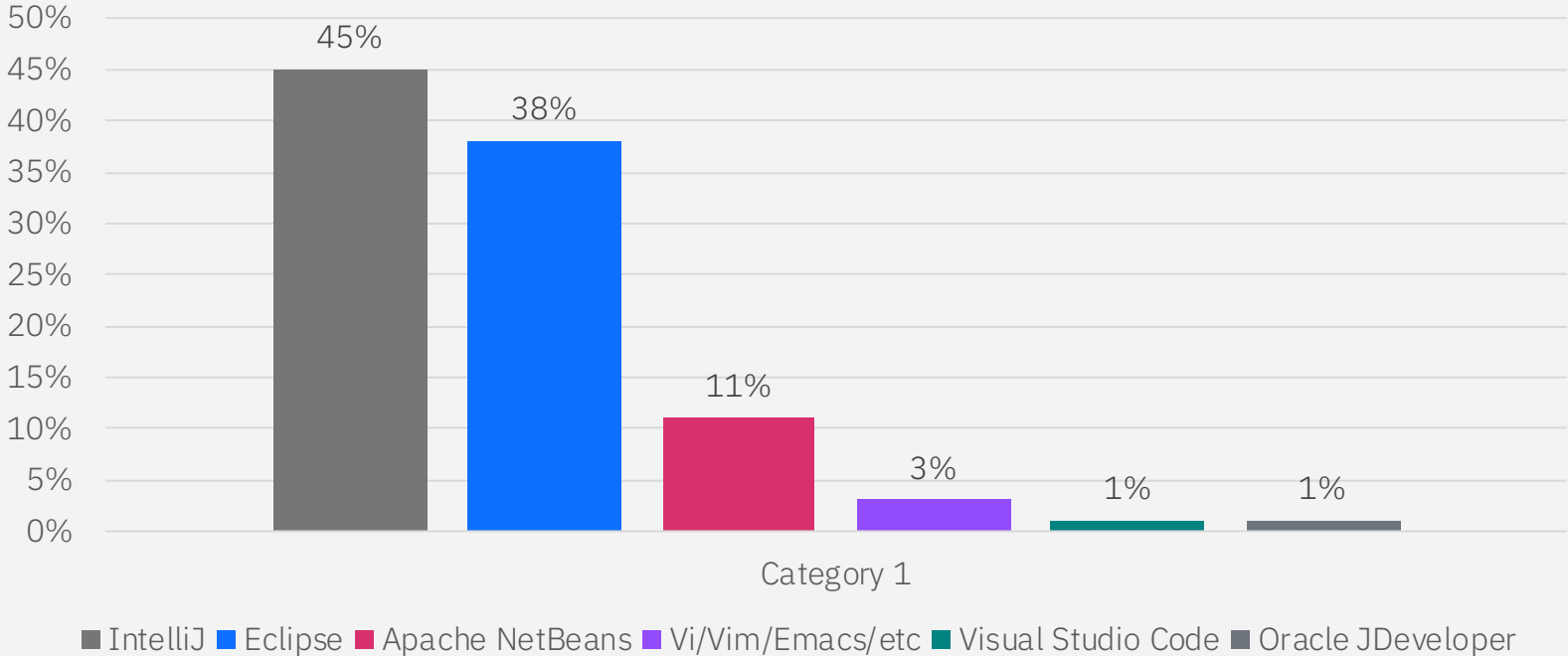
```
<warbundle  
  symbolicname="javaapp"  
  jvmserver="JVMA"/>
```

Anatomy of a CICS bundle

- Packaging entities for getting a lot of different stuff into CICS
 - Java applications
 - Programs
 - Transactions
 - URI maps
 - Policies
 - Event bindings
 - Etc
- Authored using CICS Explorer



Java Developer IDE Choices



Source: [Snyk Java ecosystem report 2018](#)

Problem summary:

- Can only author CICS bundles in CICS Explorer
- Java developer experience is better in CICS Explorer than more popular IDEs
- Difficult to effectively use Maven and Gradle in any environment

Let's take a look at some of the issues with the Java developer experience in CICS Explorer...

