

MLC

I'm paying HOW MUCH for Db2?

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BMC Software

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Session **IF**



Agenda

- What is Measured Workload Pricing?
- What does it mean to Db2?
- What can you do about it?
- How to “tune” your software bill
- UPDATE: Tailored Fit Pricing. New from IBM
- Summary

Terminology

License

- To legally execute software, you must have a LICENSE for the machine
- The license will also stipulate the pricing metric

MSU

- Millions of Service Units
- Measure of how much processing that can be done in an hour
- IBM publishes MSU ratings for all hardware

Service Unit

- Simply a measure of power
- “Bag of crisps” or “Box of biscuits”

Rolling 4 Hour Average

- MSU consumption averaged over a rolling four hour period

Basics of IBM Software Monthly Licensing Charges

AWLC (Advance Workload Licensing Charges): zEnterprise, EC12

- WLC (z10, z9, 990)
 - Includes the following
 - z/OS (OS, JES, RMF)
 - CICS
 - Db2
 - IMS
 - Websphere MQ

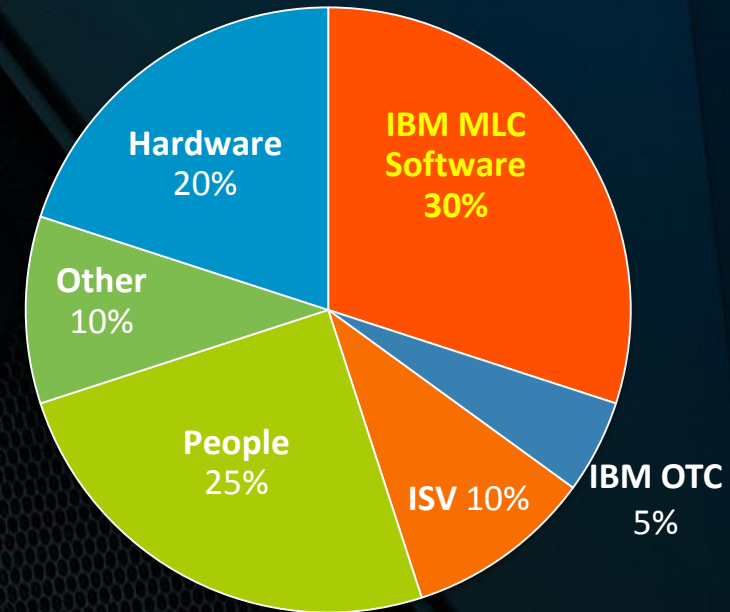
Full-Capacity AWLC: charges are based on the full capacity where each AWLC product executes

Sub-Capacity AWLC: charges are based on the utilization of the LPAR or LPARs where an AWLC product executes

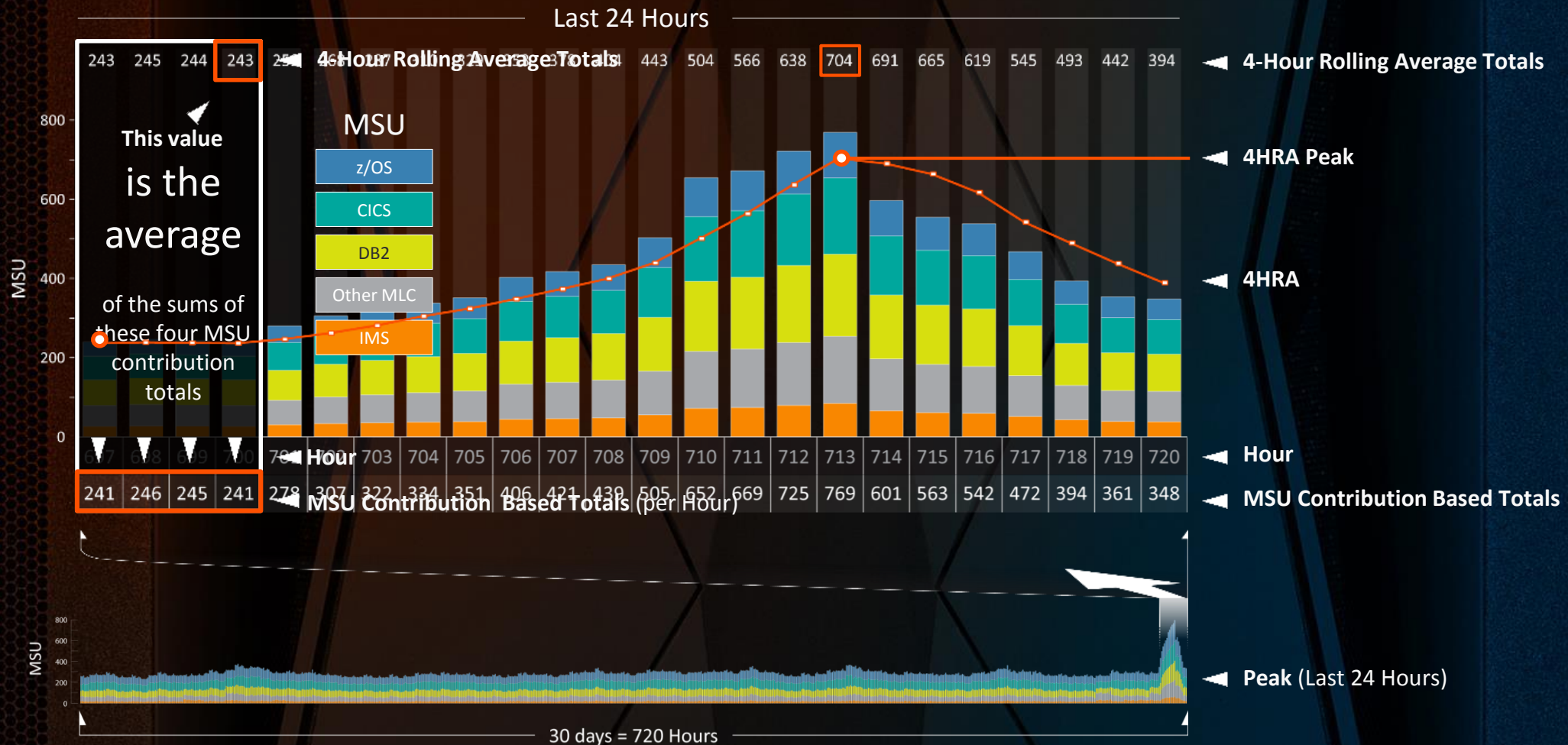
- Charges determined by the monthly peak 4 hour rolling average
- ALL cpu consumption counts towards this average
- Notice, it is NOT based on individual software usage

