

Measuring the Amazing Performance of Db2 V12

Danilo Gipponi
EPV Technologies

November 2019
Session **LE**



Results summary

2

- ▶ About 3.000 MIPS saved by applications in the peak hour
- ▶ About 8.000 MIPS saved by applications in prime shift
- ▶ 4HRA peak moved from morning to evening
- ▶ About 700 MSU reduced in the 4HRA
- ▶ About 800 zIIP MIPS saved in DBM1
- ▶ Good improvements both in IMS transaction and queries response time
- ▶ All benefits out-of-the-box; no package rebind



Agenda

3

- ▶ Introduction
- ▶ CPU and zIIP consumptions of Db2 System AS
- ▶ CPU and zIIP consumptions of Db2 Applications
- ▶ Response time
- ▶ Where benefits come from?
- ▶ Summary



Introduction



Goal

5

- ▶ We will discuss the amazing benefits obtained migrating to Db2 V12
- ▶ Only in M100 at the time this presentation has been prepared



Customer

6

- ▶ Big customer (more than 50.000 MIPS; about 40.000 MIPS used by production systems in the peak hour; IBM z13 700 series)
- ▶ International scope
- ▶ Banking sector



SW levels

7

- ▶ z/OS 2.3
- ▶ IMS V15
- ▶ IIB 10
- ▶ MQ V9.0
- ▶ WebSphere 8.5.5
- ▶ Db2 V11 migrated to V12
 - ✓ Code Level: V12R1M503
 - ✓ Catalog Level: V12R1M500
 - ✓ Function Level: V12R1M100



- ▶ Most critical applications based on:
 - ✓ IMS/Db2 transactions
 - ✓ IIB/Db2 queries (IBM Integration Bus is now IBM ACE)
- ▶ Very high load in some hours in the prime shift (determining the SW costs)
- ▶ Slightly higher values in the peak hour which is the base for capacity planning



- ▶ SMF data used
 - ✓ SMF 30 for Db2 System AS CPU and zIIP
 - ✓ SMF 101 for Db2 Application CPU and zIIP (Class 2)
 - ✓ SMF 100 for statistics
- ▶ IMS log data for IMS transactions response time
- ▶ Application logs for IIB queries response time
- ▶ All the reports will compare two weeks before and after the migration



- ▶ EPV for Db2:
 - ✓ Reports about System AS CPU and zIIP
 - ✓ Reports about Db2 Application CPU and zIIP
 - ✓ Other Db2 reports
- ▶ EPV for z/OS
 - ✓ Reports about IMS transactions response time
- ▶ MyEPV
 - ✓ Reports about IIB queries response time

