

Eamonn McGrath **BMC Mainframe Services**

November 2020 Session 1AL











What this presentation isn't meant to be:

- A tool to assist in converting between the two ESMs
- A model for choosing between either ESM
- Aimed at a higher level than beginner
- An exercise in "Death by Powerpoint" ©



What this presentation is hoping to be:

- A review of the basic concepts of mainframe security (briefly)
- To hopefully increase your knowledge of either of the mainframe security managers
- Entertaining and fun ©



Who am I?

- RACF and ACF2 security consultant
- 20 years in this field



Who am I?
When not performing my "day Job" I can usually be found:



Or





Who am I?

These days It's more likely this:





- Two ESMs (External Security Managers)
- One underlying Operating System

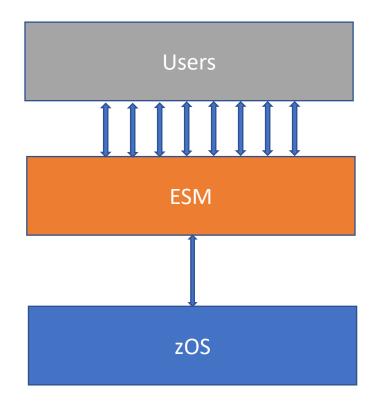
"THE SAME BUT DIFFERENT"

"It's not a competition"



What is an ESM and why do we need one?

- Sits on top of zOS
- Takes the pressure off of zOS for access requests





RACF and ACF2 a (very) brief history

- RACF
- Resource Access Control Facility
- Released 1976 by IBM
- Largest market share

- ACF2
- Access Control Facility 2
- Released 1978 by SKK and acquired by CA in 1987
- Second largest market share

There is also CA's Top Secret Services. The third ESM for zOS.

(But we are not mentioning that one 'cos it's Top Secret. Shhhh..)



What is the same?

- Both use SAF
- Both have security databases
- Both write SMF
- Both protect data as defined



Now The FUN stuff

What's different:

First major difference is "out of the box" ACF2 denies access unless there is an access rule to grant it whilst RACF generally grants access unless a profile exists to restrict the it*.



Database(s)

RACF

- 1 primary and 1 backup Database
- Contains everything
- Can be split into several datasets to reduce contention / storage issues
- Synchronously updated between primary and backup

- 3 primary and 3 alternate databases
- LOGONID Contains all logonids
- RULES Contains all rulesets
- INFOSTG (Info Storage) Contains all the rest that ACF2 needs to function
- Not synchronously updated



Started Tasks & Start-up

RACF

- RACF STC does not need to operate for RACF to run normally
- Part of the operating system SMP/e
- Default userid IBMUSER must be present, if it is deleted it is recreated at IPL with enhanced privileges

- ACF2 STC must be active for ACF2 to run normally
- If ACF2 STC is not running a WTOR will be produced for every security call
- Needs to be installed and set into the zOS environment
- ACFUSER logonid does not need to be present and can be deleted once the system is set up and a secure alternative created



RACF -> ACF2 comparison table #1

RACF

- Userid
- Dataset Profile
- General Resource Profile

- Logonid
- Dataset Rule
- Resource Rule



Modes

RACF

- NOPROTECTALL
- PROTECTALL

- QUIET
- LOG
- WARN
- RULE
- ABORT



Global Settings

RACF ACF2

• SETROPTS • GSO



Dataset Rules & Profiles

RACF

- 44 characters in length (including qualifier separators)
- 1st qualifier must be an existing user or group
- Access can be via Userid, Group or Universal (UACC, ID(*))
- Single RACF profile protects a dataset

- 8 character max \$KEY
- 4K limit NEXTKEY allows for chaining rules that exceed 4K
- Reads through all rules to check if one grants (or denies) access to the requesting user
- Must be decompiled to update and recompiled to take effect



Dataset & Rule Profiles

RACF

 Access is compounding (higher access inherits all previous levels of access)

ACF2

 Access is individual (each level of access is unique and does not inherit access from lower levels)



RACF -> ACF2 comparison table #2 (access levels)

RACF

- NONE
- READ
- UPDATE
- CONTROL
- ALTER
- EXECUTE

- DENY
- READ
- WRITE
- ALLOCATE
- EXECUTE



General Resource & Rule Profiles

RACF

- Length determined in the CDT when class defined (1 to 246 characters including qualifier separators)
- Access can be via Userid, Group or Universal (UACC, ID(*))
- Single RACF profile protects a resource

- 40 character max \$KEY (unqualified)
- 4K limit NEXTKEY allows for chaining rules that exceed 4K
- Reads through all rules to check if one grants (or denies) access to the requesting user
- Must be decompiled to update and recompiled to take effect



Users

RACF

- Userid max length 8 characters
- Must be connected to at least one group (default group)

Example:

USERID – IBMUSER

Default Group - SYS1

Owner - IBMUSER

ACF2

- Logonid max length 8 characters
- Must have a valid UID string assigned (24 characters max length and must contain the logonid)
- UID string allows ACF2 to group users

Example:

LOGONID – TSGEMC

UiD string – TSGITSUSECTSGEMC



Users - Attributes

RACF

- SPECIAL
- OPERATIONS
- AUDITOR
- ROAUDIT
- PRIVILEGED (STCs Only)
- TRUSTED (STCs Only)
- PROTECTED

- SECURITY
- NON-CNCL
- AUDIT
- READALL
- STC
- RESTRICT



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Questions?



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