Also see A22-7999-04

- “Planning for Subcapacity Pricing”



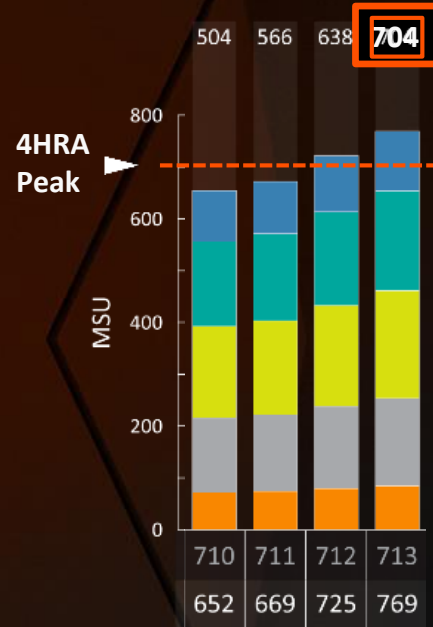
Understanding the 4-Hour Rolling Average



Understanding the 4-Hour Rolling Average

704

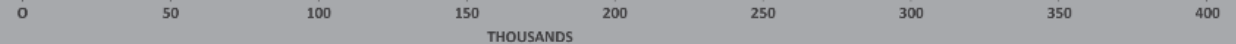
is your peak 4-Hour Rolling Average so the bill should look this:



4-Hour Rolling Average peak value is applied to **EACH** of the contribution values

MSU Contribution	* Rate	= Cost
z/OS 704	\$110 / MSU	\$11,550
CICS 708	\$72 / MSU	\$12,816
DB2 704	\$75 / MSU	\$14,175
Other MLC 704	\$45 / MSU	\$7,065
IMS 704	\$125 / MSU	\$9,375
\$54,981 Total Charge		
		\$300,608 ACTUAL Charge

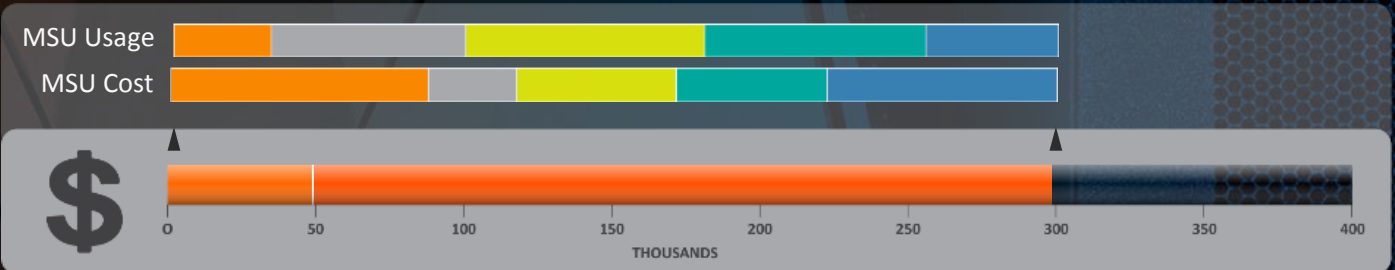
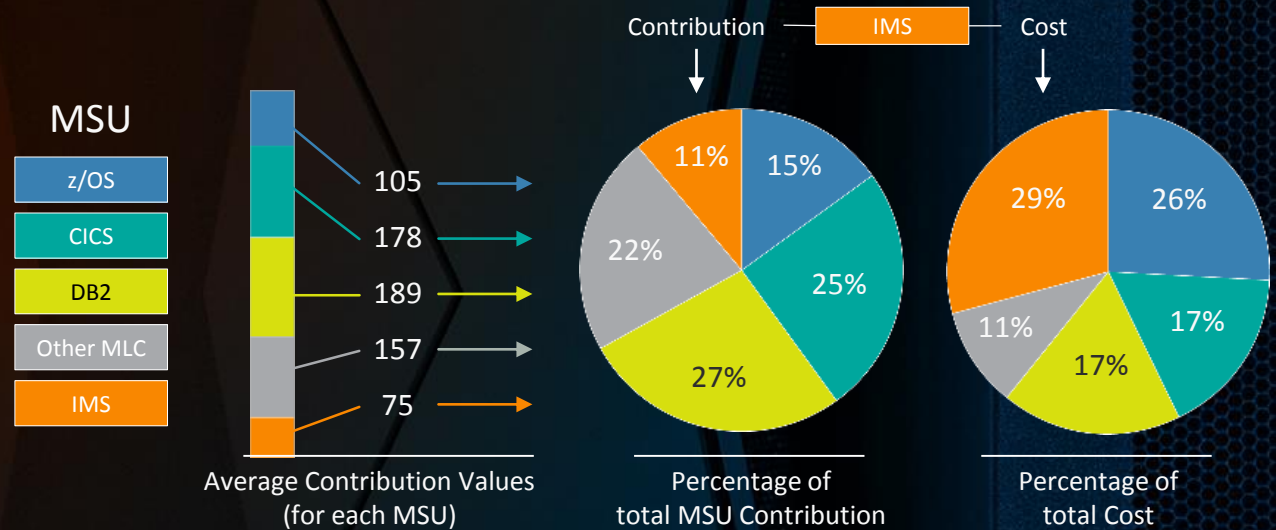
TOTAL COST



The Impact of MLC Complexity

Our use case illustrates how IMS* may only be 11% of your contribution but it is representing 29% of your bill