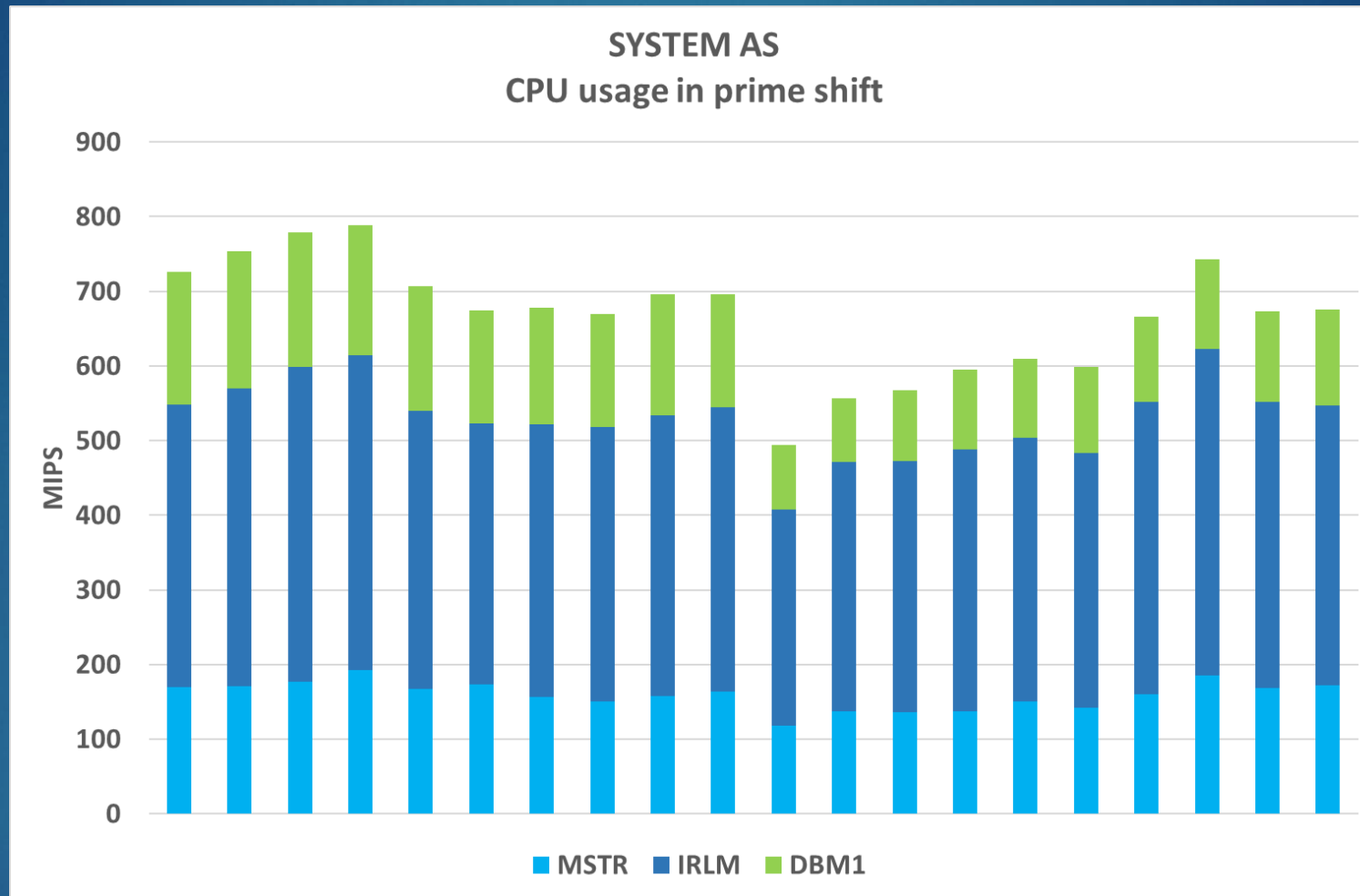


CPU and zIIP consumptions of Db2 System AS



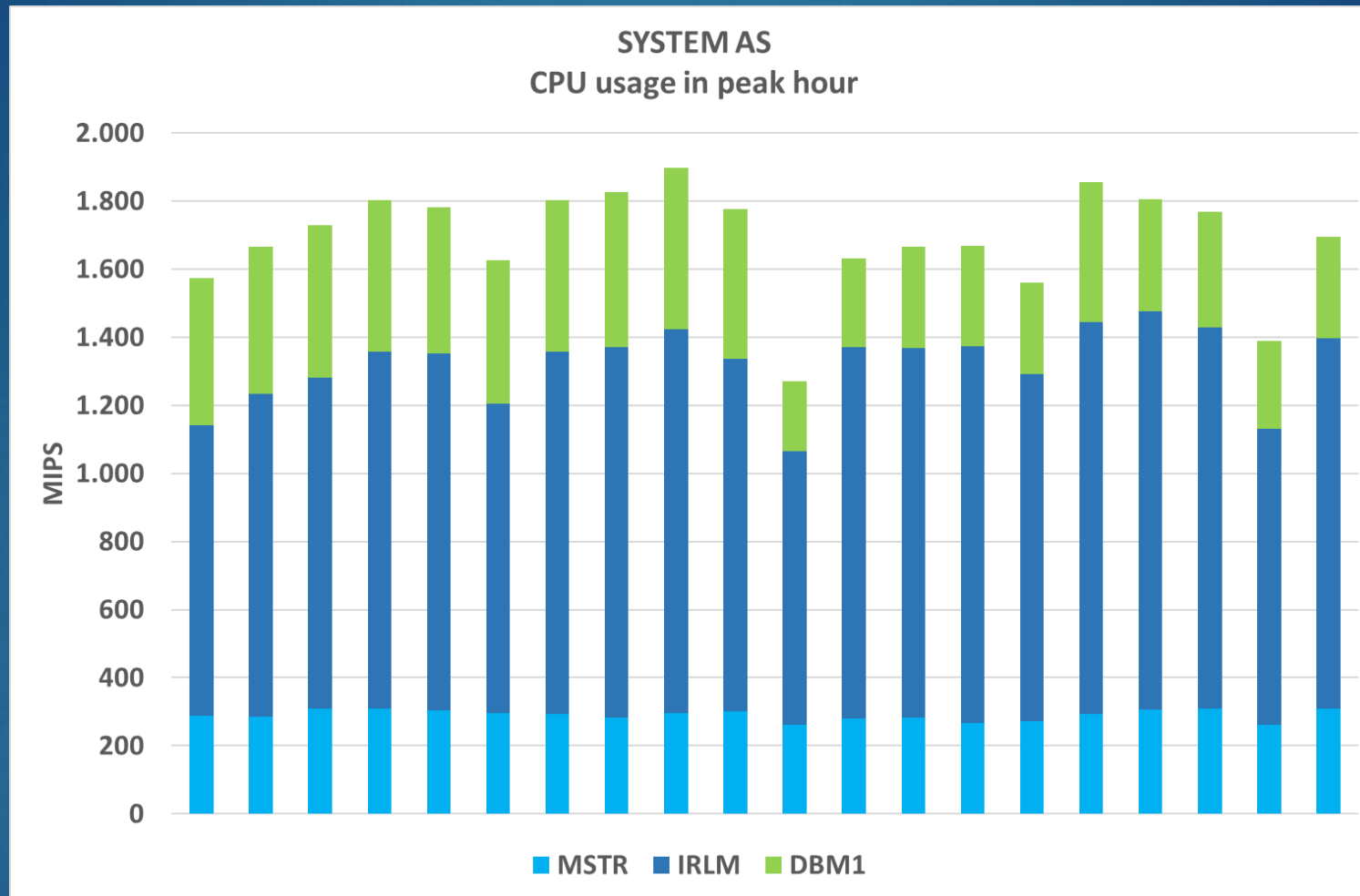
System Address Space CPU

12



System Address Space CPU

13



System Address Space CPU

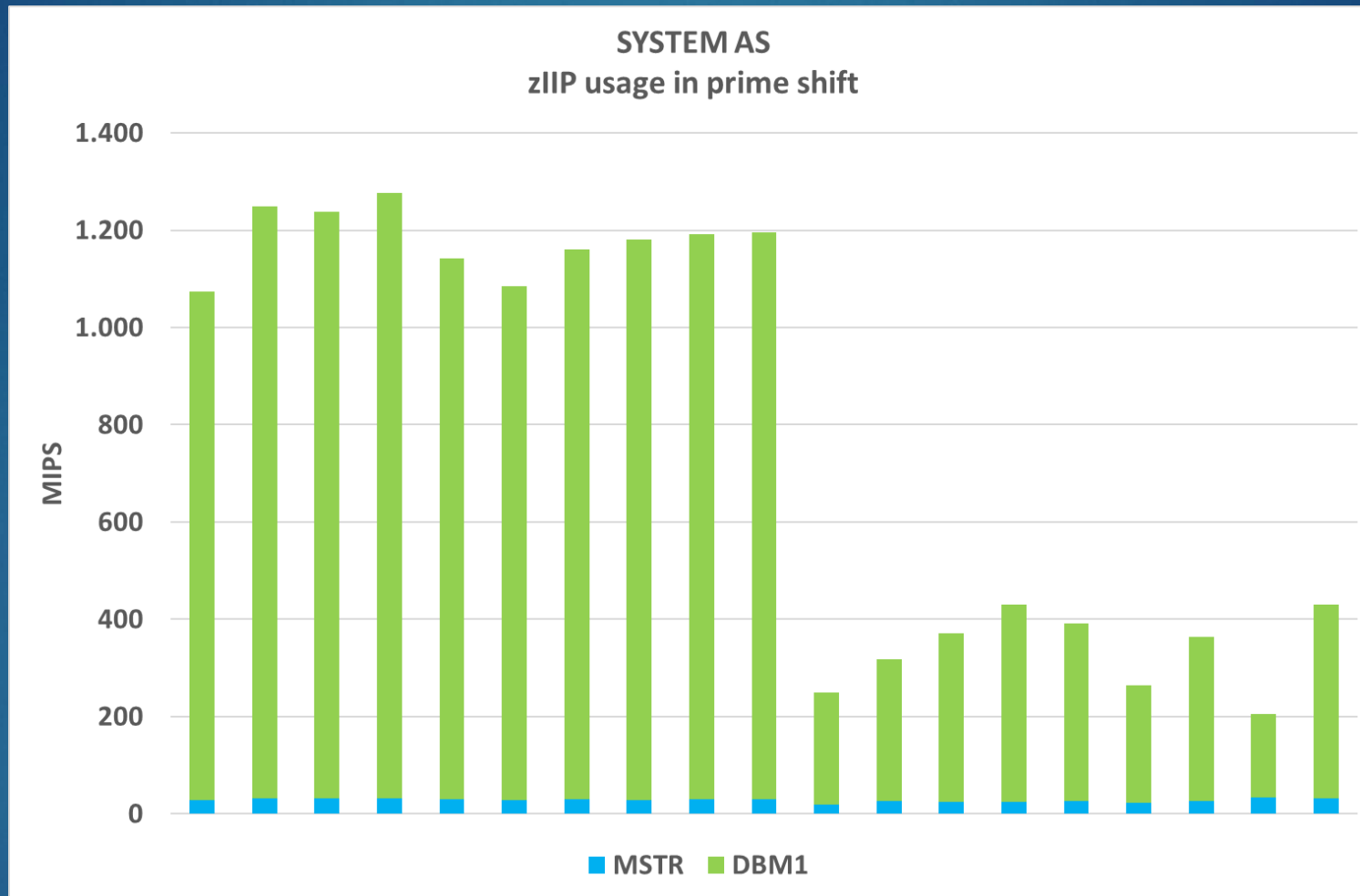
14

- ▶ Slight reduction in DBM1
- ▶ No meaningful difference for IRLM and MSTR
- ▶ IRLM is the major consumer



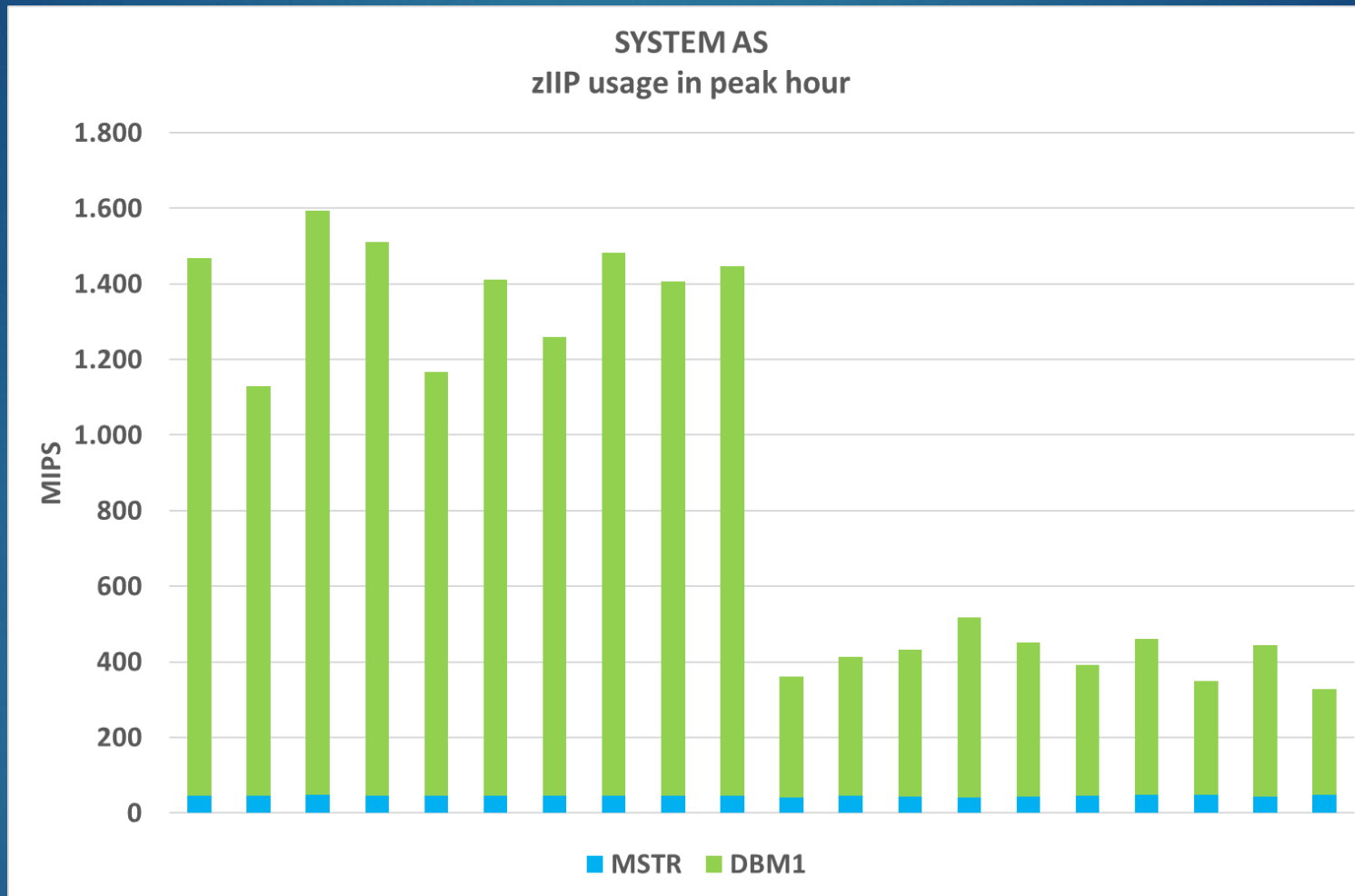
System Address Space IIP

15



System Address Space IIP

16



System Address Space IIP

17

- ▶ Big reduction in DBM1
- ▶ No meaningful difference for MSTR
- ▶ IRLM is not using the zIIP at all