CICS Explorer bundle publish demo

Our solution:

- Put our Java API libraries in Maven central
 - JCICS
com.ibm.cics.server
 - Annotations
com.ibm.cics.server.invocation.annotations
 - Annotation processor
com.ibm.cics.server.invocation
- Create a Maven plugin for authoring CICS bundles, which can be used directly in your Java application build toolchain
- We're also thinking about something similar for Gradle, but that's still a W.I.P. Going to be discussing what's already available for Maven from now.

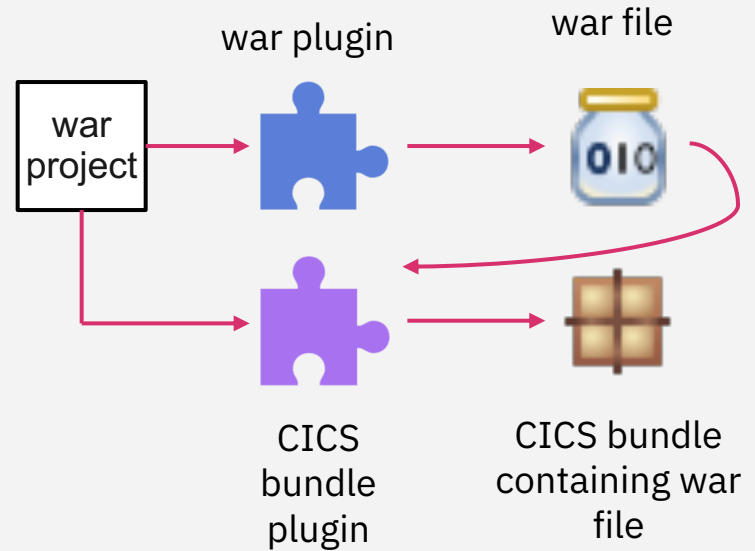
```
<dependency>  
  <groupId>com.ibm.cics</groupId>  
  <artifactId>com.ibm.cics.server</artifactId>  
  <version>1.700.0-5.5-PH10453</version>  
  <scope>provided</scope>  
</dependency>
```

```
<plugin>  
  <groupId>com.ibm.cics</groupId>  
  <artifactId>cics-bundle-maven-plugin</artifactId>  
  <version>0.0.1</version>  
</plugin>
```

Produce a CICS bundle as part of the build for an existing Java application

Simplest use case allows automatic 'CICS bundling' of a Java application so it can be deployed into CICS

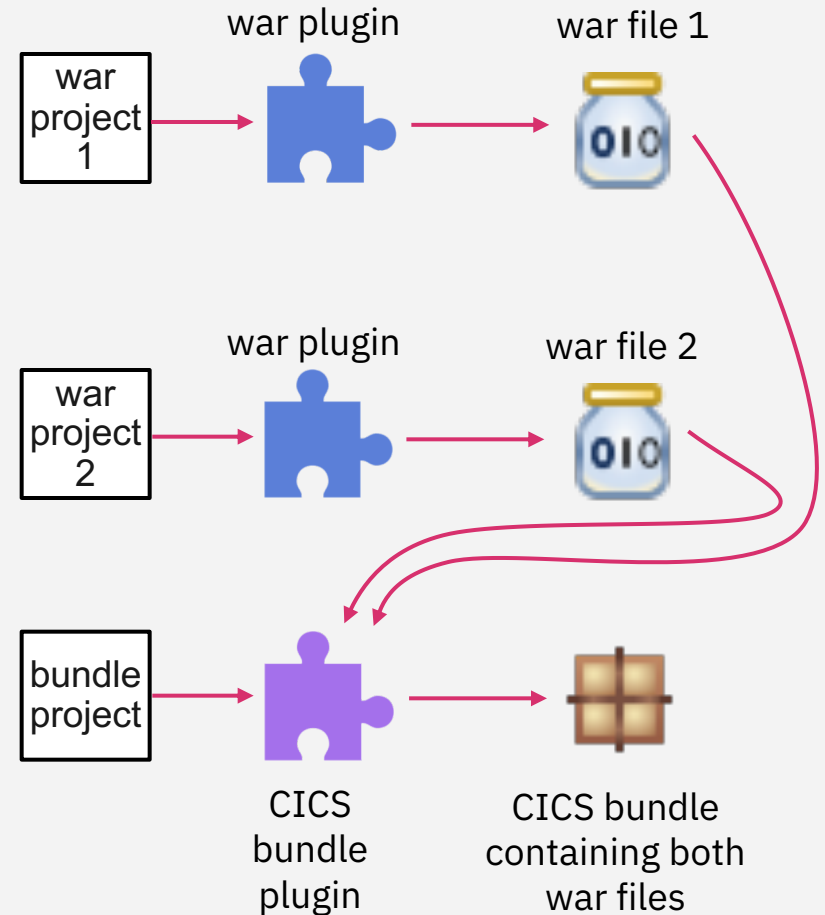
Minimal configuration, minimal customization