* All products are charged for 704 MSUs but IMS is charged at the highest cost/MSU



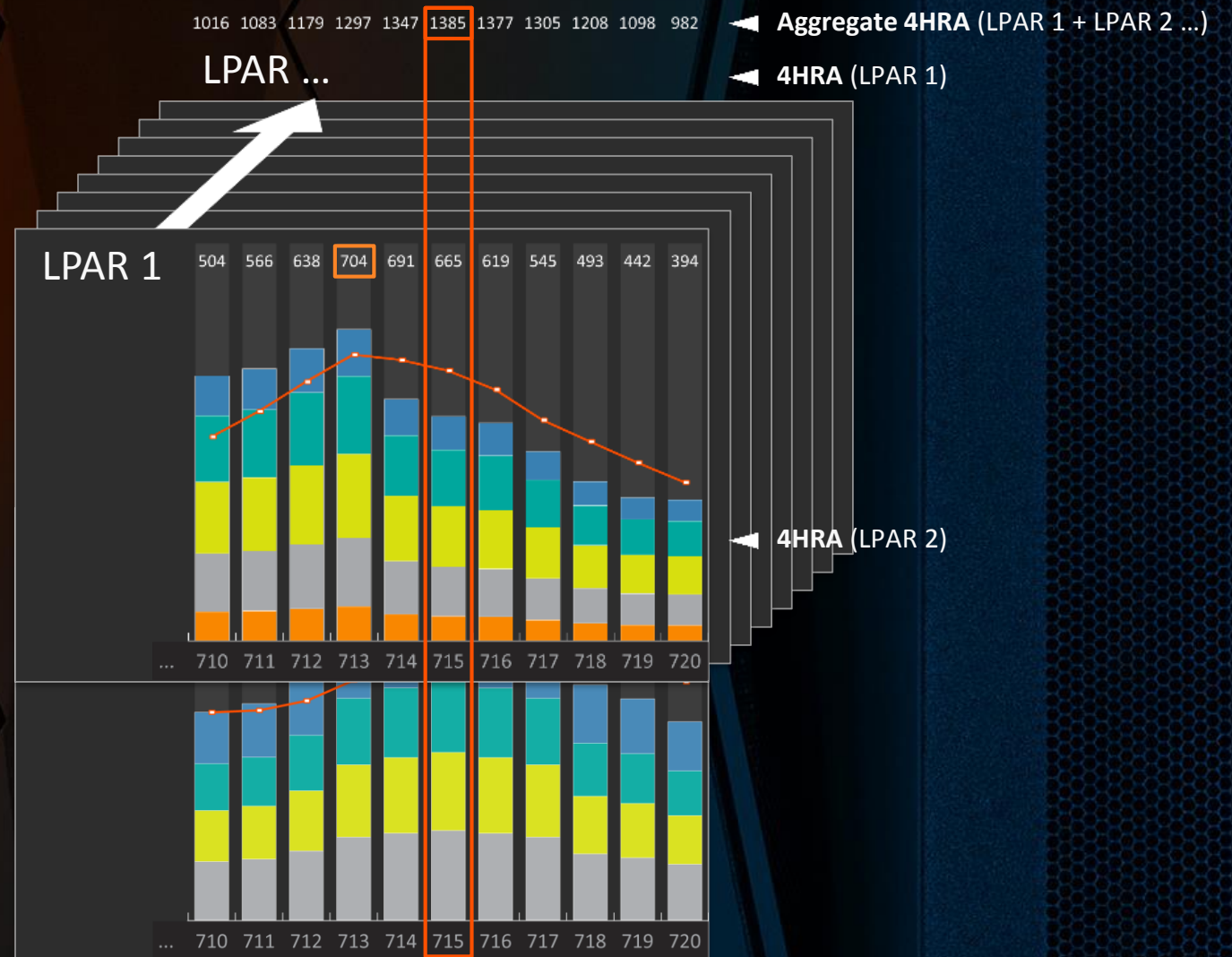
Complexity Increases with Multiple LPARs

A product's MLC charge is based on the highest **aggregate peak 4-Hour Rolling Average**

Interval	LPAR 1	LPAR 2	MSU Usage *	Rate	= Cost
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	z/OS	1385	\$110 / MSU	\$152,350
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	CICS	1385	\$72 / MSU	\$99,720
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	DB2	1385	\$75 / MSU	\$103,875
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Other	1385	\$45 / MSU	\$62,325
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	* IMS	704	\$125 / MSU	\$88,000
					\$506,270
					Total Charge

To simplify, we will use 2 LPARs as an example

* Note that LPAR 2 does not use IMS (shown in orange)