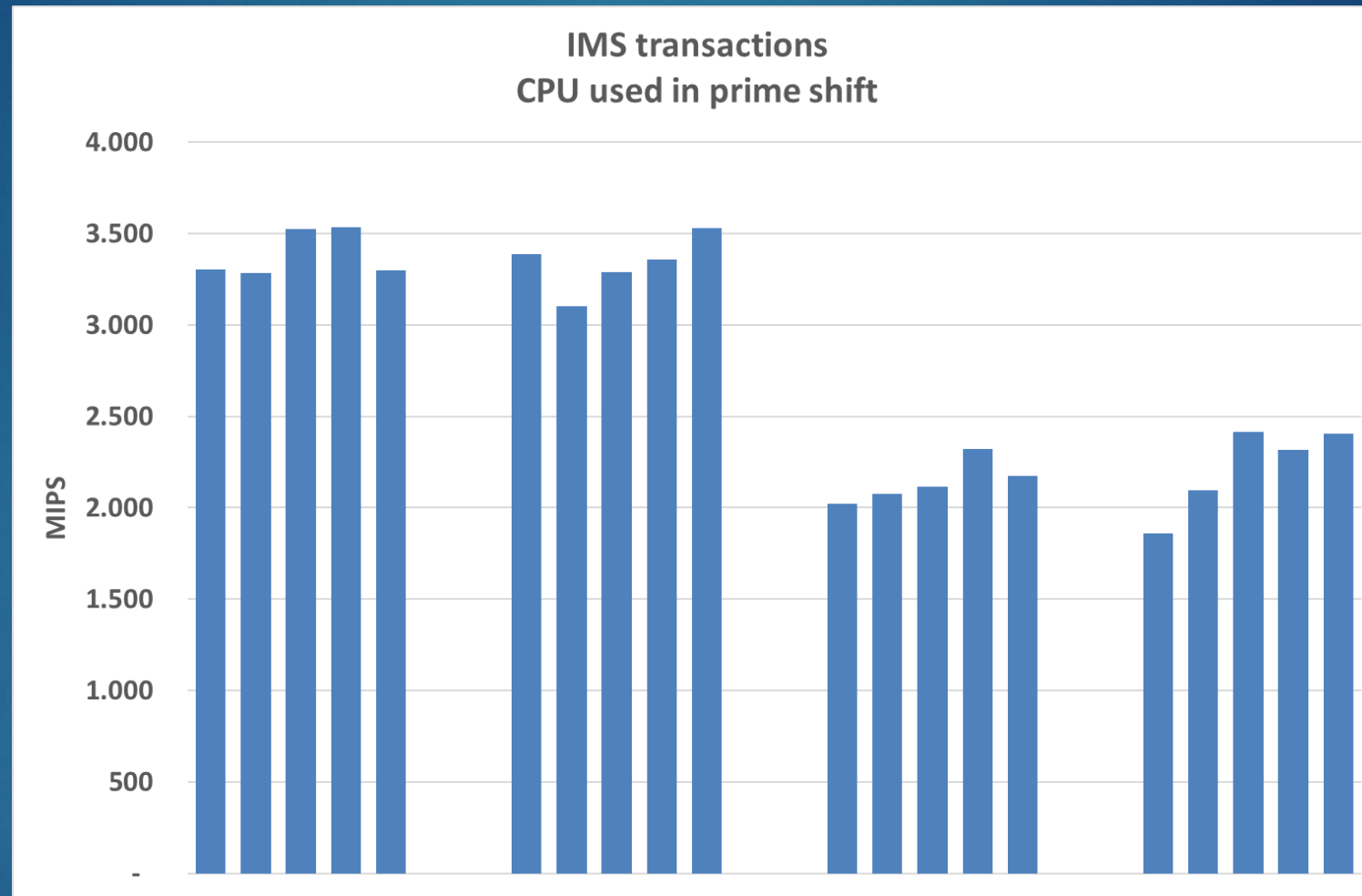


CPU and zIIP consumptions of Db2 Applications



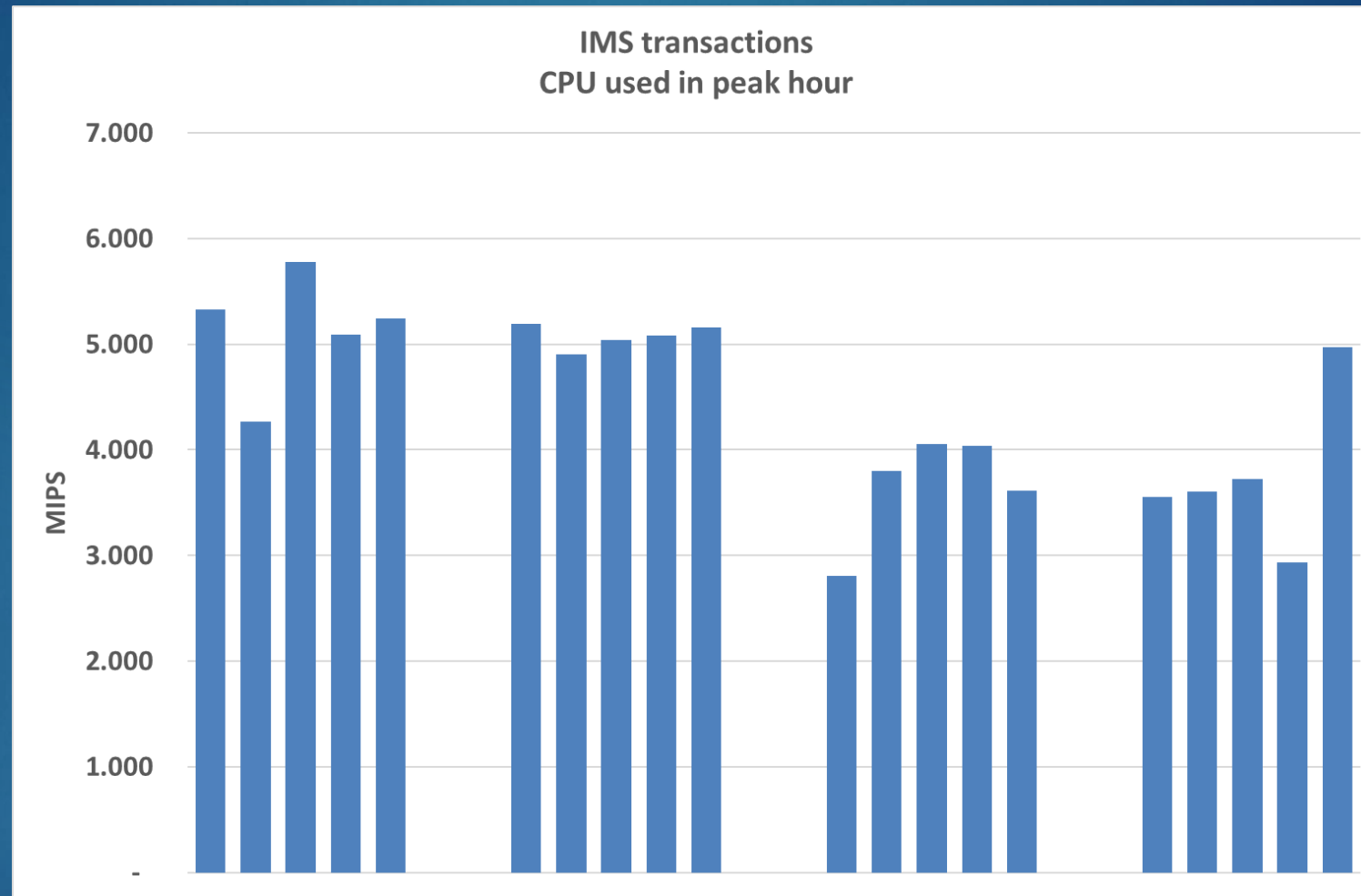
IMS CPU consumptions

19



IMS CPU consumptions

20



IMS CPU consumptions

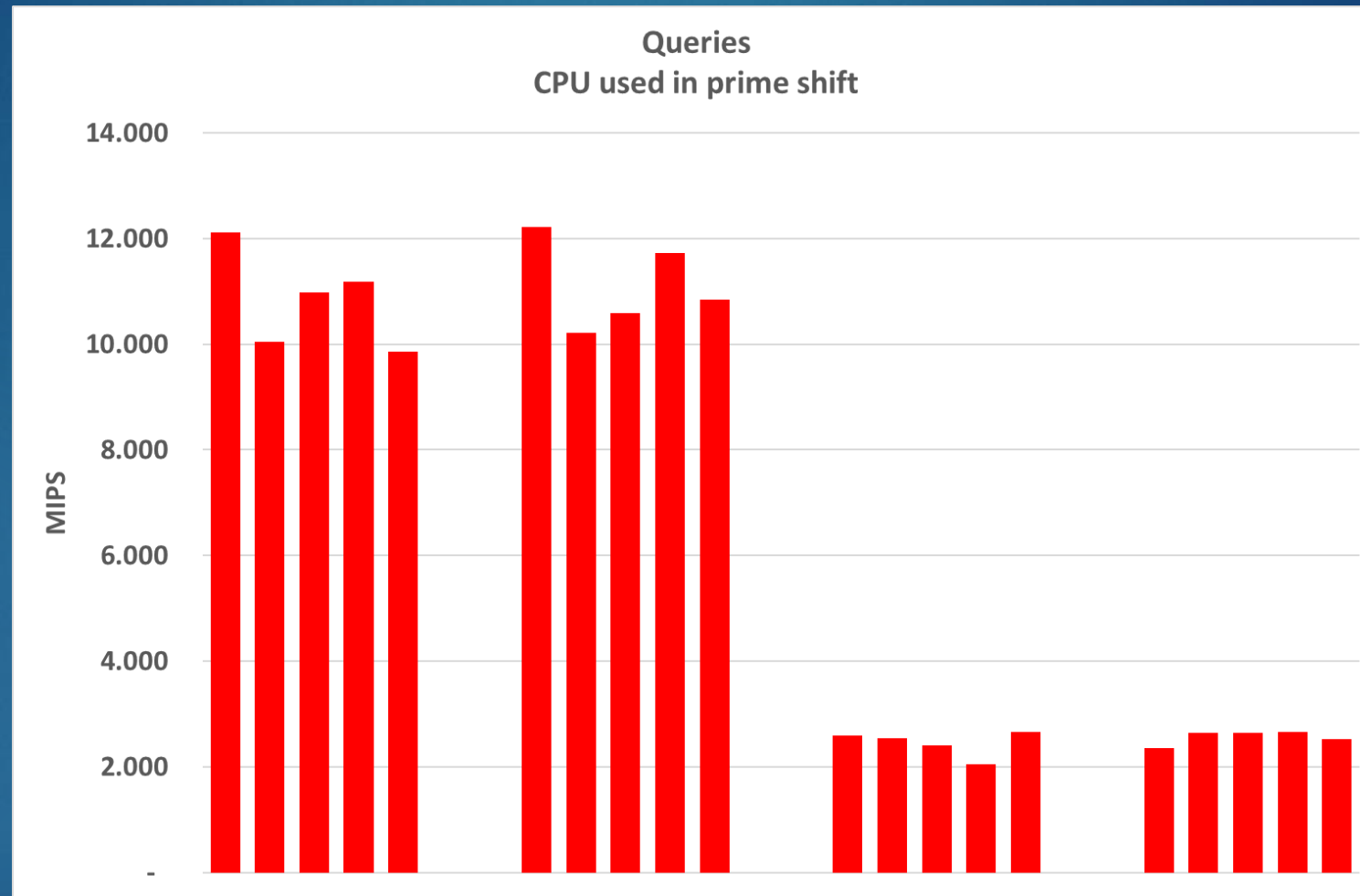
21

- ▶ About 1.000 MIPS reduced in both prime shift and peak hour