Create a dedicated CICS bundle module

This is more complicated to set up, but allows greater flexibility

- Add additional resources to the CICS bundle like transactions, and URI maps
- Add multiple Java applications to the same bundle



What does this solve?

This lets developers choose to use Maven to author CICS bundles

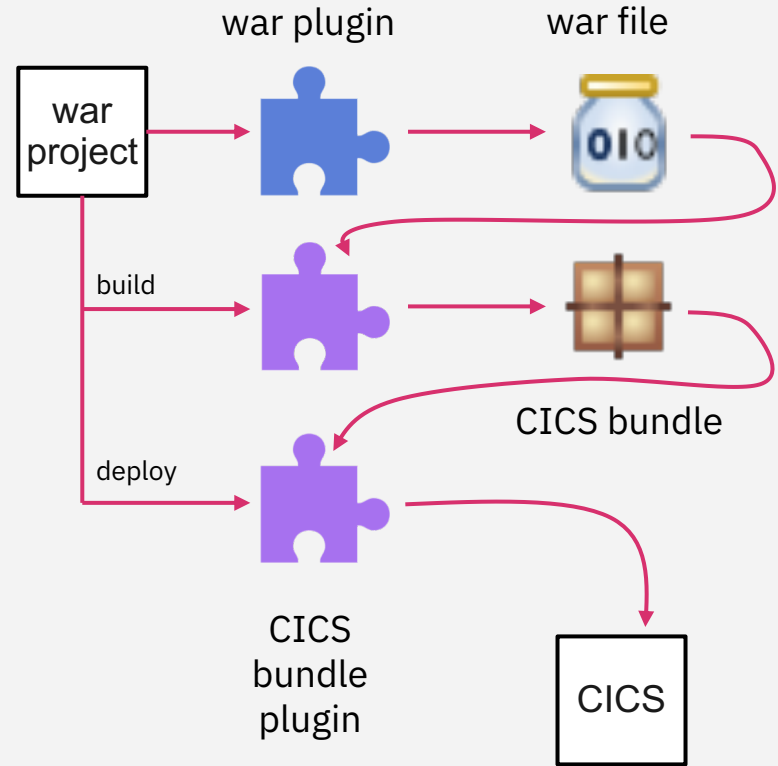
We wanted to allow developers to publish their applications from Maven, too.

We also wanted to fix a lot of the underlying problems with bundle deployment, too...