Free MSUs

Last 24 Hours



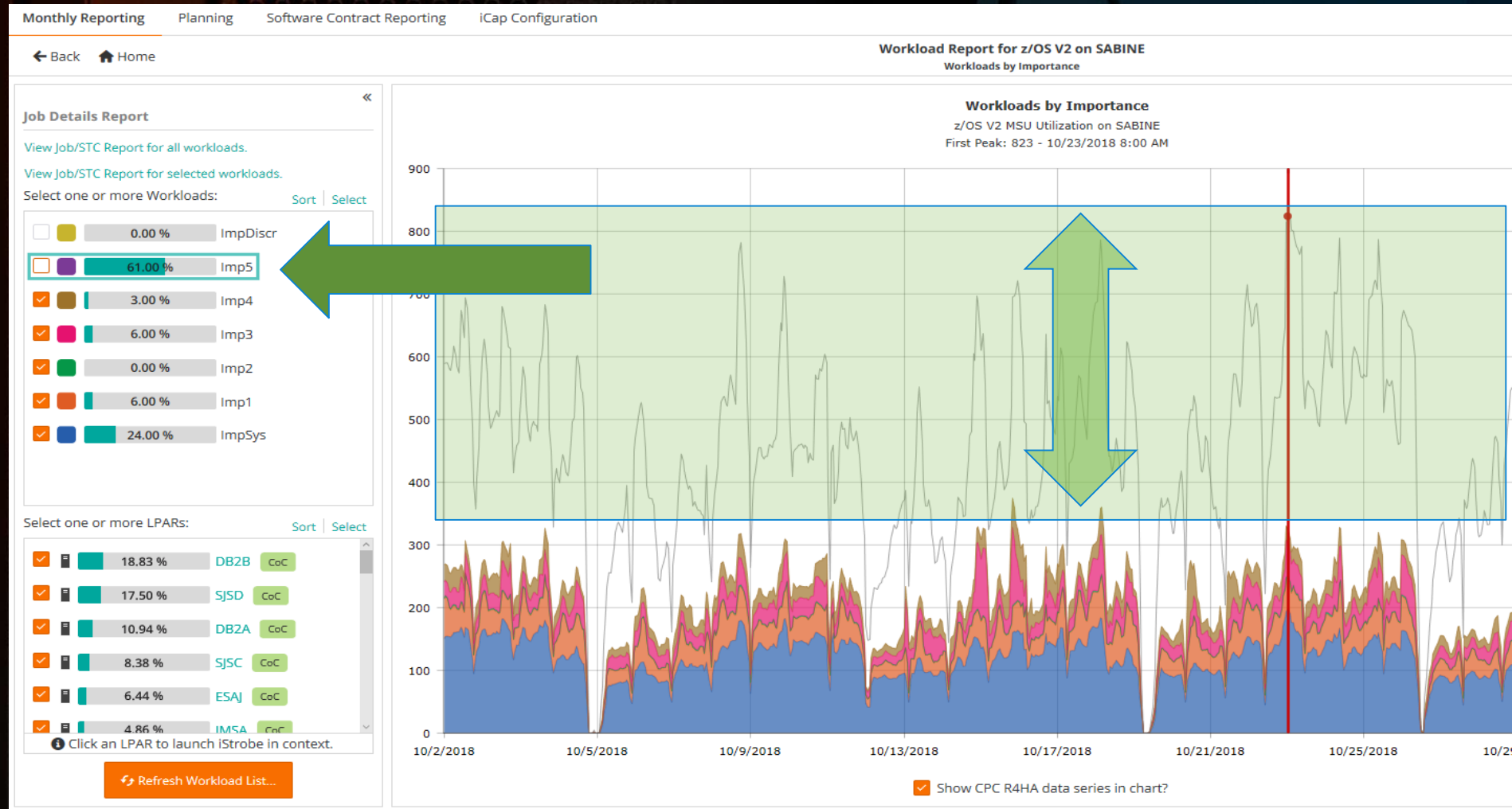
Transparency and Analysis Drive Savings

How are costs allocated across the LPARs on a CPC? In a sysplex?

- Identify software consolidation opportunities

Which workloads are contributing the most to my peak 4HRA and my MLC costs?

- Reduce, cap or move low importance workloads
- Lower Defined Capacity to throttle discretionary workloads



Savings possibilities

Stop consumption over a certain level

Reduce cpu consumption around the peak

Move MLC software entirely off an LPAR

Turn all monitoring off during the peak...

Approach our tuning in a totally new way

Tune or Reschedule Database Batch Jobs

Jobs/STC Report for z/OS V2 on DEMO2
Workloads by Subsystem Address Space

Job/STC Query Interval: R4HA First Peak 12/11/18, 12:00 PM 285 (MSUs) Change Interval Filter Workloads... Export to CSV

Job/STC Name	LPAR Name	Workload Name	Cost Contribution				Cost Contribution Total	Starting Date/Time	Suite Name	Service Class	Report Class
			12/11/18 9:50 AM	12/11/18 10:50 AM	12/11/18 11:00 AM	12/11/18 12:00 PM					
WXML0D (0126854)	DB2B	DB2UTIL	\$0.00	\$92.29	\$1,032.33	\$655.37	\$2,131.09	12/11/18 10:37 AM	BATCH_DB2UTIL	BATCH	NONCLASS_R
WXML0D (0126857)	DB2B	DB2UTIL	\$828.10	\$934.28	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,763.37	12/11/18 9:44 AM	BATCH_DB2UTIL	BATCH	NONCLASS_R
BPU9581B (00831557)	IMSA	DB2UTIL	\$1,380.94	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$1,380.94	12/11/18 9:00 AM	BATCH_DB2UTIL	BATCH	NONCLASS_R
AMUAR033 (00832017)	IMSA	DB2UTIL	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$417.63	\$0.00	\$417.63	12/11/18 11:07 AM	BATCHIOA_DB2UTIL	BATCHIOA	IOA_R
AMUNDT01 (00831542)	IMSA	DB2UTIL	\$385.11	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$385.11	12/11/18 8:53 AM	BATCHIOA_DB2UTIL	BATCHIOA	IOA_R
AMUAR033 (00831730)	IMSA	DB2UTIL	\$77.76	\$230.56	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$308.32	12/11/18 9:50 AM	BATCHIOA_DB2UTIL	BATCHIOA	IOA_R
GMPBGL10 (00126323)	DB2B	DB2UTIL	\$207.14	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$207.14	12/11/18 8:36 AM	BATCHIOA_DB2UTIL	BATCHIOA	IOA_R
ZKF81029 (0127486)	DB2B	DB2UTIL	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$187.34	\$187.34	12/11/18 12:12 PM	BATCH_DB2UTIL	BATCH	NONCLASS_R
AMUAR033 (00831629)	IMSA	DB2UTIL	\$129.29	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$129.29	12/11/18 9:20 AM	BATCHIOA_DB2UTIL	BATCHIOA	IOA_R
F429123F (0127438)	DB2B	DB2UTIL	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$110.53	\$110.53	12/11/18 12:04 PM	BATCH_DB2UTIL	BATCH	NONCLASS_R
PAL00QW (00831530)	IMSA	DB2UTIL	\$98.87	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$98.87	12/11/18 9:02 AM	BATCH_DB2UTIL	BATCH	NONCLASS_R
F429123G (0127413)	DB2B	DB2UTIL	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$94.61	\$94.61	12/11/18 12:30 PM	BATCH_DB2UTIL	BATCH	NONCLASS_R
AMUDPI06 (00831554)	IMSA	DB2UTIL	\$88.78	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$88.78	12/11/18 8:59 AM	BATCHIOA_DB2UTIL	BATCHIOA	IOA_R
AMLJXC0Z0 (00831618)	IMSA	DB2UTIL	\$65.06	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$0.00	\$65.06	12/11/18 9:17 AM	BATCHIOA_DB2UTIL	BATCHIOA	IOA_R