- ▶ Anomaly on last Friday or simply a workload peak?



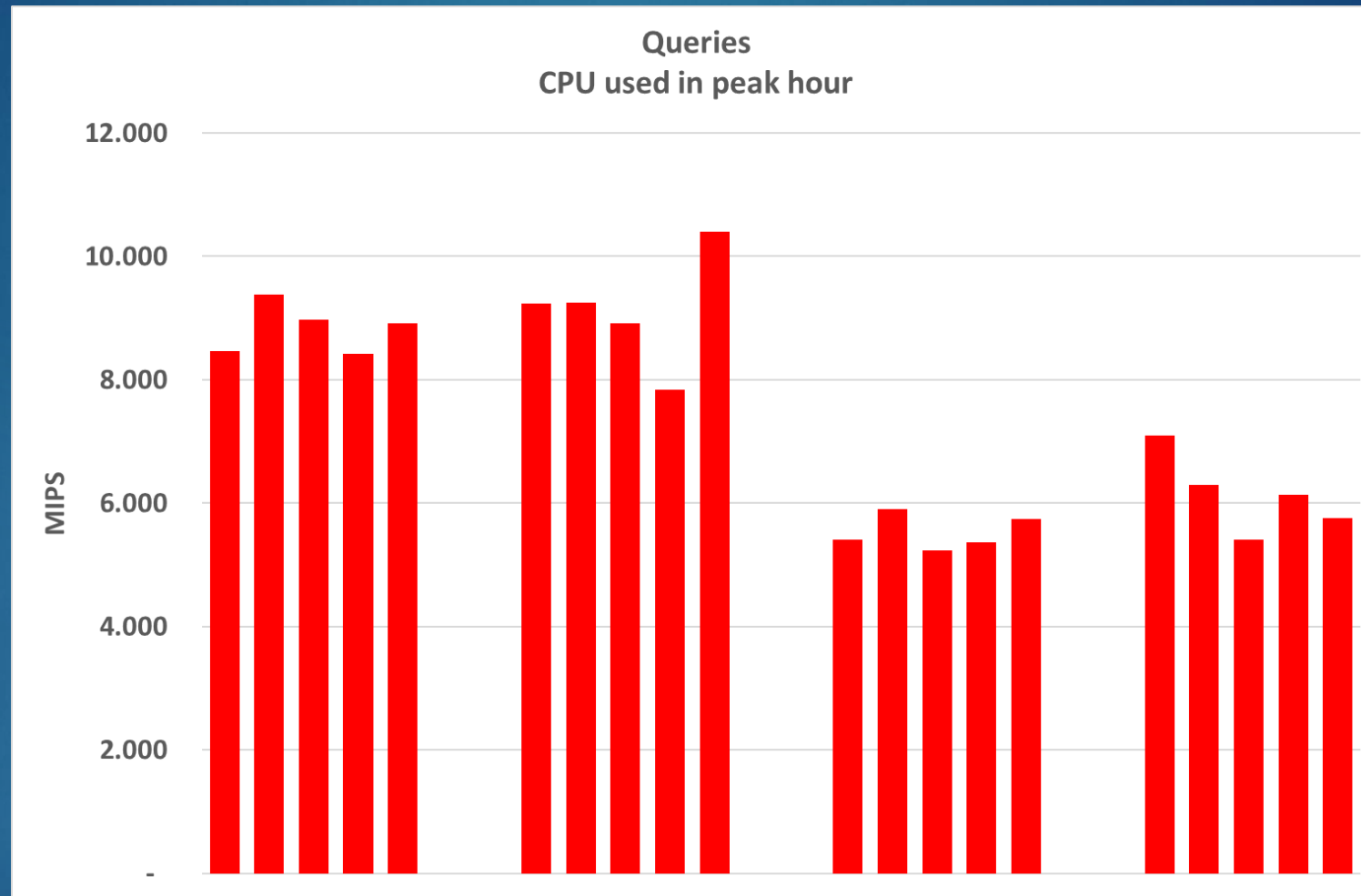
Queries CPU consumptions

22



Queries CPU consumptions

23



Queries CPU consumptions

24

- ▶ More than 8.000 MIPS reduced in prime shift
- ▶ About 3.000 MIPS reduced in peak hour