Bundle deployment API and Maven support

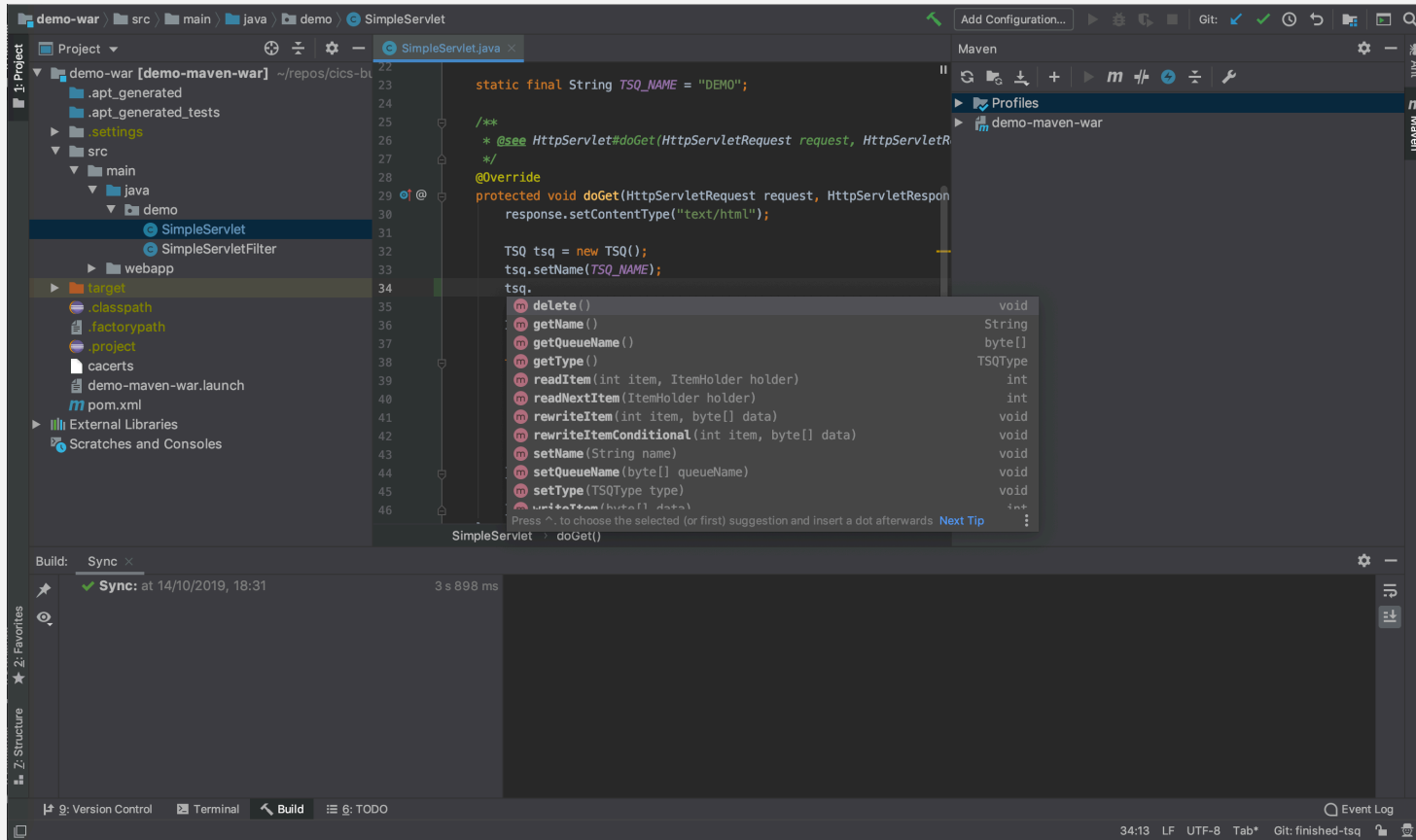
New API in CICS TS 5.6 Open Beta for publishing CICS bundles

- Does all the things that we had to do manually in the demo
- Isolates developers from having to understand the mechanics of how CICS bundles are implemented
- We can use this API in our new Maven plugin to integrate the publish process with the Java application build



Demo2: publishing a bundle using the Maven plugin

IntelliJ



VS Code

The screenshot shows the Visual Studio Code editor interface. The Explorer sidebar on the left displays the project structure, including folders like 'target', 'classes', and 'generated-sources', and files like 'pom.xml' and 'README.MD'. The main editor area shows the 'pom.xml' file with the following XML content:

```
81 <source>1.8</source>
82 <target>1.8</target>
83 </configuration>
84 </plugin>
85 <!-- -->
86 <!-- vvvvvvvvv CICS deploy configuration vvvvvvvvv -->
87 <plugin>
88 <groupId>com.ibm.cics</groupId>
89 <artifactId>cics-bundle-maven-plugin</artifactId>
90 <version>0.0.2-SNAPSHOT</version>
91 <executions>
92 <execution>
93 <goals>
94 <goal>bundle-war</goal>
95 <goal>deploy</goal>
96 </goals>
97 <configuration>
98 <classifier>cics-bundle</classifier>
99 <jvmserver>EYUCMCIJ</jvmserver>
100 <url>https://winmvs28.hursley.ibm.com:28951</url>
101 <username>${zos-user}</username>
102 <password>${zos-password}</password>
103 <bundledef>DNDemo2</bundledef>
104 <csdgroup>DEMO</csdgroup>
105 <cicsplex>CICSEX56</cicsplex>
106 <region>IYCWEMW2</region>
107 </configuration>
108 </execution>
109 </executions>
110 </plugin>
111 <!-- ^^^^^^^^^ CICS deploy configuration ^^^^^^^^^ -->
112
113 </plugins>
114 </build>
115 </project>
```

The status bar at the bottom indicates the current cursor position: Ln 105, Col 30, Spaces: 2, UTF-8, LF, XML.