- Identify the most significant batch jobs
- Tune for performance to reduce CPU overhead and MLC costs

Capping

MLC
Savings

- Sets a ceiling on MSU usage
- Consumption cannot exceed a pre-defined level
 - If a workload tries, it will be held back

SLA
Risk

Reducing CPU Consumption in the R4HA Peak

	MSU Usage	*	Rate	=	Cost
z/OS	1108		\$150 / MSU		\$166,200
CICS	1108		\$75 / MSU		\$83,100
IMS	1108		\$100 / MSU		\$110,800
Db2	870		\$75 / MSU		\$65,250
MQ	450		\$25 / MSU		\$11,250
					<hr/>
					\$436,600
					Total Charge

Reducing by 5%

	MSU Usage	*	Rate	=	Monthly Cost	5% Less Cost
z/OS	1108		\$150 / MSU		\$166,200	\$157,890
CICS	1108		\$75 / MSU		\$83,100	\$78,945
IMS	1108		\$100 / MSU		\$110,800	\$105,260
Db2	870		\$75 / MSU		\$65,250	\$61,988
MQ	450		\$25 / MSU		\$11,250	\$10,688
					\$436,600	\$414,770

Total Annual Savings: \$261,960

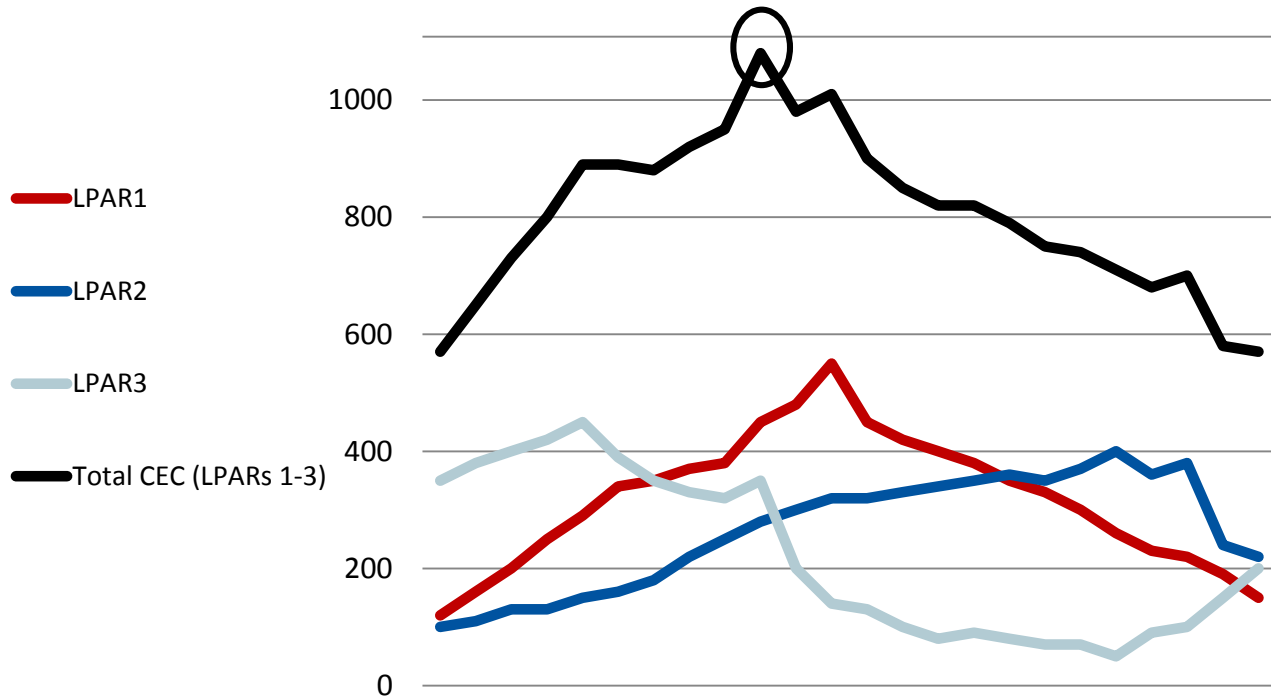
Reducing by 10%

MSU Usage		*	Rate	=	Monthly Cost	5% Less Cost	10% Less Cost
z/OS	1108		\$150 / MSU		\$166,200	\$157,890	\$149,580
CICS	1108		\$75 / MSU		\$83,100	\$78,945	\$74,790
IMS	1108		\$100 / MSU		\$110,800	\$105,260	\$99,720
Db2	870		\$75 / MSU		\$65,250	\$61,988	\$58,725
MQ	450		\$25 / MSU		\$11,250	\$10,688	\$10,125
					\$436,600	\$414,770	\$392,940