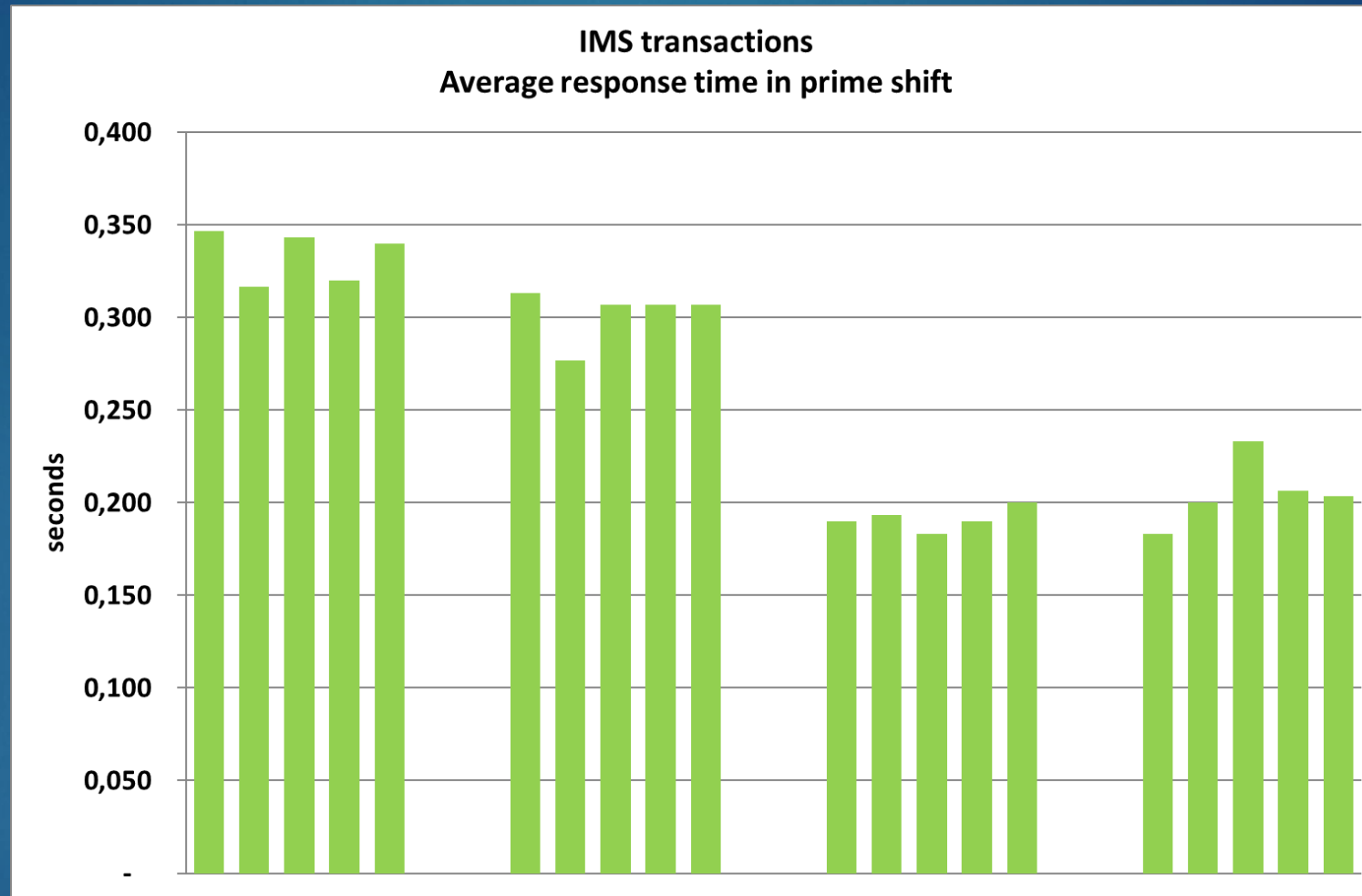


Response time



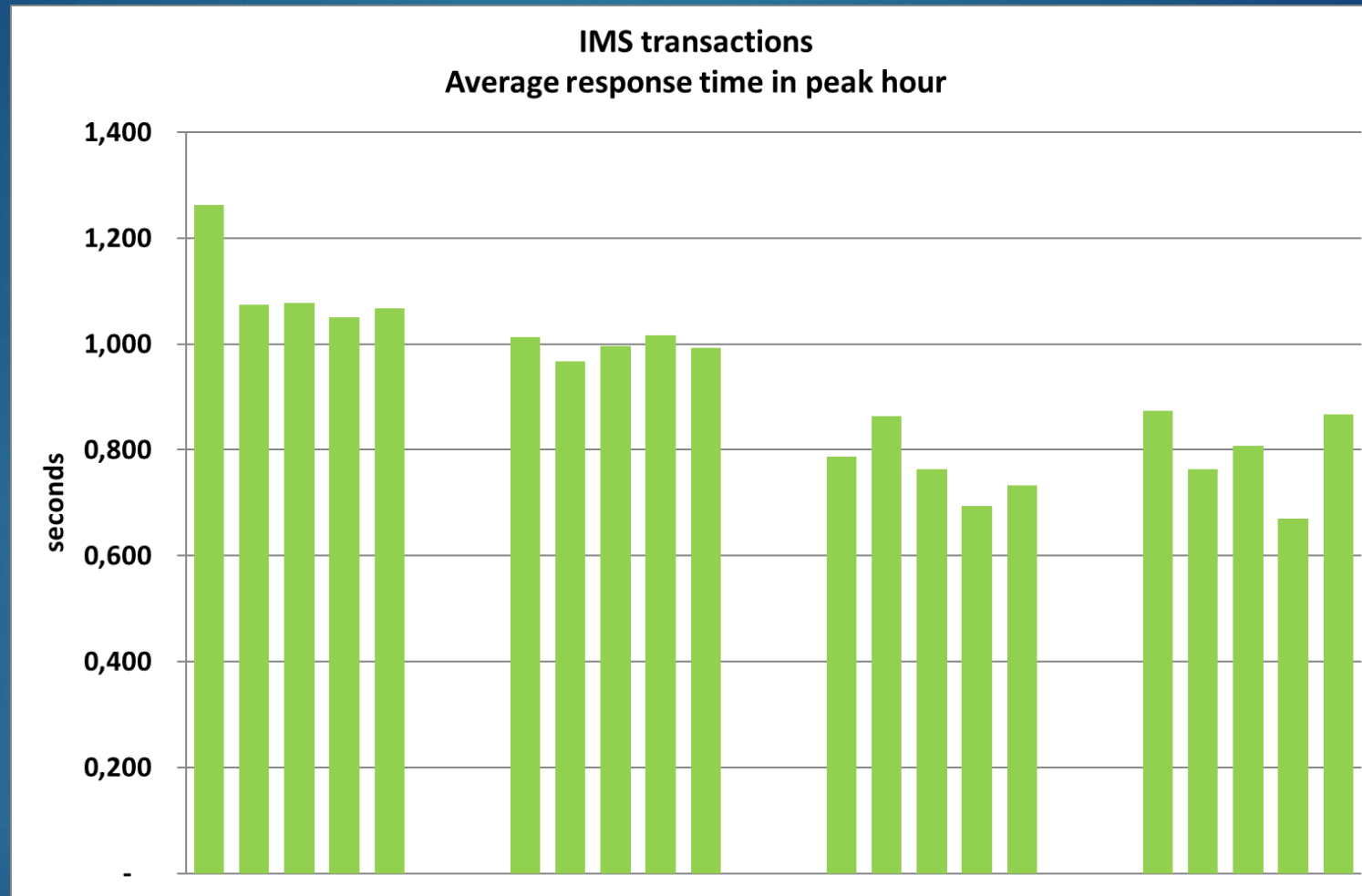
Response time – IMS transactions

26



Response time – IMS transactions

27



Response time – IMS transactions

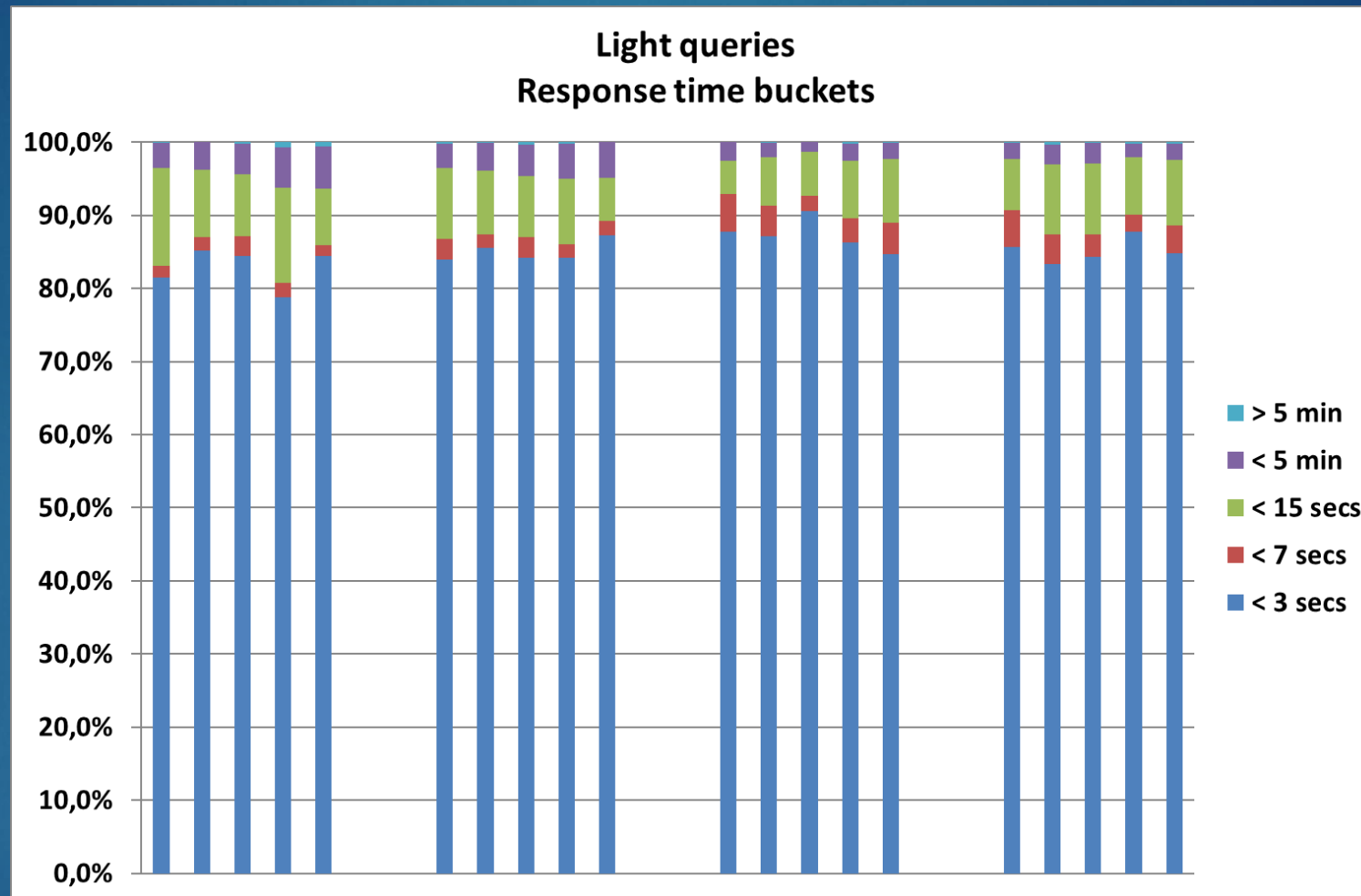
28

- ▶ Big average across all the IMS transactions
- ▶ About 33% response time reduction in prime shift
- ▶ About 20% response time reduction in peak hour



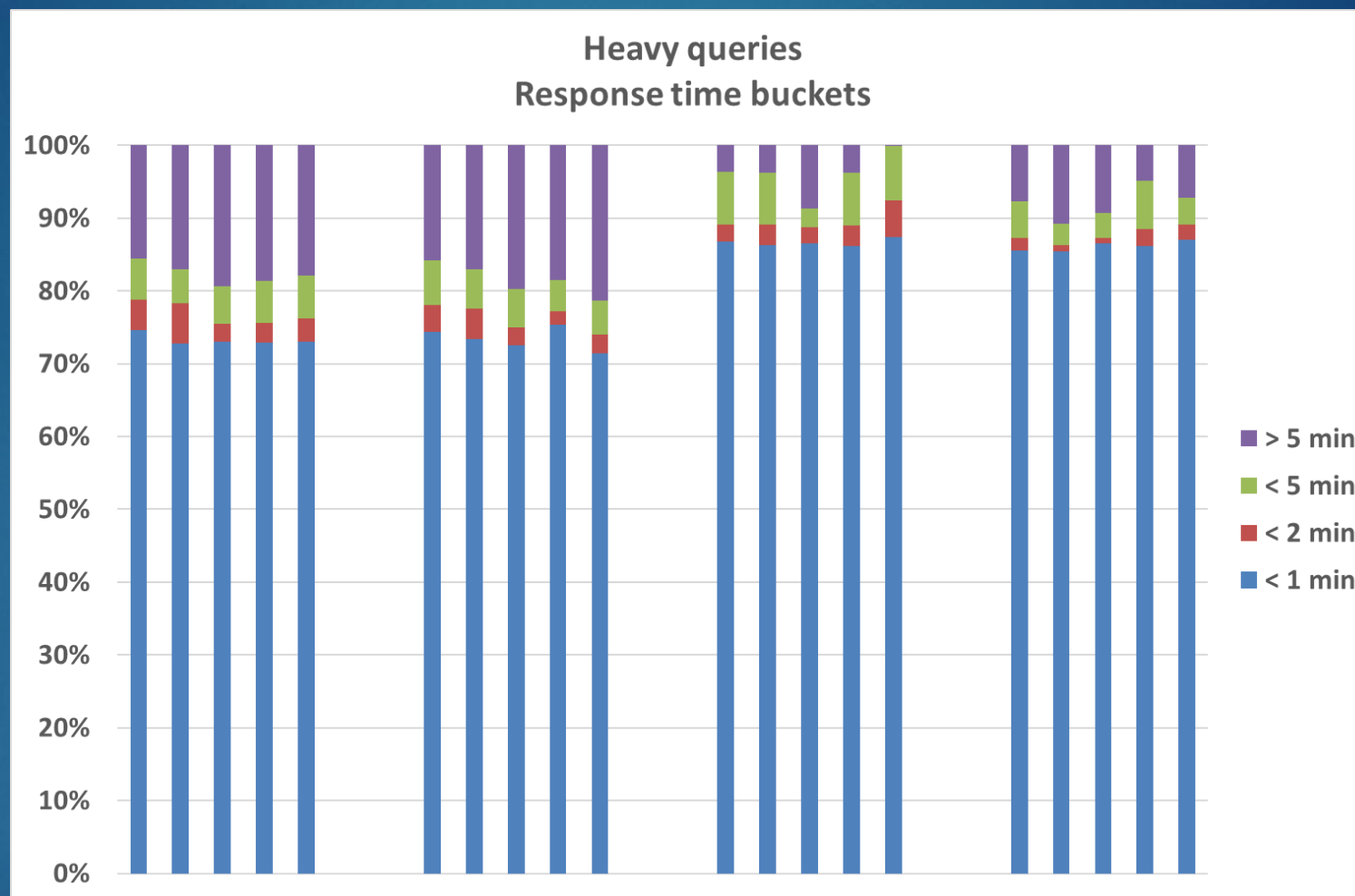
Response time – Light queries

29



Response time – Heavy queries

30



Response time – Queries

31

- ▶ Slight performance improvement for light queries