Eclipse Che

The screenshot shows the Eclipse Che IDE interface. On the left is the Explorer view showing a project structure with folders like .theia, .settings, demo-war, src, main, java, demo, webapp, target, .classpath, .project, .gitignore, .project, cacerts, cics-bundle-demo.l..., global-settings.xml, pom.xml, README.MD, and user-settings.xml. The main editor displays the code for SimpleServlet.java, which is a Servlet implementation class. The code includes a doGet method that prints "Hello business partner conference!". A tooltip is visible over the Task interface, listing methods like getInvokingProgramName(), getProgramName(), getQNAME(), getSTARTCODE(), getThreadName(), getTransactionName(), getUserID(), toString(), COPYRIGHT, err, out, and containerIterator(). The status bar at the bottom shows "Ln 33, Col 44 LF UTF-8 Spaces: 4 Java".

```
15 Servlet implementation class SimpleServlet
16 /
17 @WebServlet("/SimpleServlet")
18 public class SimpleServlet extends HttpServlet {
19     private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
20
21     static final String TSO_NAME = "DEMO";
22
23     /**
24      * @see HttpServlet#doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
25      */
26     @Override
27     protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) throws ServletException, IOException {
28         response.setContentType("text/html");
29
30         response.getWriter().print("Hello business partner conference!");
31
32         try {
33             String userid = Task.getTask().getUserID();
34             response.getWriter().print(user
35         } catch (InvalidRequestException e) {
36             // TODO Auto-generated catch block
37             e.printStackTrace();
38         }
39     }
40 }
41
42
43
```

Task Interface Methods:

- getInvokingProgramName() : String
- getProgramName() : String
- getQNAME() : String
- getSTARTCODE() : String
- getThreadName() : String
- getTransactionName() : String
- getUserID() : String
- toString() : String
- COPYRIGHT : String = "Licensed Materials - Property of"
- err : PrintWriter
- out : PrintWriter
- containerIterator() : ContainerIterator