Total Annual Savings: \$523,920

An Example Use Case

Monthly MSU Utilization – Model 2827-412



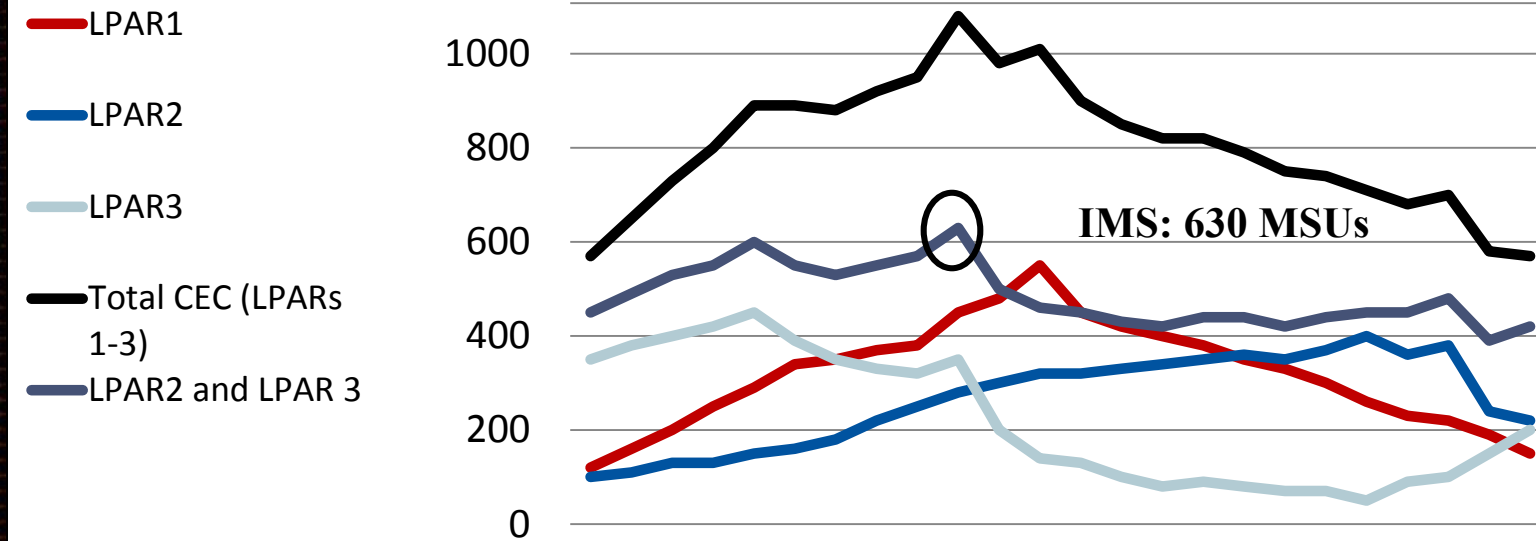
CEC– 1108 MSU		
LPAR 1	LPAR 2	LPAR 3
z/OS	z/OS	z/OS
CICS	CICS	CICS
IMS	IMS	IMS
Db2	Db2	Batch
Onlines	Onlines	MQ

LPAR 1	LPAR 2	LPAR 3	MSU Usage *	Rate	=	Cost
✓	✓	✓	z/OS 1108	\$150 / MSU		\$166,200
✓	✓	✓	CICS 1108	\$75 / MSU		\$83,100
✓	✓	✓	IMS 1108	\$100 / MSU		\$110,800
✓	✓		Db2 870	\$75 / MSU		\$65,250
		✓	MQ 450	\$25 / MSU		\$11,250

\$436,600
Total Charge

Move IMS off LPAR 1

Monthly MSU Utilization – Model 2827-412



CEC– 1108 MSU

LPAR 1	LPAR 2	LPAR 3
z/OS CICS Db2 Onlines	z/OS CICS IMS Db2 Onlines	z/OS CICS IMS Batch MQ

LPAR 1	LPAR 2	LPAR 3	MSU Usage	*	Rate	=	Cost
✓	✓	✓	z/OS	1108	\$150 / MSU		\$166,200
✓	✓	✓	CICS	1108	\$75 / MSU		\$83,100
	✓	✓	IMS	630	\$100 / MSU		\$63,000
✓	✓		Db2	870	\$75 / MSU		\$65,250
		✓	MQ	450	\$25 / MSU		\$11,250

\$388,800
Total Charge

Savings

LPAR 1	LPAR 2	LPAR 3	MSU Usage	*	Rate	=	Cost
✓	✓	✓	z/OS	1108	\$150 / MSU		\$166,200
✓	✓	✓	CICS	1108	\$75 / MSU		\$83,100
✓	✓	✓	IMS	1108	\$100 / MSU		\$110,800
✓	✓		Db2	870	\$75 / MSU		\$65,250
		✓	MQ	450	\$25 / MSU		\$11,250
							\$436,600
							Total Charge

LPAR 1	LPAR 2	LPAR 3	MSU Usage	*	Rate	=	Cost
✓	✓	✓	z/OS	1108	\$150 / MSU		\$166,200
✓	✓	✓	CICS	1108	\$75 / MSU		\$83,100
	✓	✓	IMS	630	\$100 / MSU		\$63,000
✓	✓		Db2	870	\$75 / MSU		\$65,250
		✓	MQ	450	\$25 / MSU		\$11,250
							\$388,800
							Total Charge

Savings of over 10%
 \$47,800 per month
 \$573,600 per year

If moving IMS also changed the
 CEC peak R4HA you might save
EVEN MORE!

Traditional Db2 Tuning

Find the most expensive package that is being executed

Tuning this will immediately save cpu resources

Especially if the package is executed frequently



Find the most expensive SQL statement

Tuning this statement saves cpu

And may also improve response time

May NOT be part of the most expensive package



And everyone is happy – right?

Did we actually save any MONEY?

If what we tuned is NOT contributing to the R4HA peak, then we didn't

Db2 Tuning and MLC

Talk to capacity planners (or whoever) and identify when the R4HA peak period occurs

This window is your opportunity to save REAL MONEY

Focus your analysis tools on this period

Find the most expensive package or SQL statement being executed IN THAT WINDOW

Tuning this statement saves MSUs

And may also improve response time

But also reduces the size of the R4HA peak

And everyone is happy – right?

Yes, because we reduced our Db2 MLC bill

AND potentially also for other MLC software on the LPAR/CEC as well

More Db2 Thoughts

Look at new Db2 features for reducing cpu

Multi Row fetch, for example

Yes, they will cost money to implement

BUT the savings can be greater, and ongoing

And not just for Db2!