- ▶ More benefits for heavy queries
- ▶ About 10% more heavy queries completed in less than 1 minute



Where benefits come from?



Prefetch enhancements

33

- ▶ Db2 12 greatly enhanced dynamic prefetch to avoid prefetch scheduling when the pages are determined to be in the buffer pool
- ▶ In addition Db2 12 provides 900 prefetch engines (300 more than in Db2 11)



34



Latch contention relief

35

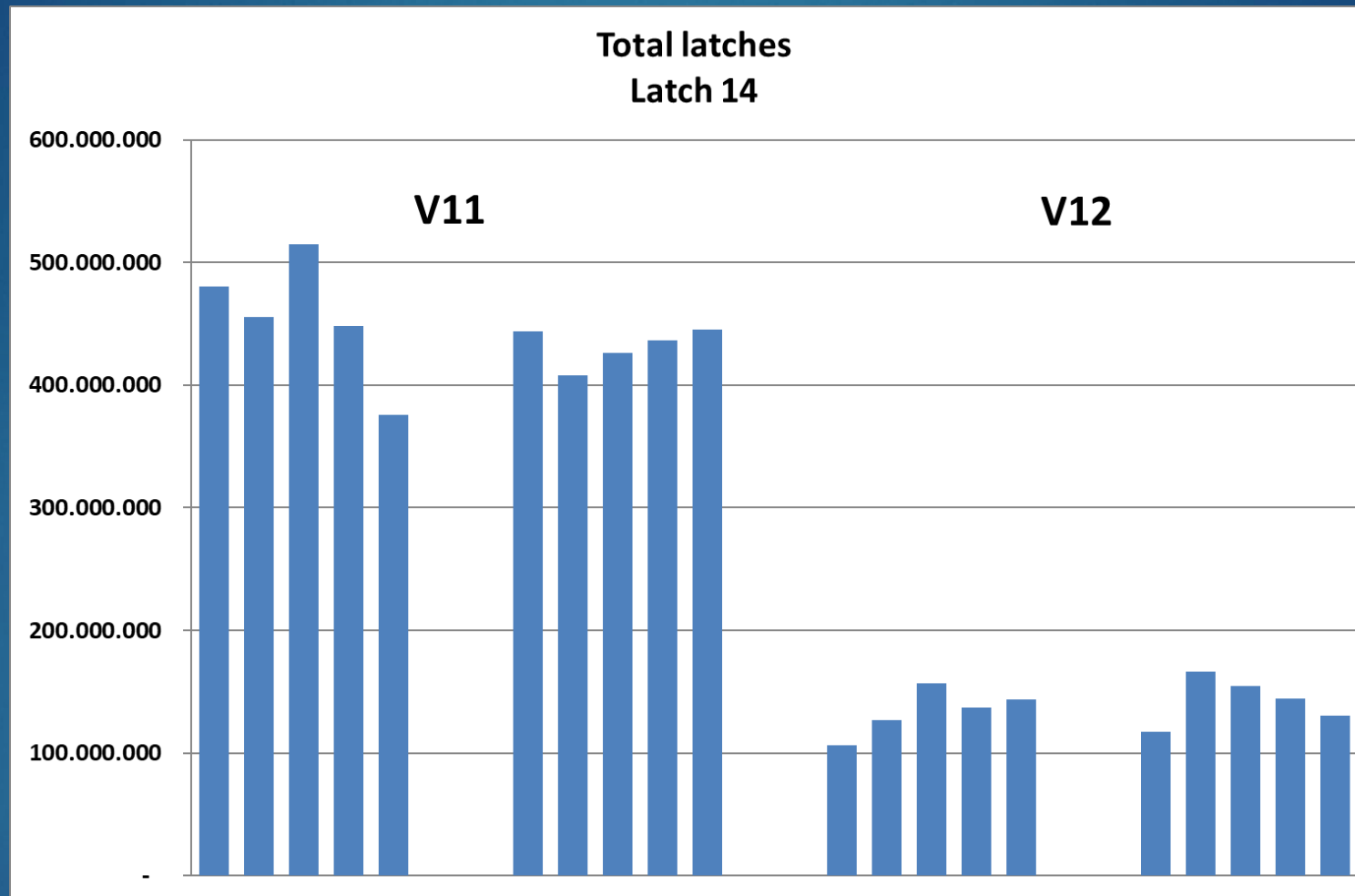
- ▶ Db2 12 provides internal latch contention relief to the following latch contention classes(*):
 - ✓ LC14 buffer manager latch
 - ✓ LC19 log latch
 - ✓ LC23 page latch timer
 - ✓ LC24 EDM latch