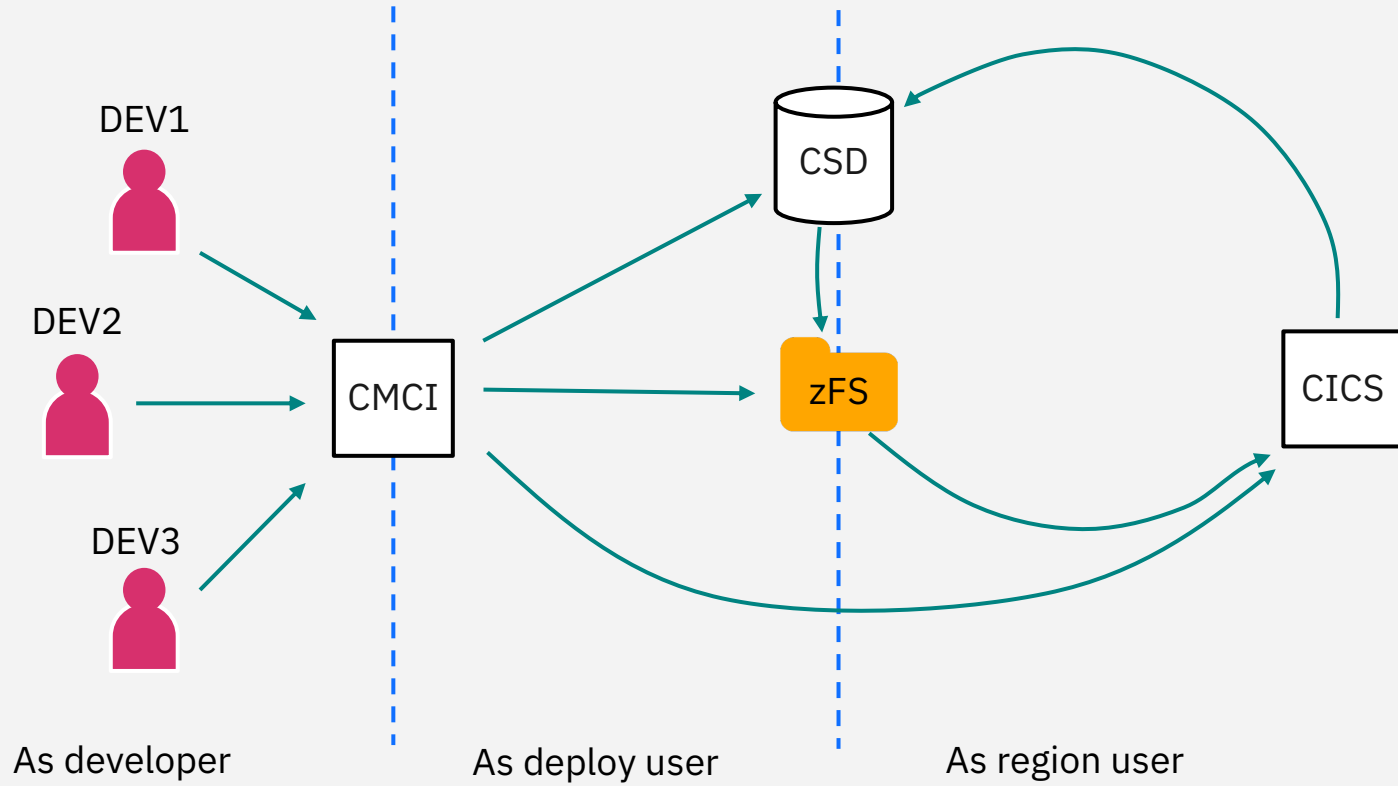
What have we gained?

- System programmers can pre-configure which bundles developers can publish
- Application developers can choose the IDE which best suits them
- Application developers are liberated from having to understand CICS bundles and how to use them
- Deploying applications is **faster** and **easier**

And...

- System programmers can give application developers autonomy without sacrificing control

How does the API work?



Want to try it out?

cics-bundle-maven

- Open source on [GitHub](#)
- Published to Maven Central

Bundle publish API

- New in CICS TS 5.6 Open Beta
- We're thinking about back-porting to TS 5.5
- Requires CPSM
- We're thinking about options for support without CPSM
- Requires CMCI JVM server (which gets you other nice stuff anyway!)

```
<plugin>  
  <groupId>com.ibm.cics</groupId>  
  <artifactId>cics-bundle-maven-plugin</artifactId>  
  <version>0.0.1</version>  
</plugin>
```

The COBOL, PL/I and Assembler developer experience

Editing COBOL, PL/I and Assembler

IDz has been the premier editor for these languages for some time.

If you're using a modern SCM and modern editors, you might want to consider z Open Development (ZOD):

- Modern Eclipse editors
- Modern SCM integration
- Dependency-based build

Editing COBOL, PL/I and Assembler

Alternatively, the Z Open Editor for COBOL and PL/I, an extension for Visual Studio Code, can be used.

Not yet externally available but should be in the Visual Studio Code marketplace soon.

Integrates well with the Zowe extension.

The COBOL, PL/I and Assembler developer toolbox

IDz offers the premier editing experience, with syntax highlighting, compilation, and SCM integration.

If familiar with modern editors and modern SCM, consider ZOD.

More modern and standard SCMs and CI servers can be used instead of legacy library systems.

Couple them with Dependency-Based Build (DBB).

Look out for the Visual Studio Code-based editor.

Developing applications for
CICS

Embracing open

Embracing existing
technologies

Embracing the right options
for your development
challenges

Modern Editors

Modern Source Code
Management

Automated Testing

CI/CD Integration

Help us make more improvements to Java development for CICS TS!

We'd love to hear from your Java development teams, to help focus our ideas for what to do next

Get in touch with us via email, or your advocates

[Fill out our survey for Java developers](#)

Thanks for listening!