Surprises

Any MLC software that is ACTIVE during the peak will be charged

If you don't NEED CICS/ IMS, Db2 etc to be up, then don't keep them up

Consider Data Sharing members

Active but not being used costs money

Inactive (down) does NOT

Workloads and MLC

Don't limit tuning to solely Db2

Someone should examine EVERYTHING that is executing in the R4HA peak

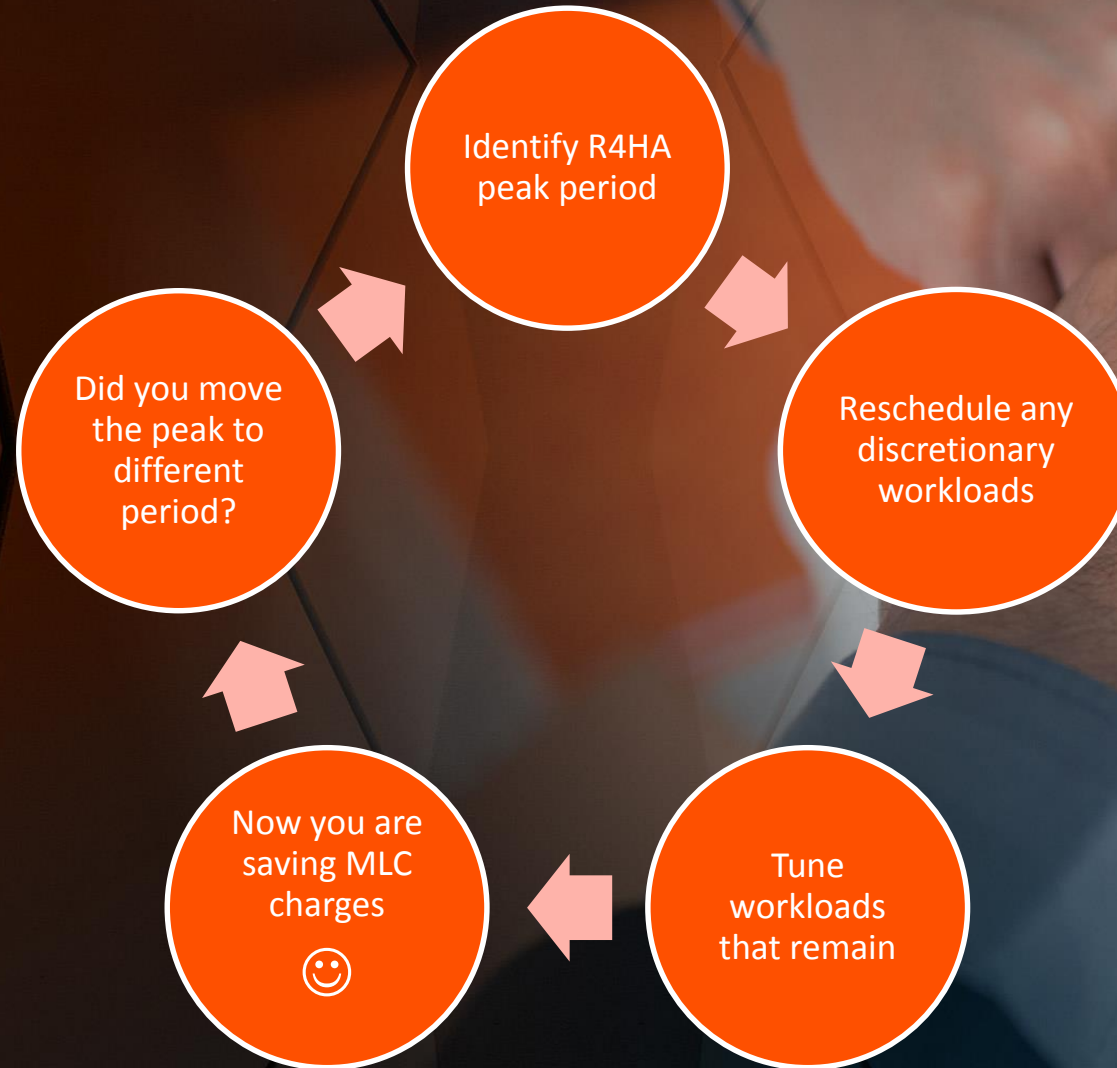
Is everything as efficient as it can be?

Are there alternatives that can save cpu?

Saving money is about much more than acquisition costs

The savings can be SIGNIFICANT, as we saw

MLC tuning – never ending cycle



The Evolution of IBM Pricing Models



Full Capacity

- Charged on full machine capacity
- Key metrics are total MSUs or MIPS



Sub Capacity MLC

- Charged on peak MSU contribution each month
- Key metric is 4-Hour Rolling Average (4HRA)



Mobile Workload

- Charged on transactions starting on mobile platforms
- Offers 60% MSU reduction on MLC



~~Charged on full machine capacity~~ Tailored Fit Pricing

- Charged on isolated mainframe workloads
- Discounts for growth or new business applications

Introducing Tailored Fit Pricing



1. Application Development and Test Solution (DevTest)

- Fixed price contract for extracted Development and Test
- Up to 3x MSU usage increase set against current baseline

2. New Application Solution (NAS)

- Extract new workload MSUs out of MLC
- Fixed MSU Containers and Variable MSU Options

3. Enterprise Consumption Solution

- Annual MSU commitment (based on past 12 months)
- MSUs above commitment at ~40-60% discount