(*) from IBM Db2 12 for z/OS Technical Overview



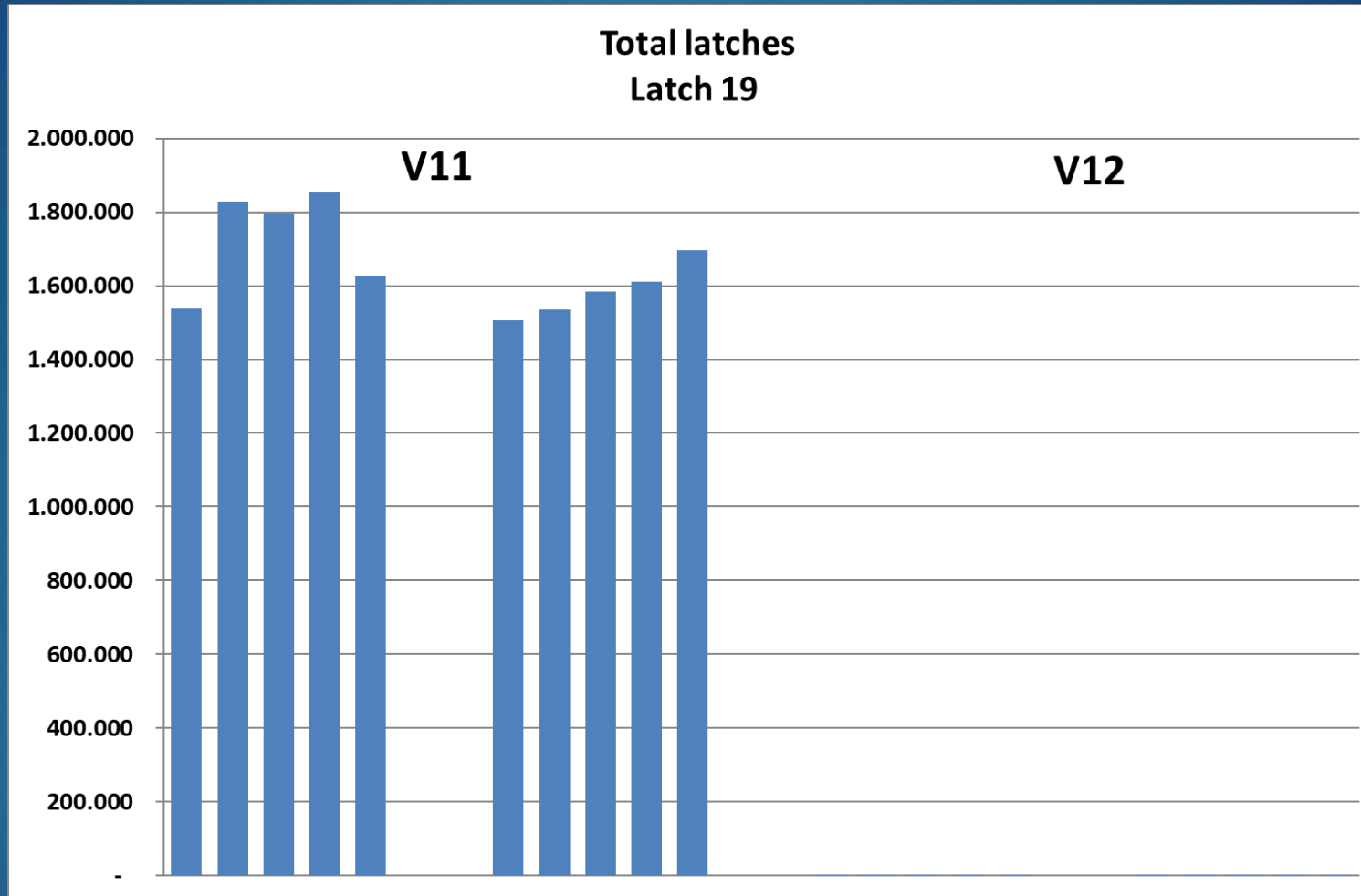
Latch14 – Buffer manager (BM)