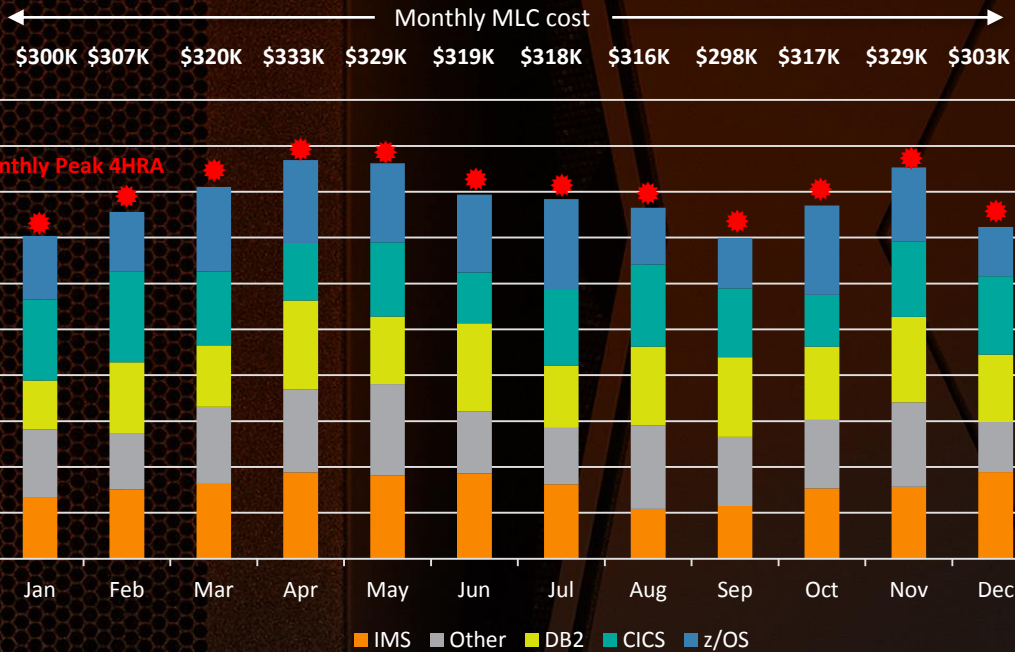
4. Enterprise Capacity Solution

- Pay for full machine capacity
- Must be greater than annual MSUs for past 12 month period

Optimize MLC Before Moving to New Options

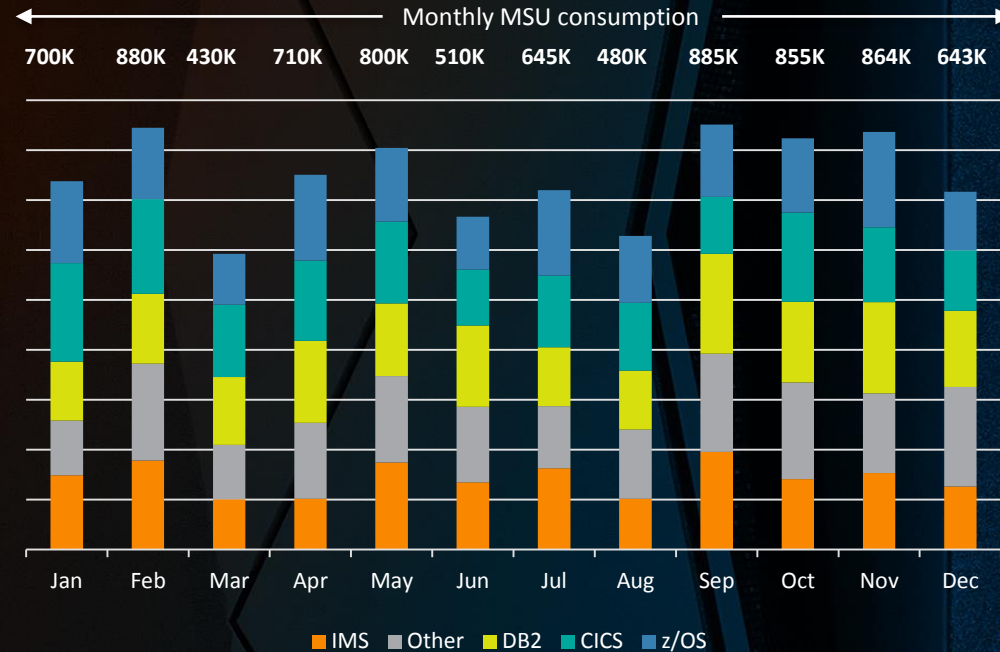
Tailored Fit Pricing – Enterprise Consumption Solution Example

Under MLC/peak 4HRA
12 monthly peak 4HRAs determine annual cost



Annual MLC Cost = \$3.79M
(annual MSUs consumed = 8.0M MSUs)

Under Tailored Fit Pricing
12 month aggregate MSU consumption determine annual cost



400,000 MSUs paid at discounted unit price of .25 per MSU

8.0M MSUs paid as part of annual minimum commitment – determined by last 12 months under MLC model

Minimum cost commitment = \$3.79M
Over minimum cost = \$100K
Total cost = \$3.89M for 8.4M annual MSUs



For Success with Tailored Fit Pricing

Don't get stuck with a poorly optimized environment forever!

Optimize your costs and environment
before moving to Tailored Fit Pricing:

- Minimize baseline MLC spend NOW
- Right size your capacity
- Use more efficient tools and software

EVERY MSU COUNTS

Questions?



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Dock into the Dark Side!

Tuesday 5th November

Start Time	End Time	Stream	Room	Title	Speaker
16:45	17:45	zCMPA	Woodcote	Hiperdispatch – SLA improvements & MSU reductions	Donald Zeunert
16:45	17:45	Db2	Nurburgring	MLC – I'm paying HOW MUCH for Db2?	Phil Grainger

Wednesday 6th November

Start Time	End Time	Stream	Room	Title	Speaker
11:45	12:45	IMS	Wellington B	Modernizing IMS Change Management	David Schipper
13:45	14:45	IMS	Wellington B	IMS10: Using Real-Time IMS Data for Security Analysis	Nick Griffin
16:30	19:30	IMS	Wellington B	Innovative Customer Solutions to IMS Challenges	David Schipper

Thursday 7th November


Start Time	End Time	Stream	Room	Title	Speaker
09:00	10:00	Db2	Nurburgring	Putting the capital A in 'Agile on the mainframe'	Tony Poole
11:45	12:45	Db2	Nurburgring	Express Yourself	Marcus Davage

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 This is the three digit number on the bottom of your delegate badge

2. Was the length of this presentation correct?

 1 to 4 = "Too Short" 5 = "OK" 6-9 = "Too Long"

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

3. Did this presentation meet your requirements?

 1 to 4 = "No" 5 = "OK" 6-9 = "Yes"

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

4. Was the session content what you expected?

 1 to 4 = "No" 5 = "OK" 6-9 = "Yes"

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9