36



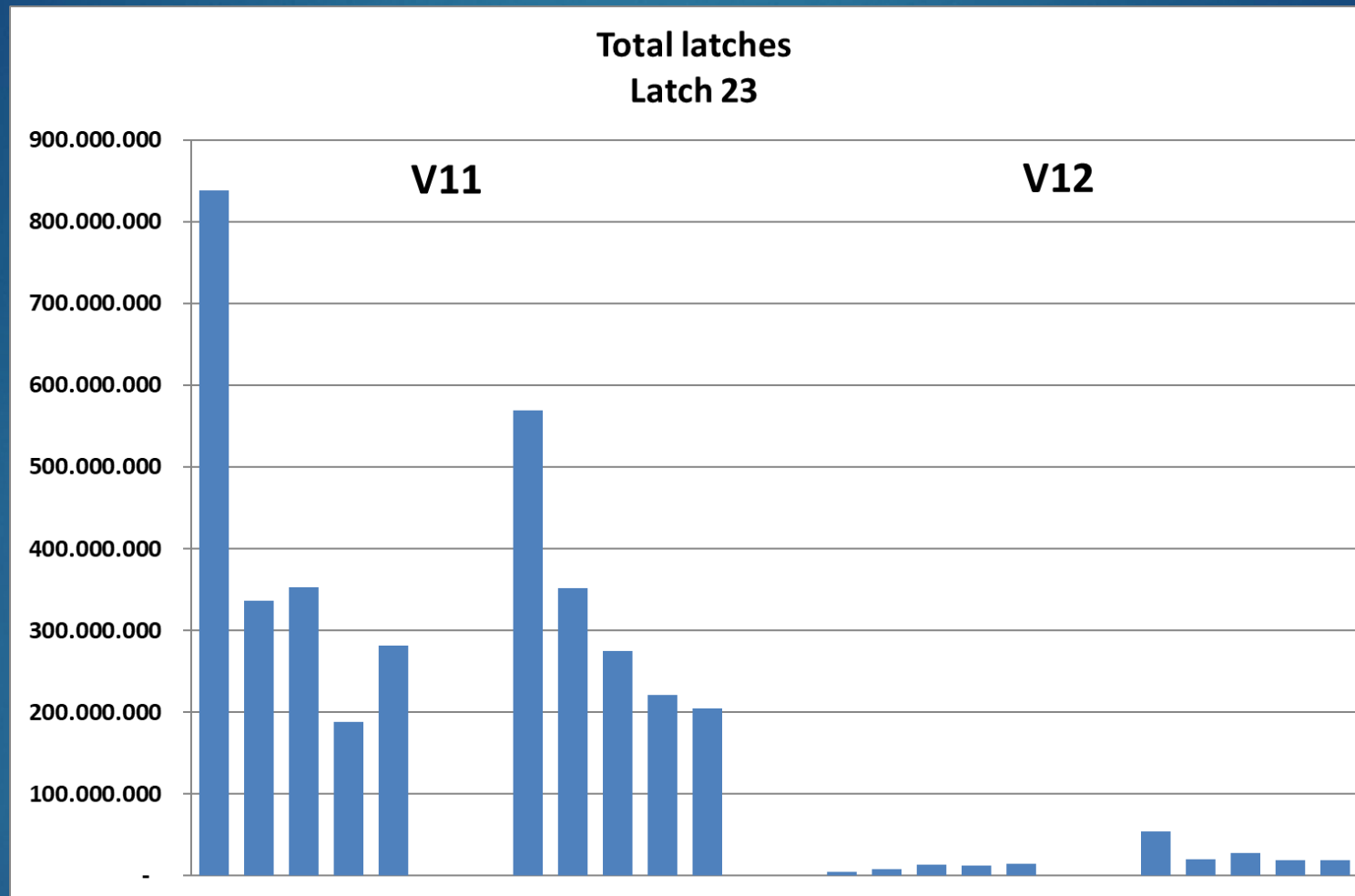
Latch19 – Log

37



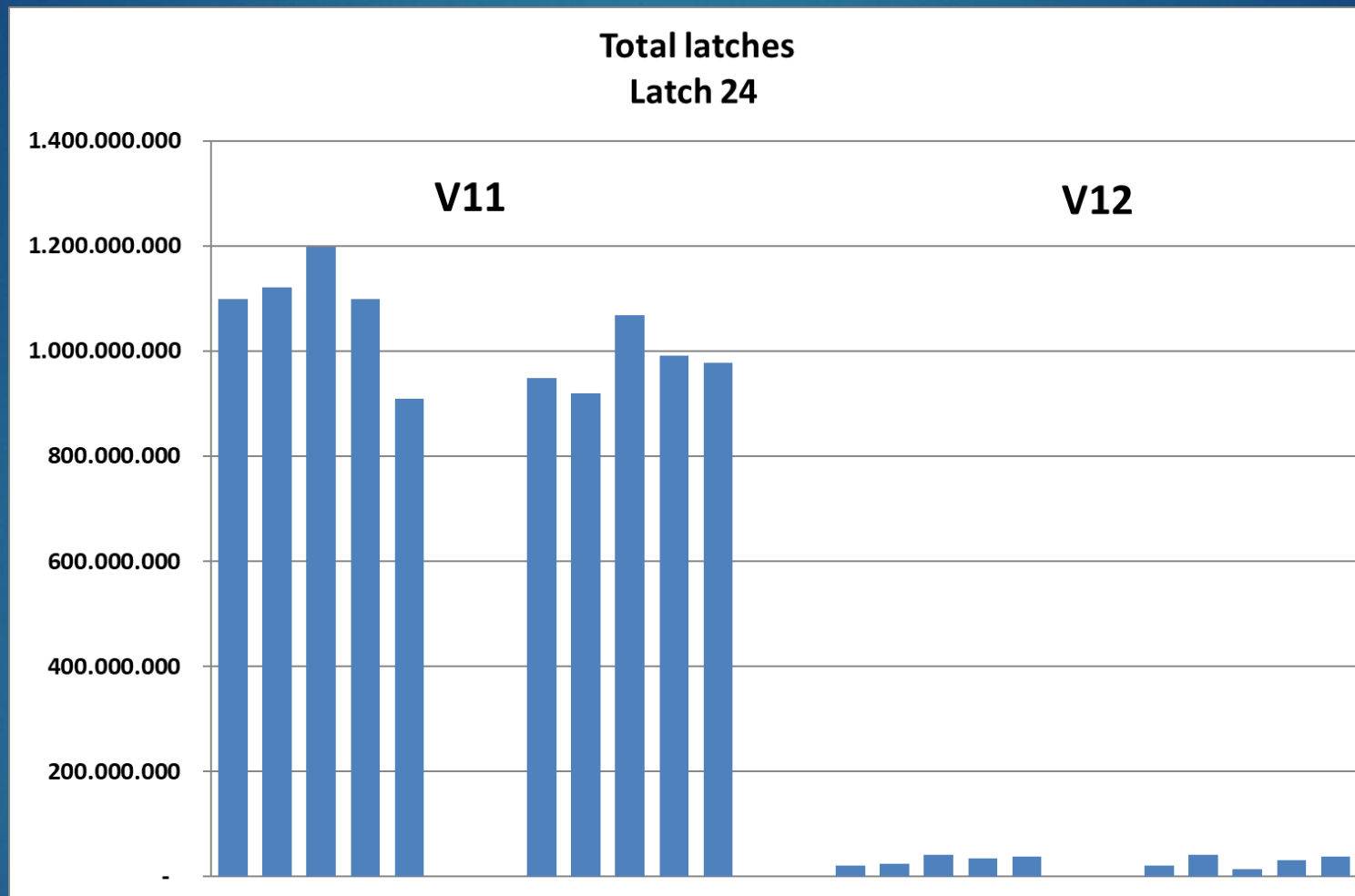
Latch23 – Page latch contention

38



Latch24 – EDM or prefetch

39



Query materialization

40

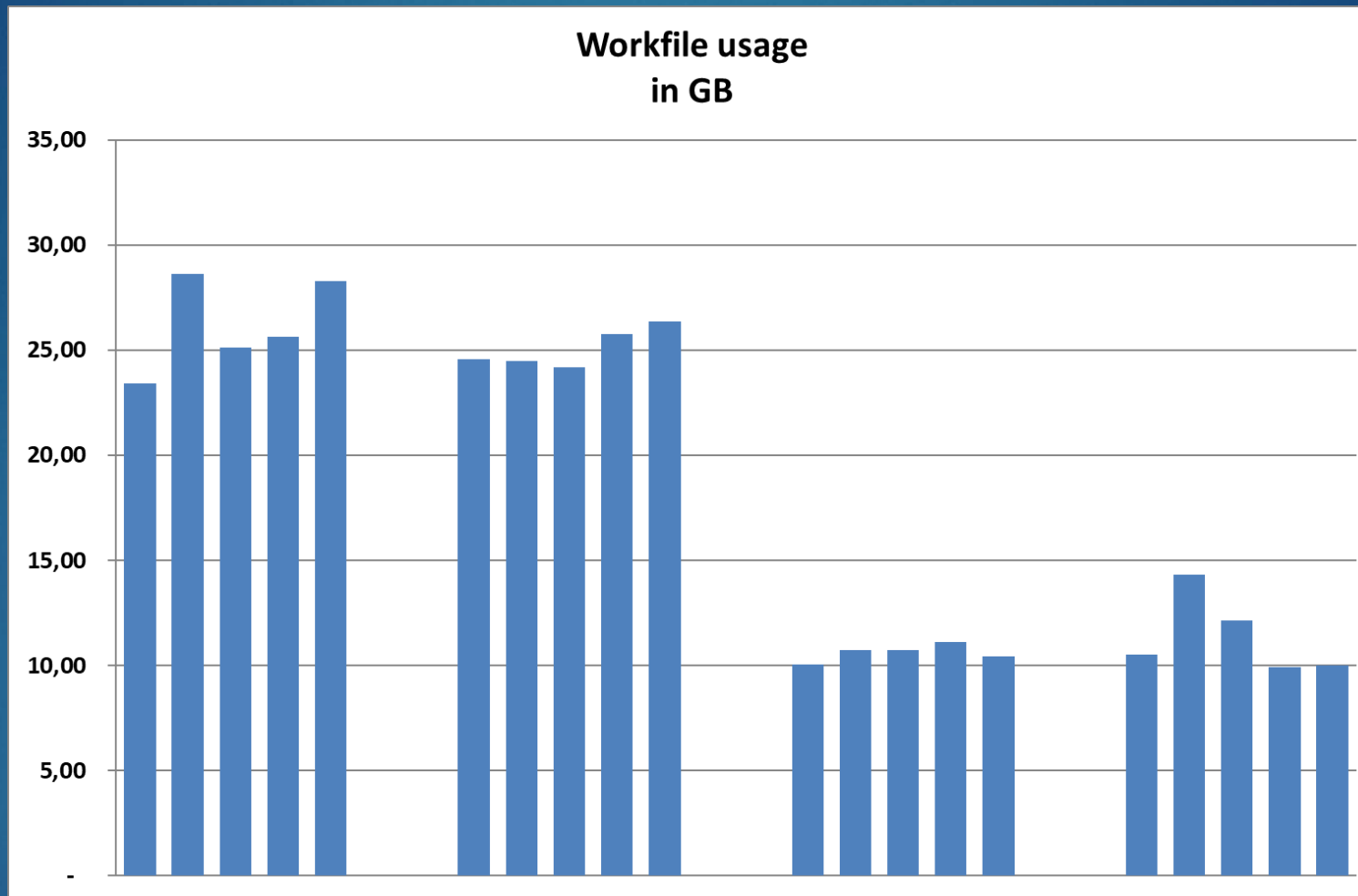
- ▶ In Db2 12, materialization to a workfile is minimized, trimming unnecessary columns from the materialization, pushing predicates down to lower query blocks, pushing down the ordering of data and fetching first counters into lower query blocks, and reordering outer join tables to avoid materialization (*).

(*) from IBM Db2 12 for z/OS Technical Overview



Query materialization

41



Results summary

42

- ▶ About 3.000 MIPS saved by applications in the peak hour
- ▶ About 8.000 MIPS saved by applications in prime shift
- ▶ 4HRA peak moved from morning to evening
- ▶ About 700 MSU reduced in the 4HRA
- ▶ About 800 zIIP MIPS saved in DBM1
- ▶ Good improvements both in IMS transaction and queries response time
- ▶ All benefits out-of-the-box; no package rebind



*Success is never final,
failure is never fatal,
it's courage that counts.*



Questions ?

